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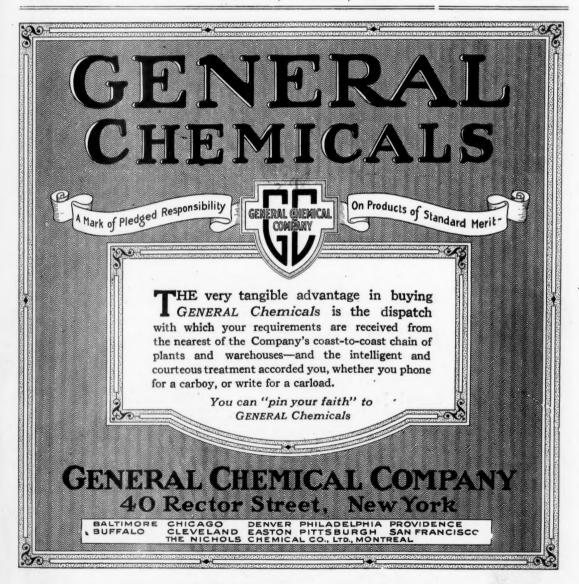
DRUG&CHEMICALMARK

A Weekly Business Paper and Prices Current on Chemicals, Drugs, Colors, and Aromatics

VOLUME XIII.

NEW YORK, OCTOBER 24, 1923

NUMBER 17



In This Issue High Surtaxes Unproductive Lower Alkali Prices for 1924

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DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS

3 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK

VOLUME XIII, NUMBER 17

[OCTOBER 24, 1923

HIGH TAXES RETARD INDUSTRY

A revision of the surtax rates is important to the Government because it will increase the revenue received from the investing class, and it is essential to industry because it will turn capital again into productive channels. It has been apparent to financiers, and is admitted by Treasury officials, that the surtaxes, in the revenue act are too high, and have proved unproductive. Receipts from surtaxes have decreased from \$800,000,000 in 1919 to \$450,000,000 in 1921, and an estimated total of only \$350,000,000 for 1922. Yet net incomes of all classes increased from about six billion in 1916 to nearly twenty-four billion in 1920. In 1916 the amount of incomes exceeding \$300,000 annually was nearly \$993,000,000, but in 1920 it had decreased to about \$246,000,000. Another significant fact is the decrease in the number of returns of incomes over \$300,000. The total number of returns in 1916 was 1,296 for the entire country; in 1920 the number was 395-only onethird.

These facts indicate the turn of capital to taxexempt securities, the income from which need not be stated, and it is apparent that large sums were withdrawn steadily from industrial investments in order to escape the heavy surtax. It is pointed out in this issue of DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS that an investment of \$1,000,000 in 4 per cent bonds of a railroad company would yield \$40,000, but \$21,600 of the \$40,000 would be paid to the Government. If the holder sold his bonds and invested the proceeds in 41/2 per cent municipal bonds his annual income would be \$38,070 net, nearly \$20,000 more than the investment in taxable issues. It is not surprising that the possessor of an income taxed under the higher rates of the surtax should withdraw his capital from productive enterprises. On account of the heavy surtaxes new undertakings are difficult to finance and industrial progress is checked. As stated by Mr. Frey in the article on "High Surtaxes Prove Unproductive" the man who contributes his brain, his energy, and his capital to productive enterprise is penalized.

A LITTLE SALES FABLE

Here is a little true story of chemical sales that has more moral than many of the works of Aesop and La Fontaine.

Once upon a time—within the past thirty days—a certain well-established manufacturer called a certain chemical producer on the telephone and placed an order for a carload of a certain chemi-

cal. The buyer explained his distress for lack of this chemical, and urged all speed in shipping. The order was fully confirmed in writing and the seller used the long distance telephone to assure prompt shipment.

Somewhat less than twenty-four hours after this firm order for immediate shipment—quicker if possible—the buyer called up to cancel. He explained that he had found an odd lot nearby that could be bought for a fraction of a cent saving in freight. The goods having been specially shipped at the extra expense of overtime for loading the car, the seller refused to accept cancellation. The seller waxed so wrothy over this "high handed treatment" that he clean forgot that his own word was just about as good as the bond secured by a pail of dish water.

COMPETITION IN BLEACHING POWDER

After openly announcing lower prices for bleaching powder for the last quarter of the year, a leading manufacturer has found it necessary to make still further reductions in order to meet competition and unsettled market conditions. Market conditions have not been running true to form this year and the Fall recovery has not materialized. Manufacturers of bleaching powder have found the usual dull summer period extending farther into the year than is usual and prices of bleaching powder have suffered as makers endeavored to liquidate their stocks as quickly as possible. It is well known that bleach is unstable in warm weather and in many cases it is possible that low prices did not represent standard bleach, 36-38 per cent chlorine.

While it is doubtful if any profit is being made at present selling prices of bleach, the law of supply and demand is an important factor in establishing the selling basis. Last winter practically every seller of bleaching powder was quoting firmly. With the arrival of warm weather in the Spring and a slackening in demand, many sellers found it convenient to reduce prices, slightly at first, then more sharply as competition for business became keen. Even before the open announcement of a still further reduction in prices for the last quarter it was evident that only a sharp cut could bring the published price to the level of competitors. With chlorine selling at 31/2c to 4c lb. at the lowest for large quantities on contract, the chlorine in bleaching powder is worth 11/4c to 11/sc lb.

At the present selling prices of bleach, it can be seen that this does not allow any large margin of profit in manufacturing bleach. Yet bleach is selling at these figures, and for the time being consumers are reaping the benefit of a weak market and indiscreet selling competition.

With the arrival of colder weather and increased activity in the paper and pulp industries, conditions will no doubt improve and prices will be adjusted to meet the conditions. In the meantime, competition and disruption of prices has not benefitted the industry, and unless conditions improve there will probably be a marked reduction in bleaching powder manufacture.

NOT HELPED BY PRICE CUTTING

While price cutting may help to move stocks of chemicals at times, the real problem of controlling over-production lies deeper and requires a different method and more drastic action than merely lowering prices. Plants without proper management or facilities can be weeded out only by co-ordinated effort in the industry to produce products of better quality, by giving better service, employing better salesmen, and in every way convincing the consumer that goods of standard make are the only desirable products, and that it is for his interest to buy from producers who are making high grade material, packed in containers suitable for the purpose, and delivered according to contract. poor product, insecurely packed, sold by misrepresentation, and oftentimes not adapted to the wants of the consumer will soon disappear from the market when in competition with reliable goods. In this way only can the incompetent manufacturer who is offering low grade material be induced to quit. The value of good salesmen, who are competent to help the consumer solve his manufacturing problems, is becoming more generally understood nowadays and their services are eagerly sought. When all the factors entering into the production, sale and distribution of chemicals are brought to the high standards which the leading companies have perfected the results will justify the labor and money expended. Until this is done the markets will be demoralized at intervals by price cutting and dumping.

EXPORTERS TO FIGHT PILFERAGE

A great number of packing cases have been devised with a view to reducing the chances of pilferage during transit. Some of these carry attachments which prevent the box being opened unless an entire side is ripped off. While thieves in the employ of transportation lines object to tackling packages that require so much "mending," they often take a chance when the contents are believed to be valuable, and rely on the defense that the box was torn apart at the time of loading. Complaints of losses, especially in export trade, have become so numerous and the effect upon foreign customers who find boxes loaded with bricks or old iron in place of the goods they bought is so threatening to American trade that the Transportation Division of the Department of Commerce has taken up the matter and is urging a united effort on the

part of shippers, transportation companies and insurance agents to suppress the evil.

Prevention is the keynote of the campaign now being waged against the pilferers. Heretofore, investigations followed the thefts, and while the detectives found the thieves in some specific cases, the few arrests made have not stopped the stealing. Insurance companies are the least able to protect themselves, but their co-operation is sought because high rates have been the result of heavy losses, and insurance adds to the cost of the goods shipped, placing the American exporter at a disadvantage in competition with manufacturers in other countries. Co-ordination of effort by all interests affected will result in effective means of cutting down the losses, but the pilfering cannot be eliminated without eternal vigilance on the part of steamship companies and rail carriers from the time the goods are placed in their possession until they reach their destination.

If any suspicion ever creeps into the heart of any successful executive that the principles of economics do not have a practical bearing upon every day business let him remember that the law of the land gives him the right to make a buyer take in goods ordered on a sales contract, but the laws of economics forbid him to do so. Which set of laws rules his transactions and his relationships with his customers?

Many Men: Many Minds

Everyone is an ultimate consumer, but not everyone is an original producer.—Shoe and Leather Reporter.

Edward J. Cornish's trip to Europe, while primarily for business, says the "Wall Street Journal," may be extended to include a trip to Egypt and the Holy Land. He and Mrs. Cornish constitute the largest single interest in National Lead Co. with combined holdings of close to 12,000 shares.

"It is certainly gratifying, under the circumstances to realize that the organic chemical industry has been firmly established in this country and that we are now independent of the world, so far as the essential products in dyestuffs, pharmaceuticals, photographic and organic chemicals in general are concerned."—Salmon W. Wilder, Merrimac Chemical Co., Boston.

Sir Alfred Mond, who returned to England recently after a trip to the United States, said: "The standard of living is very high. I should say that for the working man it is three times, certainly twice, as high as for the same men here. Where a man in England uses a bicycle an American has a motor car. That, I think, expresses the difference in a nutshell."

Francis H. Sisson, vice president Guaranty Trust Co., New York, who returned recently from a tour of the Continent, said the railroad problem of Europe, as weil as every other problem, revolved about a settlement of the Ruhr. He said that once that matter was adjusted and Germany was back at work, there was hope for a great improvement in conditions. Russia will have an export balance before the end of the year, he said, and is already making some strides in the establishment of a more stable system of currency.

High Surtaxes Prove Unproductive

Present Laws Turn Capital from Industrial Enterprise and They Penalize Initiative

By MORRIS F. FREY,

Assistant Treasurer, Guaranty Trust Company of New York

WEALTHY manufacturer is quoted as saying that he could retire from active business, invest his capital in tax-exempt securities, thus avoiding the high surtaxes, and net a far greater return on his capital than he now receives. This is readily understood when we consider that actuarial figures show that to taxpayers, subject to surtaxes in the highest brackets, securities subject to Federal income tax would have to yield about 10.40 per cent in order to provide the same net return as a 5 per cent tax-exempt security.

Existence of such a condition has a far greater significance than the mere fact that a certain class is avoiding taxes. It means that there is something radically wrong with our present system of income taxation, and that, unless steps are taken to remedy the condition, our system of graduated income tax may completely fail. No tax law which legally permits such extensive evasions can be justified on principle, and fundamental changes must soon be forthcoming if the income tax is to continue to be the principal source of revenue of the Federal Government.

High Surtaxes Fail

Theoretically, the principle of the progressive income tax is sound. It is just and equitable that an individual possessing a large income should pay taxes at a higher rate than the individual with a small income. However, the rule of ability to pay should be applied within reasonable limitations, and not without giving due thought to practical considerations. The experience of the Treasury Department during the last few years has been that excessively high surtaxes have ceased to be productive and the law, in so far as it attempts to impose high surtaxes on the income of the large investor, has utterly failed in its pur-

Statistics compiled by the Treasury Department for recent years, show that, notwithstanding the fact that the aggregate net income reported has been increased, there has been a remarkable decline in the larger taxable incomes. Receipts for several years from surtaxes have been steadily decreasing, from about \$800,000,000 for 1919 to about \$590,000.

000 for 1920, and to about \$450,000,000 for 1921. According to the estimates of the Department, the total yield of all surtaxes in respect of business of the taxable year 1922 will not exceed \$350,000,000.



In 1917, at the request of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Mr. Frey acted in an advisory capacity in connection with the promulgation of income and excess profits tax regulations under the 1917 law.

Following the recommendations of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Committee on Ways and Means of the House, at the last session, reported certain bills amending the income tax provisions of the Revenue Act of 1921. These amendments were designed to close up certain gaps which the Department felt were effectively used in the avoidance of taxes. One amendment in regard to exchanges of property held for investment was passed; the other, changing the law with respect to deductions on account of capital losses, failed to become a law. It seems unfortunate that Congress, while considering recommendations of the Secretary, should not have looked to the more important suggestion-the revision of the rates of surtax to a practical and productive level .- EDITOR.

On the other hand, the figures of the Treasury Department show that while net incomes of all classes during the period from 1916 to 1920 increased from \$6,298,577,620 in 1916 to \$23,735,629,183 in 1920, and the number of returns increased from 437,036 in 1916 to 7,259,944 in 1920, the amount of incomes over \$300,000 decreased from \$992,972,986 in 1916 to \$246,354,585 in 1920, and the number of returns of incomes over \$300,-000 decreased from 1,296 in 1916, to 395 in 1920. During the same period, investment income of all classes increased. while in incomes over \$300,000, investment income shrank from \$706,945,738 in 1916 to \$229,052,039 in 1920.

This marked decline in taxable incomes of over \$300,000 in the face of the increase in the aggregate investment income reported, would seem to indicate beyond any doubt, that the large investor is avoiding the tax on unearned income, thus leaving the excessive burden of high surtaxes to be carried by those whose incomes are the result of personal energy and industry.

Closing the Gaps

The Secretary of the Treasury states, in his last report, that there are several avenues open for the large investor to avoid high surtaxes. One of these is the deduction of capital net losses. Another means of reducing surtaxes of the large investor is through a division of the taxpayer's property. This course is always open and probably cannot be restricted. The most effective avoidance, however, is in the investment of capital in fax exempt securities.

Undoubtedly, one of the defects in our present income tax law, the remedy of which is most urgent, is the lowering of surtax rates in the higher brackets. Although other changes may save to the Government certain taxes which otherwise would probably not be imposed, the big leak in the present law—investment in tax-exempt securities—which prevents the Government from receiving a large amount of taxes on unearned income of the large investor, remains unchecked.

Two remedies have been proposed for stopping the gap afforded by investment

in tax-exempt securities: First, an amendment to the Constitution permitting the taxation of state and municipal bonds by the Federal Government, and, second, the reduction of surtaxes to a point which will make

investment in taxable issues attractive to the large investor.

According to the report of the Treasury Department, there are outstanding about \$11,000,000,000 of tax-exempt bonds, and such issues are increasing at the rate of about \$1,000,000,000 per annum. The proposed amendment prohibiting the issuance of tax-exempt bonds, if adopted, cannot become completely effective for some years. Furthermore, the amendment under its terms would apply only to future issues so that even if it should be ratified there will still be outstanding for investment a large volume of tax-exempt securities. Thus, the prohibition, though it may eventually eliminate the abuse, cannot effect a complete remedy, at once. If the defect is to be cured promptly, it must be by revision of the rates of surtax to a productive level.

Exempt Securities Attractive

Why should a taxpayer with a large income invest in securities upon which he will be compelled to pay a 58 per cent tax when investments are available which pay a fair rate of return and are exempt from all taxes? The advantages to the large investor of investment in tax-exempt securities are apparent. As stated above, billions of these bonds are now outstanding, and undoubtedly additional issues will be brought out in substantial amounts unless or until they are prohibited. It is now generally recognized that investments in taxexempt bonds have been resorted to largely for the purpose of escaping the high surtaxes. The large investor will naturally continue to increase his holdings in such securities and no criticism can be directed toward him for investing his funds in a way which will produce the largest return consonant with safety. If Congress sees fit to enact laws which will result in making such securities more attractive from the point of view of the amount of the yield, such investments will be preferred to other investments upon the income return of which the same law reflects adversely.

The practical effect of investment in tax-exempt securities, both on the amount of tax paid and on the net return of income of an individual subject to surtaxes in the higher brackets, is illustrated in the following case:

An individual who has an income of \$100,000 a year from his business, owned \$1,000,000 par value of the 4 per cent bonds of the X Company, due in 1943. These bonds, on December 16, 1922, were selling on a 5 per cent basis, or at 87½. The gross income from this investment is \$40,000 per annum. This income, being subject to tax at the rates applicable to incomes between \$100,000 and \$150,000, the sum of \$21,600 of the \$40,000, or 54 per cent thereof (2 per cent normal tax being paid at the source), would be paid to the Government on account of income tax, leaving the taxpayer \$18,400 net on his investment.

If the taxpayer had sold his railroad bonds on December 16, 1922, and invested the proceeds thereof, namely \$875,000, in 4½ per cent municipal bonds, due 1943, selling on December 16, 1922, at 103.35 to yield 4.25 per cent, he would have obtained \$846,000 par value thereof, which would give him an annual income of \$38,070 net, or nearly \$20,000 more than the investment in taxable issues.

From the foregoing case, one may readily see the inducement offered the possessor of an income, large enough to fall within the higher brackets of the surtax, to invest his funds in tax-exempt issues. An investor certainly cannot be expected to purchase taxable issues, yielding 5 or 5½ per cent, which after the payment of tax, will leave him net from 2½ to 2¾ per cent on his

investment, when he may purchase high-grade non-taxables, yielding net from 4 to 4½ per cent. The avoidance of tax is made possible by a defective tax law.

Capital Diverted from Productive Enterprise

The present high surtaxes, aside from encouraging the large investor to avoid tax on unearned income, have their injurious effects. By the large investment of funds in non-taxables, industrial enterprises are deprived of capital which would otherwise be directed into such channels. Millions of dollars are being literally driven from productive enterprise by high surtaxes. Advantage of investment in tax-free securities, as compared with investment in mortgages, commercial bonds, etc., the income from which is subject to both normal and surtax, is shown by the following table. In each case \$40,000 is assumed to be invested in a tax-free security and, by comparison, the same amount in a taxable investment producing the same income after payment of income tax under the existing law:

Net income of Investor exclu- sive of that from the above investment	Net income from \$40,000 invested in 5% tax-exempt security	Necessary income from \$40,000 in- vested in taxable security to pro- duce same net in- come as 5% tax- exempt security	Necessary Rate of interest of taxable security
Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	per cent
500	2,000	2,000.00	5.00
4,000	2,000	2,080.00	5.20
16,000	2,000	2,265.26	5.66
28,000	2,000	2,432.73	6.08
40,000	2,000	2,599.02	6.50
60,000	2,000	2,937.78	7.34
80,000	2,000	3,385.81	8.46
100,000	2,000	4,006.15	10.02
200,000	2,000	4,160.00	10.40
500,000	. 2,000	4,160.00	10.40
1,000,000	2,000	4,160.00	10.40

We can readily see from the foregoing how high surtaxes impede private financing, discourage investments in new enterprises, and increase the rate of interest on private securities.

Furthermore, under existing conditions, an exorbitant rate of tax is imposed upon the individual whose income is the direct result of his personal initiative, activity and industry. Not only is the excessively high progressive income tax curtailing funds available for investment in industrial enterprise, but it is driving men out of active business by overburdening initiative, energy, and business ability. In other words, the man who contributes his brain, his energy, and his capital to productive enterprise is penalized, whereas the large investor may be relieved from any of the burden of taxation by taking refuge in tax-exempt securities.

From the last few years' experience with the administration of the Federal income tax law, those who have been intimately associated with its practical application feel that higher surtax rates have completely failed to accomplish the purpose intended and have resulted in driving a large amount of capital to tax-free investments. Instead of reaching the unearned income of the wealthy investor, the high surtax rates have only imposed an unjust burden on the taxpayer whose income is the result of his personal activities and industry.

The reduction of surtaxes to a point which will attract the investor to taxable securities will more nearly equalize the burden on earned and unearned income by making more attractive to the investor, railroad, public utility and industrial bonds, the income from which is subject to Federal taxes. Any decrease in tax from earned income would, in all probability, be made up by the additional tax collected on investment income of the large investor and the net return to the Government would probably not be diminished.

QUOTATIONS ON CHEMICAL STOCKS

Closing	Prices	for	Week	Ending	Oct	20
Closnik	Lilices	101	AACCW	Enung	Oct.	20

Groome Trices	101 .	reen minding occ. 20	
Bid A	Asked	Rid	Asked
Air Reduction 61	621/2	Heyden Chem 1	
*Allied Chem, & D, 623/4	63	Hooker Electro 55	65
*Allied Ch. &D., pf.1061/2	1073/2	Hooker Electro, pf 60	70
*Am. Ag. Ch 123%	123/8	*Household Deadusts 2014	31
		*Household Products 305%	
*Am. Ag. Ch., pf 351/4	351/2	*Int. Agricult 11/2	11/4 77/8
*Am. Chicle 11	113/2	*Int. Agricult., pf 7	724
*Am. Chicle, pf 40	49	"Int. Nickel 111/4	1138
*Am. Cot. Oil 61/4	63/8	*Int. Nickel, pf 76	79
*Am. Cot. Oil, pf 19	191/2	*Int. Salt 761/2	895/2
*Am. Cyan 63	65		
*Am. Cyan., pf 73	75	*Mathieson Alk 36	37
*Am. Druggist S 6	61/8	Merck & Co., pf 75	78
Am. Glue 32	85	Merrimac 96	
Am. Glue, pf124	1261/2	Mulford Co 29	34
*Am. Linseed 1634	173/2	Mutual Co150	
*Am. Linseed, pf 33	36	*National Lead121	123
*Am Male 19	13	*National Lead, pf.111	113
*Am. Malt 12	8	N. J. Zinc149	151
*Am. Zinc 734		Niag. A., pf 96	100
*Am. Zinc, pf 25	29		
*Atlas Powder 52	53	Parke, Davis & Co. 80	801/4
*Atlas Powd., pf 841/2	90	Penn Salt 8934	90
By. Prod Co 67	72	*People's Gas, Chi. 891/2	90
Carborundum135	1351/2	Procter & Gamble124	128
Carborundum, pf1151/2	116	Procter & Gam., pf102	106
Casein Co 60	65	Royal Bak. Po123	130
Celluloid Co 85	90	Royal Bak Po., pf 98	100
Celluloid Co., pf105	110	Sherwin-Williams 2934	••
Ches. Mfg220	230	Sherwin-W., pf101%	
Ches. Mfg., pf108	114	Stand. Ch 90	100
Com'l Solv. A 29	30	Swan & Finch 27	30
Do B 21	23	*Tenn. C. & Chem. 834	87/8
*Corn Products,123	1231/4		
	117	*Tex. Gulf, Sul 561/2	5634
*Corn Products, pf1151/2		Union Carbide 523/8	523/4
*Davison Chem 467/8	471/8	Union Sulphur	78
Dow Chem. non par. 46	47	*Un. Drug 765%	78
Dow Ch., pf	96	*Un. Drug, 1st pf 471/4	473/5
Du Pont de Nem. 1261/2	127	*Un. Dyewood 40	45
*Du P't de Nem. Db. 851/2	87	*Un. Dyewood, pf	95
Eastman Kodak1061/2	1065%	Un. Gas Imp 513/2	533/4
Eastman Kodak, pf.10834	10934	Un. Gas Imp., pf 56	
*Freeport Tex., Sul. 11	113/2	U. S. Gypsum 751/2	781/4
Freept. Tex. Sul., pf. 91	93	*U. S. Indus. Al 505%	51
*Grasselli125	138	*U. S. Indus. Al., pf. 96	100
*Grasselli, pf102	105	*VaCar. Ch 71/2	8
Hercules Powder104	110	*VaCar. Ch., pf 23	231/2
Hercules Powd., pf.103	107	*V. Vivaudou 1534	16
Printed and		V. VIVALUOU 1592	10

*Listed on New York Stock Exchange

New Incorporations

Chemical Industry

Universal Chemical Co., Augusta, Me., 1,000 shares no par value. Chemicals. E. M. Leavitt, Frank E. Southard. Excelsior Chemical Co., San Francisco, Cal., \$100,000. Chemicals.

W. Glauser, Emil Leuenberger, E. R. Tucker.

Radium Compounds Corp., 1601 W. Chicago ave., Chicago, \$50,000. themicals. T. E. V. Curran and Vincent C. Daniels.

Aquascal, Inc., Newark, N. J., \$125,000. Chemicals. Richard Chippen, Ludwig M. and Francis L. Dieterich, 518 Broad st. Southern Alcohol and Denaturing Co., Lacoma & Manakin sts., Baltimore, Md., \$250,000. Industrial alcohol products. Walter Goldstein, Robert Simpson.

Safety Mfg. Co., 188 Bergen ave., Jersey City, N. J., 1,000 shares of stock no par value. Chemicals. F. A. Wardell, Benjamin C. Hill, Milton L. Chapman.

American Sulfur & Fertilizer Co., Dallas, Texas, \$500,000. A. Y. Yarborough, J. A. Price. Keystone Chemical Products Corp., Wilmington, Del., \$100,000. Delaware Charters Co.

Spencer Chemical Corp., New York, 450 shares preferred stock, \$100 each, 100 common no par value. R. A. Mayman, W. M. Malisoff. Attorney, J. E. Mayman, 1054 Park Place, Brooklyn.

Galvanic Chemical Co., Wilmington, Del., \$500,000. Develop ormulas. Corporation Registry Co. Powell-Ray Naval Stores Co., Jacksonville, Fla., \$125,000. Magnuson Products Corp., New York. 100 shares common, no ar value. E. Magnuson, M. G. Kopf. Attorney, B. Butler, par value. E 41 Park Row.

Mammoth Molybdenum Corp., New York, \$150,000. L. L. Wolfe, J. H. Fahy, J. L. Franck. Attorney, Briesen & Schrenck, 50 Church st.

Consuming Industries

Federal Food Products Corp., Boston, \$99,000. Chas. M. Ludden, Stella Levens, James S. Whitlock.

Wm. J. Wischmann, Brooklyn, \$100,000. Confectionery. H. G. and I. M. Wischmann, L. S. Fowler. Attorneys, Battle, Vandiver, Levy & Vantine, 37 Wall st., New York.

John D. Robnett & Sons, 4403 South La Salle st., Chicago, \$25,000. Soaps, soap powders. M. B. Becker, John D. Robnett, George R. Kent.

Daygloss Varnish Co., Dover, Del., \$150,000. Manufacture. U. Corp. Co.

Kalmanowitz & Miller, New York, \$100,000. Textiles. L. Kalmanowitz, I. Miller. Attorney, B. Ginzburg, 116 Nassau st.

Financial Notes

Chas. Pfizer & Co. have filed judgment for \$124.60 against American Medical Products Co., of New York.

Noxon Chemical Products Co., 475 Atlantic ave., Brooklyn, has obtained judgment against Carl Platon for \$13,742.79.

National Lead Co. has declared a quarterly 134 per cent preferred dividend, payable Dec. 15 to stock of record Nov. 23.

A judgment for \$1,257.54 against Branscombe Chemical Co., New York, has been obtained by U. S. Industrial Alcohol Co.

Channel Chemical Co., Chicago, has declared a dividend of \$1.50 share on class A common stock, payable Nov. 1 to stockholders of record Oct. 17.

Hills Mixture Corp., manufacturer of boll weevil poison, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy at Augusta, Ga., on Oct. 18, giving liabilities of \$568,739 and assets \$458,689. William S. Nixon is president and Sydney C. Jones, secretary.

International Salt Co. reports for the quarter ended Sept. 30, 1923, net earnings of \$328,561 after fixed charges and sinking fund, but before Federal taxes, compared with net of \$417,139 in the September, 1922, quarter. The total earnings after expenses, etc., were \$426,375, compared with \$516,569 for the quarter ended September 30, 1922.

Earnings of United States Industrial Alcohol Co., which are known to have been unusually good this year, will be further augmented as a result of the declaration of a quarterly dividend on the new stock of the Cuba Co. Industrial Alcohol owns in the neighborhood of 10 per cent of the 640,000 shares created under the plan for the revision of the Cuba Co.'s capital carried out several months ago, and the quarterly dividend of \$1 a share declared on the stock will net \$64,000.

Swedish Match Co. will consolidate its sales company and manufacturing companies operating in North America into one corporation to be known as the International Match Corp., according to Ivar Kreuger. As a preliminary step in the transaction, which will involve taking over the American sales company known as the Vulcan Match Co. and manufacturing plants operating in Mexico, Canada and several South American countries, it is planned to float an initial issue of \$15,000,000 of debentures. The new company has been incorporated under Delaware laws and will take over the capital stocks of companies operating forty-two plants.

Continental Can Co. reports for the eight months ended Aug. 31 last, net income of \$2,868,790 after reserve for depreciation and Federal taxes, and a surplus of \$2,031,424 after provision for preferred and common dividends. The company's balance sheet as of Aug. 31 shows total assets of \$36,811,799; accounts and bills receivable, \$7,337,304, and cash, \$1,701,174. Real estate, buildings and other property after depreciation were carried at \$11,981,176, and patents and good will at \$8,035,000. On the liability side notes and accounts receivable totaled \$6,505,027; reserve for taxes \$1,215,052, and surplus, including \$1,485,000 applied in redemption of preferred stock, \$5,257,220.

The Heavy Chemical Market

Current Spot Quotations of Heavy Chemicals, page 1130

CAUSTIC SODA AND SODA ASH LOWER

Contract Prices for 1924 Reduced by One Maker— Increased Production Makes Lower Prices Possible— Lower Prices for Copper Sulfate—Arsenic Strong on Scarcity—Acetone Oil Advanced

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Arsenic, white, 1c tb. Acetone Oil, 15c gal.
Sal Ammoniac, lump, 1c tb.

Copper Sulfate, Dom., 10c 100 lbs. Soda, Caustic, 76%, Solid, Cont., Soda Ash, 58%, bags, Contract, 6½c 100 lbs.

Sodium Prussiate, ¼c lb.

Tre	end of t	Last		Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Acetic Acid, Glacial !!	\$.123/4	\$.123/4	\$.123/4	\$.111/2	\$.191/2	\$.07
Sulfuric Acid, 66 deg., tor		15.00	15.00	14.00	55.00	20.00
Ammonium Sulfate.100 the	3.15	3.15	3.15	3.20	7.50	2.65
Bleaching Powder 100. tb:	1.25	1.25	1.75	2.00	9.50	1.50
Copper Sulfate100 tbs	. 5.90	5.00	5.00	5.00	20.00	4.50
Potash Caustic, Imp !!	07	.07	.071/4	.061/2	.87	.08
Soda Ash, 58 p.c100 fbs		2.00	2.00	2.00	3.50	.60
Caustic Soda, 76 p.c.100 fbs	. 3.70	3.70	3.70	3.70	9.50	1.42
Potassium Bichromate!		.091/	091/2	.10	.65	.063/
Sodium Prussiatett	133/4	.131/2		.23	1.25	.18
Average	. 3.046	3.046	3.106	3.067	10.79	2.99

The most important event in the market during the week was the announcement of lower prices by one maker of soda ash and caustic soda for contract deliveries over 1924. The announcement came as a surprise since it had been expected that the prices which have prevailed during the past two years would remain in effect. Quantity production made possible by the increased consumption of alkalis is understood to be the reason for giving consumers the benefit of slightly lower prices.

Aside from this feature business has been somewhat routine in nature with the volume of business holding up fairly well and little in the way of excitement. Arsenic has been steadily growing stronger as supplies become increasingly difficult to obtain. Offerings are small on spot and foreign material is too high to interest buyers. Domestic copper sulfate is lower as copper metal continues easy. Zinc products are firmer on higher metal prices. Bleaching powder is at the low level established last week. Sulfuric acid is moving steadily. Bichromates are unchanged. Prussiates are quiet and easy. Sal ammoniac is firm. Acetone oil is scarce and higher. Barium compounds are firm.

Acid, Acetic—Some sections are taking supplies steadily, while others are quiet. Prices are unchanged with makers quoting the schedule, 28%, \$3.38@\$3.63; 56%, \$6.75@\$7.00; 70%, \$8.38@\$8.63; glacial, \$12.78@\$13.53.

Acid, Muriatic—Demand should show improvement as stocks are reported increasing. Prices are steady at \$1.00@\$1.10 for 20° in tanks and \$1.25@\$1.50 in carboys; 22°, \$1.75@\$2.00 in carboys.

Acid, Oxalic—Makers continue to quote 11¾clb. at works while spot prices range from 12c@12½clb. according to seller and quantity.

Acid, Sulfuric—Demand for this acid continues steady and in good volume. Prices show no change from recent quotations with 66° in tanks named at \$15.00@ \$16.00 in tanks at works; in drums, \$1.10@\$1.25; car-

boys, \$1.25@\$1.50; 60° acid, \$9.00@\$10.00 in tanks. Oleum continues in limited supplies at \$18.00@\$19.00 ton in tanks and \$1.50@\$1.75 in drums.

Acetone—Acetone oil has been advanced to \$1.25@ \$1.30 per gallon. Stocks have been scarce and demand increasing steadily. Methyl acetone at \$1.17@\$1.20 gal. in drums, \$1.15 in tanks. C. P. acetone, 25c@25½clb.

Alums—Have been moving in better volume with supplies improving. Quotations are unchanged with ammonia alum at \$3.50@\$3.65; potash, 3c@3½clb.; chrome, 5½c@6clb.

Ammonium Chloride—Has been active and prices are firm at 6½c@7clb. for the imported white. Shipment prices are named at 7clb. Domestic white at 7½c@8clb. Gray, 7c@8clb. Lump is higher at 14clb.

Ammonium Sulfate—Little improvement has been noted and prices are holding at \$3.00 for bulk at works, \$3.15 in bags, and \$3.40 for f.a.s. Foreign material reported obtainable at \$3.30, c.i.f. Atlantic ports.

Arsenic—Demand has been active but supplies are stated to be limited on spot and prices have advanced. Sellers have been asking 13½c@13½clb. this week. Shipment prices from Germany are reported at 13½c@14clb. No offerings are reported from Japan. Consumers have been purchasing more freely as prices continue to advance.

Barium Products—Chloride is holding at \$82.50@ \$85.00 ton for imported and \$88.00 for domestic. Carbonate continues firm at \$75.00 for imported and \$70.00 for domestic at works. Nitrate, 7½c@8cIb.

Bleaching Powder—Practically all sellers are on the basis of \$1.25 for Oct., the price recently announced by one maker. Nov. and Dec. shipments named at \$1.50. Seasonal demand has been slow in recovering but improvement over summer buying is reported.

Copper Sulfate—A good week in sales was reported by producers. Prices are easier, owing to the decline in copper prices. Carlots are quoted at \$4.90 on spot and smaller quantities up to \$5.10. Imported, 4½c@5clb.

Copperas—Steady at \$20.00@\$21.00 in bulk and \$23.00 in bags. Barrels, \$25.00. Supplies sufficient for present demands.

Glauber's Salt—Consumers have been taking increased supplies and buying in general has improved. Prices range from \$1.30@\$1.75 according to quantity for domestic material. Imported named at 85c@95c according to seller.

Potash, Caustic—The domestic producer has not been quoting. Imported is slightly firmer though quotations range from 7c@7¼clb. according to seller and quantity. Foreign producers are higher in their views and shipments are stated to be 7c@7¼clb.

Potassium Bichromate—Buying has shown a little improvement on spot and for contracts. Competition continues keen with prices holding at 9½c@9¾clb.

Potassium Carbonate—Somewhat easy on lack of demand. Calcined, 80-85%, 6½c@6¾clb.; hydrated, 6½c@7clb.; 90-95%, 6¾c@6¾clb.; 96-98%, 6¾c@7¼clb.

Soda Ash—One maker has announced a reduction in prices for deliveries on contract over 1924. Increased business is stated to be the reason for quoting lower prices. New prices name 58% light ash in bags at \$1.38

per 100 lbs., and dense, \$1.45, compared with \$1.45 and \$1.51. Ex-warehouse business, N. Y., named at \$2.00 in bags and \$2.25 in barrels.

Soda, Caustic—Lower prices for contract deliveries for 1924 announced by one producer. Carlots of 76% in drums named at \$3.10, a decline of 6½c. Increased production is said to have justified a slight reduction in prices. Other makers are quoting former prices. Dealers named small lots at \$3.70@\$3.85 according to quantity, ex-store. Export prices named at \$3.00@\$3.25 depending upon the sale.

Sodium Bichromate—Competition continues active and business is reported to be improving gradually. Prices holding at 71/8c@75%clb. depending upon seller and quantity.

Sodium Prussiate—An easy tone still prevails and sales are being made at 13clb. though most sellers quote 13½clb. for imported. Domestic named at 14clb.

Magnus Co., of Jersey City, N. J., must pay \$6,000 awarded by the Hudson County Court to Mrs. Catherine Maher, mother of sixteen-year-old Michael Maher, who was killed in March, 1922, while playing with a stick of phosphorus. The verdict has been upheld by the Supreme Court of New Jersey against the appeal of Magnus Co. Testimony offered in the lower court charged the Magnus Co. was guilty of negligence, in permitting the phosphorus sticks to be left unguarded near the plant.

No advance in prices for German potash in the United States will occur, said E. K. Howe, president Potash Importing Corp. of America, distributors for the German Potash Syndicate, on his return from Germany, last week. If any change in price is made, he predicted, a reduction is more probable than an advance. Mr. Howe thinks the French will never surrender the Ruhr district.

Biederman du Pont, father of United States Senator T. Coleman du Pont, died at his home near Wilmington, Del., on Oct. 22. He was 86, and was a member of the third generation of the du Pont family of Delaware. For many years he lived in Kentucky, where he was interested in paper mills, street railways and coal mines.

Thomas K. Stewart & Co., 90 West St., New York, have been appointed Eastern sales agents for Western Chemicals Inc., Los Angeles, Cal., who are operating large deposits of potash alum. A shipment is now en route for New York and will be followed by regular weekly consignments.

John C. Wiarda & Co., Brooklyn, have been awarded the contract by the Bureau of Supplies & Accounts, Navy Department for furnishing 10,080 pounds of technical muriatic acid for the Puget Sound, Wash., navy yard at \$772.80. Bids were opened on Oct. 9.

American Zinc & Chemical Co., St. Clairsville, Ohio, will construct an addition to its local sulfuric acid plant, to be devoted to the production of lithopone, estimated to cost \$250,000, complete. Employment will be given to about 200 operatives.

Protest by Wing & Evans against the duty assessed on muriate of ammonia packed in two-pound packages was upheld by the Board of U. S. General Appraisers and assessed at ½ cent per pound instead of 20 per cent ad valorem.

A block of 7,500 shares of stock of Michigan Salt Works was sold at 14 Vesey st., New York, for \$50.

SOLVAY FIXES LOWER ALKALI PRICES

Wing & Evans, Inc., Sales Division of Solvay Process Co., have announced contract prices on alkalis for 1924. The new schedule shows a reduction of 6c, 7c and 8c per 100 lbs. on soda ash, depending upon the grade and packing, and 6½c and 10c per 100 lbs. on caustic soda, depending upon the grade. The schedule follows, together with prices which have ruled during the last two years:

CONTRACT PRICES		
, P	w Price (er 100 os., flat	Old Price per 100 lbs., flat
Light 58% Soda Ash, in bulk	\$1.25 1.38 1.63	\$1.33 1.45 1.69
Dense 58% Soda Ash, in bulk	1.35 1.45 1.69	1.42 1.51 1.75
Solid 76% (actual test) Caustic Soda, in standard drums	3.10	3.161/2
	3.50	3.60
Spot carload price, 10c per 100 lbs., higher.	3.02	3.08

Above prices are for carload quantities under contract, f.o.b. maker's works.

OPPOSE HIGHER SODIUM NITRITE DUTY

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Washington, D. C., Oct. 24—In a brief filed with the U. S. Tariff Commission in opposition to the application of American Nitrogen Products Co., of Seattle, for an increase of duty upon sodium nitrite, DeVries and Doherty, of New York, say in part:

"Sodium nitrite is a raw material chiefly used in the manufacture of Azo dyes; by paragraph 27 and 28 Congress has indicated an intent to especially protect and foster the dye industry in the United States. Any increase in this rate of duty is, therefore, in direct violation of that expressed purpose of Congress. It should be particularly noted in this particular that Congress in paragraph 27 has selected and set out for special rates of duty those raw materials for dyes deemed necessary by Congress the subjects of special duties, but, that Sodium Nitrite provided for in paragraph 83 is not one of these. Any increase of duty upon sodium ritrite will result in increased burdens upon the dye manufacturers in violation of the 'express purpose intended by this Act'."

AMERICAN CYANAMID OWNED BY DUKE

Benjamin N. Duke, who recently purchased Virginia-Carolina Chemical's holdings of American Cyanamid, now controls the latter company with approximately 45,000 shares of the common out of 65,000, says Adams in the Boston News Bureau. I do not believe the stock will be listed, as with Mr. Duke holding so much of it, the market will not be sufficiently distributed to allow its entry upon the big exchange.

Mr. Duke is very shrewd in his purchases and he has long been a heavy holder of American Cyanamid. When it was announced that he had paid between \$1,500,000 and \$2,000,000 for the Virginia-Carolina Chemical holdings there was a scramble to buy Cyanamid stock, but there was so little of it around that a few hundred shares advanced it from 64 to 78½ in short order. I hear the dividend will be increased to 6 per cent at the next

Seminole Phosphate Co., Goldsboro, N. C., was declared insolvent recently and is now in the hands of receivers.

The Intermediate and Dye Market

Current Spot Quotations for Intermediates, see Chemicals, page 1128

SPOTTY DEMAND FOR INTERMEDIATES

Continued Dullness in Dyes Affects Intermediates— Prices Holding Quite Steady—Para-nitraniline Offered Lower in Some Quarters—Benzene and Solvent Naphtha Easier—Orders Placed for Naphthalene for Future Delivery

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Advanced Pyridine, 25c gal. Declined

Benzene, 90%, 1c gal. Naphtha, Solvent, 1c gal.

Demand for intermediates and coal-tar products has been spotty in character during the present month. Early in the month a good improvement in business was reported but the past week has shown little activity. The continued dullness in dyes naturally affects intermediates, but even under present conditions intermediates are reported in better demand than dyestuffs. Dye makers have only been taking enough for immediate requirements and usually the orders are confined to small quantities to prevent supplies from accumulating. Prices, on the whole, have been holding steady, and except for occasional resale lots in the market there has been little change in prices. Para-nitraniline is offered under the market, but most makers are firm in their old prices. Beta-naphthol is little heard of in resale and little is being offered. Coal-tar crudes are in adequate supply and prices are less stable than intermediates. Motor benzol has been reduced. Solvent naphtha is easier. Phenol is holding at recent decline. Cresylic acid demand has fallen off. Dealers are beginning to place orders for flake naphthalene for forward deliveries. Pyridine continues scarce and high.

Coal-Tar Crudes

Benzene—Producers are quoting lower prices for the 90% grade at 21c per gallon. Pure remains at recent declines at 23c@24c per gallon in tanks and 28c@30c in drums. Demand from industrial centers is not active and supplies are sufficient for present consumption.

Cresylic Acid—Demand appears to have dropped somewhat and supplies are in somewhat better volume. Prices show no change and are named at 83c@85c per gallon for 97-99%. Dark, 95%, quoted at 75c per gallon.

Naphthalene—Dealers are beginning to place orders with manufacturers for supplies to be delivered for the Spring trade in flake naphthalene. Makers are quoting 6½c@7clb. for flake and 7½c@8clb. for balls. Dyestuff naphthalene is in quiet demand at 5½c@6clb. for the chipped and crushed.

Phenol—Supplies are in somewhat better volume and prices are holding at recent market level. Makers are

quoting 26c@28clb. Open market prices are quoted at 26clb. with occasional orders slightly under this figure.

Pyridine—Has become very difficult to obtain and spot prices are around \$6.00 per gallon but no one is in a position to offer. Shipments from abroad are also difficult to obtain and quotations range from \$4.50@\$5.00 according to position.

Toluene—No change with demand somewhat slow and prices holding at 25c@26c in tanks and 30c@32c in drums.

Xylene—Supplies are in better volume but demand has become routine. Prices are quoted at 50c@55c per gallon for 3° material.

Intermediates

Acid, Anthranilic—Routine demand at unchanged prices. Technical, 96clb. and refined, \$1.20lb.

Acid, Broenner's—Dull with makers quoting \$1.55lb. Acid, Cleves—Named at \$1.00@\$1.10 on quiet demand.

Acid, Gamma—Unchanged at \$1.70@\$1.80lb. and buying inactive.

Acid, H.—Fair movement is reported but spotty in character. Prices holding at 75c@80clb.

Acid, Laurent's—Quoted at 90clb. on routine demand.

Acid, Neville & Winthers—Occasional lots moving but on the whole, quiet at \$1.10lb.

Acid, Salicylic—Makers continue to quote technical at 32c@33clb. with no great demand at present.

Alpha-naphthylamine—Holding steady at 35c@37clb. and demand confined to actual requirements.

Aniline Oil—Makers are unchanged at 16c@17clb. according to quantity. Buying has shown no marked improvement. Aniline salt named at 23c@24clb.

Benzaldehyde—Holding at 75c@80clb. for the technical. Demand has been fair and supplies keeping abreast of consumption.

Benzidine—Prices range from 80c@84clb. according to seller and quantity. Consumers are only taking small quantities for immediate requirements.

Beta-naphthol—While some buying is taking place it has not yet reached any volume. Supplies are easily meeting present demand. Prices range from 21c@23c lb. as to seller and quantity.

Chlorobenzene-Mono is named at 9c@11clb. depending upon the quantity.

Diethylaniline—Routine demand with prices holding at 60c@65clb.

Dimethylaniline—Buyers only taking actual requirements and usually in small lots. Prices remain steady at 40c@42clb. according to quantity in drums.

Diphenylamine—Steady at 48c@50clb.

Meta-toluylenediamine-Quiet at 89c@90clb.

Nitrobenzene—Makers steady at 9c@91/2clb. for crude and 91/2c@10clb. for redistilled.

Ortho-toluidine—Fair activity is reported at 16c@ 18clb

Para-nitraniline—Makers quoting 74c@75clb. though material is also offered at 69c@70clb. in some quarters.

Para-toluidine-Unchanged at 85c@90clb.

R-Salt-Steady at 55c@70clb. on routine demand.

GERMAN DYES SCARCE, SAYS METZ

Sees End of Research Work—Comments on Chemical Foundation Suit

Herman A. Metz, who returned from Germany on the Aquitania, which arrived Friday, last, predicted complete shutdown of all German industrial plants. German dye plants, Mr. Metz said, were operating on a curtailed schedule, and that colors available are not wanted here. Consequently few German dyes were coming into this country at the present time, he said, and that so far as the Germans were concerned, the American market was closed.

Raw materials, fuel, and labor costs are so high in Germany, Mr. Metz said, that German dye plants could not continue to operate long. Their export trade, he said, had been almost completely shut off by the 26 per cent French tax. What little business German dye men are doing he said is concentrated on the Far Eastern market. Even if this country had no tariff, Mr. Metz said, the American dye industry would be able to compete on most colors, regardless of German competition.

Possibly the greatest damage to the German chemical industry, Mr. Metz felt, was the halt which the present chaotic condition had called on research work. Many experiments already started, he said, had of necessity been dropped, and in this work he saw the German dye and chemical industry crippled for the future.

Mr. Metz said he had heard what was said about him during the Chemical Foundation suit while he was abroad, and his reply was that he was raised in the country and heard early in life that there was no use "kicking a skunk."

Sales of The Barrett Co. are more than gratifying, says "Financial America." Export orders are being booked at a high rate and invoices for deliveries in the next four months are said to be unusually large because of conditions in the coal industry. The Barrett Co. is finding an increasing market in Europe for binding material used in the manufacture of briquettes. One of the company's products has been found to be well suited for this purpose and in view of the unsettled conditions in the coal industry, with prevailing high prices, participation in the coal substitute business is proving advantageous.

The Board of U. S. General Appraisers holds that hydron yellow N.F. paste is competitive in the case of an appeal by H. A. Metz & Co. The decision is in effect that while the imported dye has other uses than the domestic dye, the imported will displace the domestic article.

"Dyestuffs," published by National Aniline & Chemical Co., New York, has issued an advance number for exhibitors at the International Textile Exposition, Boston, Oct. 29 to Nov. 3. It contains original articles on dyeing the various textiles to be displayed at the show.

Germany is reluctant to supply Russia with dye intermediates but is willing to supply the finished colors. Before the war Germany owned factories in Russia which produced dyestuffs from imported German intermediates.

Czechoslovakia has applied to the French command in the Ruhr, according to reports, to confiscate a further quantity of German dyestuffs due Czechoslovakia as non-delivered reparations.

ALLIED CHEMICAL AS SEEN IN WALL ST.

Company in Sound Financial Condition, Says Magazine Writer—Business Good With Most of the Constituent Companies—Sharp Competition in Dyestuffs

Referring to the constituent companies of Allied Chemical and Dye Corp. and explaining the products manufactured by each, Frederick Lewis in an article in "The Magazine of Wall Street" comments as follows on the finances of the company:

"The balance sheet of Allied Chemical & Dye Corp. makes a very pleasing exhibit. As of Dec. 31, 1922, the company had a working capital of \$72.5 millions with ratio of current assets to current liabilities 6 to 1. Cash and marketable securities on hand totalled \$35.4 millions. This represents a very strong financial position. At the present time, the outlook is for a fair amount of business next year. No boom is to be looked for, but on the other hand there is nothing to indicate that there will be any important falling off in earnings. No earnings have been given out by the company covering operations for the current year, but it is understood that the present dividend rate of \$4 per share per annum will be covered by a substantial margin.

"The seven per cent cumulative preferred stock is entitled to a high investment rating for the funded debt is negligible and working capital of the company alone is nearly twice the amount of the preferred stock outstanding. This company's industry is a basic one and it is difficult to see how any contingencies could arise that would seriously affect the investment position of this stock. At present price of 105 to yield 6.6 per cent the stock offers a good investment opportunity. At present price of around 60, the common stock is 20 points below its high of this year and over 30 points below its high of 1922.

"The Barrett Co. has enjoyed very handsome earnings as a result of the great activity in the industry. While it is true that the building business has probably passed the peak, the outlook is sufficiently good at this time to assure fair earnings for The Barrett Co. next year. An equally important factor in the affairs of Allied Chemical is the General Chemical Co. which has shown a substantial earnings power for a long period of years.

"Another important unit of the parent company is the National Aniline & Chemical Co. Of course, this company is not in a position to make the large profits that it could make when foreign competition was shut out, but it has developed an efficient organization and many of its products continue to have a good market. German competition has been felt principally in certain special colors and in fast colors. The tariff places a duty on the finished products of 60 per cent of the American valuation, but despite this high duty the German product can, in many cases, undersell the domestic article.

"Semet-Solvay Co. is the chief builder and operator of by-product coke ovens in the United States. Solvay Process Co. is the largest manufacturer of alkali products and operates by-products coke ovens. The by-product coke oven business has developed in the past decade as rapidly as any industry in the country and the outlook is for continued growth."

American Dyewood Co., expects to open its new plant at Mobile, Ala., about Jan. 1. The plant will employ 200 men and consume about 200 tons of wood daily. The company also has a plant at Chester, Pa.

The Barrett Co., New York, has obtained judgment against Daniel J. Murphy for \$1,323.55.

The Oil Market

Current Spot Quotations of Oils, Tallows, Greases, page 1145

LINSEED OIL EASIER FOR FUTURE

Declining Market in Flaxseed Has Weakening Effect— Chinawood Oil Slightly Lower—Corn and Soya Bean Oil Higher—Cottonseed Oil Stronger—Cod Oil Continues Scarce—Turpentine Lower

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Cod Oil, N.F., 2c gal.
Corn Oil, crude, ½c lb.
Cottonseed Oil, P.S.Y., 1c lb.
Cottonseed Oil, Crude, ½c lb. Oleo Oil, ½c lb.
Soya Bean Oil, crude, Coast, ½c lb.

Chinawood Oil, 1/4c lb.
Greases, 1/4c lb.
Linseed Oil, futures, 1c@4c gal.

Declined
Stearine, Oleo, 1/4c lb.
Turpentine, 3c gal.
Rosins, 5c unit.

Trend of the Market

	Today		Last Month	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Cod Oil, N. Fgal.	\$.70	\$.68	\$.65	\$.54	\$1.26	\$.361/
Degras, American, bblfb.		.0334	.033/4		.25	.031/
Lard, No. 1gal.		.79	-86	.76	2.90	.92
Menhaden, crd., bblsgal.		.50	.421/2	.40	1.20	.33
Neatsfoot, 20 deg. c.t. gal.		1.24	1.22	1.35	3.45	.95
Red Oil. distilled 1b.		.091/2	.091/2	.12	.17	.07
Steario Acid, T.P tb.		.143/4	.143/4	.12	.33	.12
Coconut Ceylon, bblstb.	.10	.10	.10	.081/2		.14
Cottonseed, crude, tks lb.	.091/2	.09	.071/2	.071/2	.25	.08
Linseed, carlotsgal.		.95	.90	.89	1.88	.57
Olive, denaturedgal.		1.10	1.10	1.15	4.50	1.05
Peanut, refined		.151/2	.15	.121/2	.30	.08
Soya Bean, bblstb.		.11	.11	.121/2	.191/2	.07
Average	0.460	0.459	0.453	0.443	1.30	0.362

Business in fixed oils showed little change from that of the previous week. Consumers have been uninterested during the past few weeks, apparently having sufficient stocks on hand for present activity, or only taking enough for their immediate requirements. While a few changes have been noted, prices have been steady. Scarcity in a few items such as cod oil, corn oil and sova bean oil have made these items stronger. Linseed oil has an easier tendency with futures quoted at lower prices and flaxseed prices declining. Early estimates of a large flaxseed crop in Argentina have caused prices to drop during the week. Cottonseed oil has recovered on more active trading. Lard oil and oleo oil are slightly higher. Sellers of crude menhaden are firm in their views for higher prices. Tallow has been steady. Oleo stearine is easier. Turpentine and rosins are lower.

Vegetable Oils

Castor Oil—Unchanged at recent quotations with No. 1 at 131/2clb. and No. 3, 13clb.

Chinawood Oil—Market was slightly lower on spot but the primary market is reported strong owing to small stocks, adulterated oil, and poor crop prospects. Low rivers are also reported. Nov. shipment at 21½c lb. Spot, 21c@21¾clb.; Coast, 21clb.

Coconut Oil—Little change in the situation with demand quiet and sellers awaiting developments that will start activity. Prices steady at 8¾c@8%clb. for Ceylon in tanks on spot; Cochin, 9½c@9%clb.; Manila, Coast, 8½c@8½clb.

Cottonseed Oil—Market has been somewhat irregular but increased activity toward the close of the week brought prices up 50 to 75 points. P.S.Y. opened this week with spot at 12½c@12¾c. Oct., 12.10@12.40; and May, 11.05@11.10. Crude oil advanced to 9½clb.

Linseed Oil-Spot business continues quiet with

buyers interested mainly in small lots for immediate delivery. Futures are easier owing to declines in flax-seed prices during the week. Recent estimates of Argentine crop this season indicate a high yield. Spot oil named at 95c in carlots. Nov., 90c; Dec.-Feb., 87c; Mar.-Apr., 85c. Tanks, spot, 89c gal. London oil, lower, 41/9; Antwerp, 352f. Domestic flaxseed prices declined 8c@15c. Winnipeg opened this week, Oct., \$2.08; Dec., \$1.97; May, \$2.00. Duluth, Oct., \$2.40; Nov., \$2.41½; Dec., \$2.39½; May, \$2.35½. Buenos Aires, declined 25c bu. to \$1.85.

Olive Oil—Little activity though prices remain firm at recent levels. Denatured, \$1.10@\$1.15; edible, \$1.70@\$2.20 per gallon. Olive oil foots firm at 85%c@834c lb. on spot and 834clb. for shipment. European demand is keeping foots firm in price.

Palm Oil—Moderate business with small consumers but large buyers evidently supplied. Prices firm, however, at 73/4c@8clb. for Lagos and 71/2clb. for Niger.

Peanut Oil—Light offerings and quiet market. Prices holding at 10½c@11c for crude at mills and 15½clb. for refined.

Corn Oil—Recovered after recent decline. Large mills reported to be well sold and market in corn products is stronger. Crude, mills, 9½clb.; refined, 13½clb.

Soya Bean Oil—Has been bought up and little is available in the country. Crude at Coast higher at 9¼0@9¾clb.; spot oil scarce at 11c@11½clb.

Animal Oils

Greases—Slightly easier with yellow, 65%clb.; brown, 65/4c@65%clb.; house, 63/4clb.

Liard Oil—Prime is higher at 161/4clb. Extra, steady at, 123/4clb.; No. 1, 101/2clb.

Neatsfoot Oil—Steady on fair demand; 20° cold test, 16½clb.; pure, 13¾clb.; extra, 11clb.

Oleo Oil—No. 2 was in better demand and prices advanced to $10\frac{1}{2}$ c@ $10\frac{1}{4}$ clb.; No. 1, steady, 14c@ $14\frac{1}{4}$ clb.; No. 3, $9\frac{3}{4}$ clb.

Red Oil-Makers continued to quote distilled and saponified at 9½clb.

Stearic Acid—Unchanged at recent levels with triple pressed at 14½ clb.; double pressed, 13c@13½ clb.; single 12½c@13½clb.

Fish Oils

Cod Oil—Market continues strong owing to scarcity of oil. Large sellers are having difficulty in obtaining supplies for regular business. Prices are higher for Newfoundland at 70c@72c per gallon.

Menhaden Oil—Sellers are asking 50c per gallon for crude oil at the works but sales at this price are doubtful. Deliveries are being made on former contracts at 47%clb. and under. Stocks are reported small and fishing operations only fair. Light strained holding at 65c@68c gal.; yellow bleached 71c gal.; extra bleached, 78c gal.

Sperm Oil—Fair business is reported at unchanged prices; 38° named at 99c and 45°, 94c per gallon.

Naval Stores

Turpentine—Prices declined 3c during the week. Buying has been along conservative lines and trading has

been more or less routine in character. Spirits quoted at \$1.01, ex-yard, New York. Steam distilled, 92c. Savannah, firm, 94c.

Rosins—Lower and medium grades underwent slight declines on inactive buying. Better grades, however, held steady or advanced slightly. Prices, B to K, \$5.80; M, \$5.85; N, \$6.15; WG, \$6.75; WW, \$7.00.

COPRA IMPORTS REACH SAN FRANCISCO

Imports at San Francisco for the week ending Oct. 13 included the following: On steamer West Chopaka, from Manila, to Pacific Oil and Lead Works 1,730 bags copra, to Philippine Refining Corp. 5,098 bags copra; from Cebu, to El Dorado Oil Works 300 long tons copra; from Zamboanga, to El Dorado Oil Works 308 long tons copra and to El Dorado Oil Works 2,000 sacks copra; from Legaspi, to E. Diaz & Co. 380 long tons copra and to El Dorado Oil Works 2,000 sacks copra; from Legaspi, to E. Diaz & Co. 380 long tons copra and to El Dorado Oil Works 287 long tons copra and 2,331 sacks copra.

On steamer President Lincoln, from Hongkong, to order 62 barrels wood oil, to Asia Bank Corp. 100 cases cassia; from Colombo, to Bank of California 100 bales cinnamon quills, and from Kobe, to H. F. Blum & Co. 15 bales agar agar.

On steamer Drechtydk, from London, to order 1,450 cases and 1,046 barrels olive oil; from Rotterdam 250 cases olive oil, 1,200 bags cocoa.

The National Varnish Manufacturers' Association and the Paint Manufacturers' Association held their annual meetings during the convention of the National Oil, Paint and Varnish Associations in Chicago, last week. Officers elected were as follows: Paint Manufacturers' Association; President, L. P. Moore, of Benjamin Moore & Co., New York; first vice-president, Charles R. Cook, Cook Paint & Varnish Co., Kansas City; second vice-president, S. R. Mattlack, Geo. D. Wetherill & Co., Inc., Philadelphia. National Varnish Manufacturers' Association: President, C. J. Roh, of Murphy Varnish Co., Newark, N. J.; first vice-president, H. L. Calman, of Emil Calman & Co., New York; second vice-president, L. V. Pulsifer, of Valentine & Co., New York.

Regulations for the establishment of standard grades for naval stores have been completed by the Bureau of Chemistry, and copies are being distributed among producers, dealers and consumers for criticisms and suggestions. The provisions of the act apply to all sales of spirits of turpentine and rosin and forbid sales of spirits of turpentine and rosin in interstate commerce which are other than represented to be. The regulations have been drawn up under the supervision of Dr. F. P. Veitch of the Bureau of Chemistry.

David B. Gamble, of Cincinnati, who died in California a few months ago, left an estate appraised at \$3,537,234, it was announced recently. Inventory of his estate shows that his largest holdings were in stock of the Procter & Gamble Company, of which he was for many years an official.

Ninety-Six Mfg. Co., of Ninety-Six, N. C., will take over the plant of Ninety-Six Oil Mill, making improvements for increase in capacity. The plant is equipped for the manufacture of cottonseed oil products. The purchasing company was recently organized with capital of \$100,000. H. P. Galpin is president.

Norris B. Gregg, vice-president of National Lead Co., was elected president of the National Paint, Oil & Varnish Association at the close of its 36th annual convention held last week in Chicago.

Oil Trade Notes

Hazlehurst Oil Mill & Fertilizer Co., Crystal Springs, Miss., has preliminary plans for new works, estimated to cost \$40,000.

The Excelsior Chemical Company has opened a plant at 426 Bryant st., San Francisco, for the manufacture of floorwax and polish.

Western Cotton Oil Co.'s plant, Haskell, Tex., was destroyed by fire, Oct. 14, with loss estimated at \$100,000. Insured for \$64,000.

A highly water-resistant blood albumen glue has been developed by A. C. Lindauer of the Forest Products Laboratory, U. S. Forest Service.

Pratt & Lambert, Inc., Buffalo, N. Y., varnish makers are planning an addition to their plant on a three acre tract adjacent to the present plant.

Archer-Daniels-Midland Co. has declared a quarterly dividend of \$1.75 a share on the preferred stock, payable Nov. 1 to holders of record Oct. 20.

Exports of rosin during August were 87,087 barrels (500 lbs.), valued at \$795,384, of which Germany received 17,667 barrels and England 17,072 barrels.

Exports of spirits of turpentine during August were 1,280,649 gallons, valued at \$1,198,421, of which England received 701,500 gallons and Germany 149,238 gallons.

Assateague Fish Oil & Fertilizer Co., Inc., Chincoteague, Va., recently organized, has taken over the plant of Chincoteague Fish Oil & Guano Co., and two fertilizer plants located at Lewes, Del.

New Orleans Menhaden Co., New Orleans, La., has been organized for the production of fish oil and scrap. The company is reported to have purchased a boat from the United States Government which will be used as a factory.

Geo. K. Morrow, president American Cotton Oil Co. says that approximately 80,000 of the 202,371, outstanding shares of the common stock of the company have been deposited with the stockholders committee in favor of the plan for readjustment of finances.

A Swiss dealer would like to get in touch with American suppliers of fertilizers, oil cakes, oil seed, and other products of cottonseed oil presses. Further information may be oibtained from the Foodstuffs Division of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

The acreage devoted to peanuts this year in the United States is estimated at 931,000. The crop is estimated at 655,000,000 pounds compared with 623,507,000 nounds last year. The Department of Agriculture says the yield per acre is 703 pounds and the farm price 6.9 cents per pound.

Exports of glycerin took a sudden spurt in August from 132,143 pounds, worth \$31,834 exported in July, to 357,043 pounds, worth \$55,536, and surpassed the shipments in August, 1922, by nearly 300 per cent in value. High as this figure was, it was still considerably below the import figure of \$95,924 for 980,101 pounds.

Cottonseed received at mills during the period Aug. 1 to Sept. 30, according to the Census Bureau was 706,-842 tons; crushed, 300,298 tons. Production: Crude oil, 84,522,018 pounds; refined 52,182,712 pounds; cake and meal, 138,417 tons. Stock on hand Sept. 30: Seed at plants, 419,330 tons; crude oil, 34,457,208 pounds; refined, 41,581,932 pounds.

The Fine Chemical Market

Current Spot Quotations of Fine Chemicals, page 1124

IMPORTED CITRIC ACID HIGHER ON SPOT

Although Limited Quantities Still Available at 48clb.—
Menthol Easier—Mercury Quiet—Buying for Shipment Active—Chloroform Higher—Cream Tartar
Lower—Seller Optimistic

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Acid, Citric, Imp., 1c tb. Cod Liver Oil, \$1.00 bbl. Chloroform, U.S.P. Resales, 1c lb.

Declined

Cream Tartar, Imp., ½c lb.

Tren	nd of t	Last	Last	Last	War	Pre-
	Today	Week	Month	Year	Peak	War
Acetanilid	\$.32	\$.32	\$.32	\$.31	\$2.00	\$.20
Acid Citric, Import		.48	.48	.50	1.25	.45
Caffeine Alkaloid		4.00	4.00	3.75	18.00	3.65
Calomel, American		1.25	1.25	1.15	3.43	.90
Camphor, Jap., ref	.86	.87	.87	.86	3.55	.41
Iodine. Resublimed	4.55	4.55	4.55	4.40	5.00	3.75
Menthol	15.00	16.00	20.00	7.00	13.50	3.00
Potassium Bromide, Cryst.	.26	.26	.26	.27	4.30	.80
Ouinine Sulfate, Imp	.50	.50	.50	.50	.90	.25
Sodium Salicylate		.40	.40	.42	4.25	.27
Strychnine Sulfate	.84	.84	.84	.84	2.05	.50
Average	2.83	2.92	3.03	1.78	5.92	1.56

A hopeful attitude is noted in the fine chemical market. Buyers appear to have taken on sufficient supplies in August and September to satisfy them for a little time to come, but with the coming of Winter and the more rapid consumption of goods, it remains only a question of time when present stocks must be replenished to meet this potential demand. Sellers are content to wait, as shown by their hesitancy to shade prices, until inquiries cover a broader area. The weakening influence of heavy imports, except in a few items, has been removed to some extent, and the steady rise of foreign exchange rates has firmed up prices for shipment. The removing of resale stocks has been the prime factor in slowly turning buyers back to manufacturers and original importers for supplies. Speculators find it rather difficult to purchase goods in large quantities. All wood chemicals are easy, especially formaldehyde. Actual price changes on spot have been few and comparatively unimportant. ported cream tartar is lower. Resale chloroform, U.S.P., is higher. Imported citric acid generally quoted at 49clb. spot, although limited stocks are still available at 48clb. Buying of mercury in primary market has

Acetanilid—U.S.P. in small demand at 32c@33clb. spot by makers, and resales, at 31c@32clb. spot.

Acid, Acetylsalicylic—Makers still quote a range of 75c@85clb. spot, and resales are available at 72½clb. spot. Demand routine at the moment with tendency to firmness owing to nearness of the large consuming season.

Acid, Benzoic—U.S.P. quoted by makers at 72c@77c lb. spot, and by makers at 85clb. spot.

Acid, Citric—Generally quoted higher at 49c@50clb. spot for imported, although limited supplies are obtainable at 48clb. spot. Stocks are becoming somewhat reduced owing to recent active demand. Domestic named at 49clb. spot for crystals in barrels, and 50clb. for powdered. London is quoting 1s 4½d per pound and weak thereat. Last week 580 kegs were imported at

New York, and whether or not these contain citric or tartaric acid will be commented upon later.

Acid, Lactic-U.S.P. VIII quoted at 70clb. spot in carbovs.

Acid, Phosphoric—Again lower at 15c@16clb. spot for 85 per cent syrupy.

Acid, Salicylic—Named at 35clb. spot by makers, and 34clb. by second hands. Demand for consumption here reported routine, while fair quantities are being absorbed for export trade.

Acid, Tartaric—Quoted easy at 31½c@32½clb. spot for imported crystals. Last week saw 219 kegs entered at New York. London is quoting 1s 1½d per pound.

Alcohol—All grades quoted firm with possibilities of higher prices owing to high cost of raw material. No. 1 specially denatured at 44c@46c gal. spot for drums, and No. 5 completely denatured at 43c@45c gal. spot.

Alcohol, Butyl—Quoted firm at 45c@50clb. spot. During past week 94 casks were entered at New York.

Amidopyrine—Named firm at \$4.60@\$4.75lb. spot in spite of routine demand.

Antipyrine—Quoted firm and in better demand at \$2.35@\$2.50lb. spot as to quantity and seller.

Bismuth Subnitrate—Active and firm at \$2.901b. spot by makers, and \$2.801b. for resale lots.

Caffeine Alkaloid—In active demand at \$4.00@\$4.25 lb. spot by first hands. Resales at \$3.90@\$4.00lb. with little goods offered at inside figure.

Camphor—Quoted easy at 86c@87clb. spot for 2½lb. Japanese slabs. Last week saw 684 cases and 45 barrels imported at New York. American held at 93clb. spot for barrels.

Chloroform—Makers quote U.S.P. at 35clb. spot, and resales have advanced and now quoted inside at 32c@ 33clb. spot for drums.

Cod Liver Oil—Has advanced and now quoted at \$25.00@\$25.50 bbl. with shipment named over \$26.00 bbl. Demand here active with tendency to restrict orders until cause of foreign rise is fully investigated. During past week 220 barrels were imported at New York.

Cream -Tartar—Imported lower at 23½c@24½clb. spot owing to small demand and slight accumulation of stocks.

Creosote—Firm at 40c@42clb. spot. Carbonate steady with possibility of advance at \$1.80@\$2.00lb. spot.

Formaldehyde—First hands report weak market at 12clb. for c/1 works.

Glycerin—C.P. quoted at 17c@17½clb. spot for drums, and 18c@18½clb. for less.

Hydroquinone—Firm at \$1.40@\$1.50lb. spot as to quantity.

Menthol—Quoted lower on spot at \$15.00@\$15.50lb. as to quantity, although position is strong owing to reported concentrated control in Japan. January-March shipment named at \$12.50lb. c.i.f. New York which indicates possibility of holders attempting to "average up" on previous sales made at \$6.00 c.i.f. Last week 65 cases were entered at New York.

Mercury—Quoted easy at \$60.50@\$61.00 flask in spite of the recent advance in London. This market does

not appear to be regulated by movements abroad. London now quoting £9 7s 6d per flask. Fair quantities are reported afloat. Last week saw 362 flasks entered at New York.

Petrolatum—Snow white U.S.P. named at $12\frac{1}{2}c@$ 13clb. spot.

Podophyllin—Quoted firm at \$5.50@\$6.00lb. spot by second hands, and \$6.00@\$6.50lb. by makers. Raw material position strong.

Potassium Permanganate—In good demand at 17% c@18clb. spot for imported, and 17c@17% clb. works for domestic.

Resorcinol—U.S.P. quoted firm at \$2.25@\$2.35lb. spot. Saccharin—Named quiet at the moment at \$1.90@\$2.10lb. spot as to quantity.

Santonin—New supplies now available at \$150@\$158 lb, as to quantity.

Sodium Benzoate—U.S.P. active at 65c@68clb. spot. Terpin Hydrate—In good demand at 60c@62clb. spot. Thymol—Quoted steady at \$3.10@\$3.25lb. spot as to quantity.

CHEMICAL SALESMEN ELECT MEMBERS

The Executive Committee of The Salesmen's Association of the American Chemical Industry held a meeting at the Chemists' Club on Oct. 16. Ralph E. Dorland, Dow Chemical Co., president of the Association, presided. Twelve new members were elected: J. C. McKenna, W. F. George Chemicals, Inc.; Alexander Williams, Chemical Foundation Inc.; Arthur W. Wright, "N. Y. Commercial"; Millard F. Taylor, "N. Y. Commercial"; H. L. Powell, Chemical Catalog Co.; J. F. Blackie, Newport Chemical Works; I. G. Ammen, Bowker Chemical Co.; Frederick A. Koch, Dow Chemical Co.; W. C. Mills, Grasselli Chemical Co.; N. Townsend Thayer, E. M. Sergeant Co.; A. P. Howes, "American Dyestuff Reporter"; Wm. O. Thompson, Grasselli Chemical Co.

A winter course consisting of a series of lectures is contemplated. These will probably cover such important subjects as economics, traffic problems, commercial law, and business finance.

Three committee chairmen were appointed as follows: Dr. F. P. Summers, Noil Chemical & Color Wks., chairman Committee on Membership; John A. Chew, Warner Chemical Co., chairman Committee on General Affairs; E. H. Bedell, "Chemical & Metallurgical Engineering," chairman of Publicity Committee.

Mercury withdrawals from Spanish warehouses for the first seven months of this year were 34,809 flasks of 34.5 kilograms each, and production and entries into warehouses during same period last year amounted to only 23,585 flasks, according to Consul H. A. Boncher, Barcelona. Stocks on hand decreased from 24,594 flasks Jan. 31 to 17,633 flasks on July 31. Prices have fallen from 340 pesetas per flask in June to 297 pesetas in September.

The Drug and Chemical Division of the Salvation Army campaign in Chicago is in charge of C. S. Curtis, chairman, and the following members of the trade: G. S. Baker, W. W. Baldwin, J. A. Lanigan, J. T. Moran, William O'Neill, P. A. Rising and F. F. Comstock.

Tennessee Eastman Corp., Kingsport, Tenn., has increased its capitalization from \$500,000 to \$3,000,000, owing to increased business.

Olympia Chemical Co., New York, has increased its capitalization from \$20,000 to \$50,000.

INLAND DISTILLERS CRITICISE RATES

Declare They Will Be Forced Out of Business and Alcohol Prices Will Advance

American Distilling Co., Pekin, III., Federal Products Co., Cincinnati, Rossville Co. and Greendale Co., Lawrenceburg, Ind., have issued a circular stating the reasons for the request that rail rates on alcohol be increased, and replying to a letter issued by the U. S. Industrial Alcohol Co. saying that the readjustment of rates would increase the price of alcohol to the consumer. The circular of the inland distillers says in part:

With the advent of the World War (1917), the Government prohibited distillation from corn to conserve food and later ruled that corn better than No. 6 could not be used for the distillation of alcohol, and with the advance in the price of corn, it became prohibitive for the distillation of alcohol. Blackstrap, being a cheaper article, displaced in part corn as a raw material. After shifting of the raw material from the Corn Belt to Cuban blackstrap, the inland distilleries and the coastwise distilleries had to buy raw material (blackstrap molasses) f.o.b. New Orleans.

buy raw material (blackstrap molasses) f.o.b. New Orleans.

We have asked the carriers to adjust the freight rates in such a manner that will have the effect of placing the inland distillaries on an equality with the coastwise distilleries so far as freight rates are concerned. Under the present adjustment, the coastwise distilleries have an advantage over the inland distillaries, the inland distillaries rate from Peoria and Pekin is 41 cents, the inland distilleries rate from Peoria and Pekin to New Orleans is \$1.01%. Their rate, New Orleans to Memphis, is \$2% cents; our rate to Memphis is 63% cents, and it should be, if measured by their rate only 34 cents. To the Cincinnati territory, they pay 49.4%, we pay 100%, of the Classification Basis. To the Pittsburgh-Buffalo territory, they pay 50%, we pay 100%; to the Missouri River they pay 38.3%, we pay 100%; to the Denver territory they pay 48%, we pay 100%.

territory they pay 48%, we pay 100%.

It is evident that an adjustment of freight rates will not necessitate an advance in the price of alcohol from the interior producing points for these points are now producing and selling alcohol on the basis of the classification freight rates, but it will place these plants in a competitively strong position to the entire advantage of the consuming alcohol trade. If the carriers do not place the rates on an equality every inland distillery will eventually be forced to discontinue operation. Should this be accomplished manufacturers throughout the United States will suffer a great hardship from the elimination of alcohol made from grain. We want the trade to visualize for one moment and ask themselves the question—"where will the price of alcohol go if the coastwise distilleries succeed in eliminating the competition of the inland producers by preventing a fair adjustment of the freight rates for the inland distilleries?"

Lectures on chemistry by Prof. W. L. Estabrooke have been arranged by the New York Board of Education for salesmen and employees of chemical firms, during October, November and December, at the chemistry building of the College of the City of New York, Amsterdam ave. and 139th st. The first lecture covered "The Chemistry of Everyday Life." On Tuesday, Oct. 22, Prof. Estabrooke spoke cn "The Tools of a Chemist and His Method of Work." On Oct. 29 the subject will be "Types of Changes in Chemistry." The lectures are free.

Dr. Charles H. Herty, president Synthetic Organic Chemical Manumfacturers' Association, is attending the Congress of Chemical Industries in Paris. Other Americans present are Prof. William A. Noyes, F. E. Breithut, special trade commissioner, E. S. Chapin, and C. C. Concannon.

Hirsch Laboratories, Inc., Brooklyn, are controlled by Harry W. Wolff and Max Alport who are sole owners of the stock. Dr. Alcan Hirsch and Marx Hirsch have had no connection with the laboratories since Dec. 15, 1922.

Anheuser-Busch, Inc., St. Louis, will start production of glucose soon. Former brewery buildings have been equipped at a cost of nearly \$1,000,000. The new plant will use 5,000 bushels of corn a day and will produce 200,000 pounds of corn syrup or glucose.

Schedules in bankruptcy filed by Albany Chemical Co. show liabilities \$752,219 and assets \$779,826.

The Crude Drug Market

Current Spot Quotations of Crude Drugs, page 1143

DANDELION ROOT ADVANCES ON SPOT

Demand Active and Offerings Small—Oregon Fir Balsam Lower—Cascara Bark Available—Ergot Dull and Lower—Cartagena Ipecac Root Sharply Higher— Mandrake Root Lower Owing to Competition

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Aloes, Curacao, 1/2c tb.
Arnica Flowers, 2c tb.
Cardamom Seed, Bleached, 10c tb. Ialap Root, Whole, 1c tb.
Damiana Leaves, 11/2c tb.
Manua, Small flake, 5c tb.

Balsam, Oregon Fir, 20c gal.
Blackhaw Bark, Root, 2c fb.
Chamomile Firs., Roman, 10c
Cohosh Root, Blue, 1c fb.
Condurango Bark, 1½c fb.

Declined
Ergot, 2c fb.
Japan Wax, ½c fb.
Japan Wax, ½c fb.
Leeches, \$1.00 per 100
Mandrake Root, 1c fb.
Sarsaparilla Rt., Mex., 1c fb.

The firmness of a number of leading items in the crude drug market more than offsets recent weak spots. Buying began anew last week and toward the close several round lot sales were reported. Each order as it comes into the market tends to firm up prices and only the restricted amount of actual buying prevents an upward movement in numerous products. The materially higher position of foreign exchanges combined with a realization on the part of dealers here that spot stocks are low in the case of a number of items, has tended to form a strong undertone to the market. Although shipment prices in the Northwest are firm, the same conditions are not reflected on spot, owing to weak holders. Shippers in the South are quoting over a broad area.

Dandelion root is up sharply owing to small amount of goods coming from abroad. While the statistical position of Oregon fir balsam is strong, this item has declined on spot due to selling pressure by weak holders. Cascara sagrada is again available on spot. Dullness in ergot has caused another decline in this product. Mandrake is lower on competition.

Aconite Root-U.S.P. quoted firm at 50clb. spot.

Agar Agar—No. 1 scarce at \$1.80@\$1.851b. spot, and No. 3 at \$1.65@\$1.751b. spot. Kobe No. 1, new crop material, for January-February shipment named at \$1.08 lb. c.i.f. New York with possibilities of shading this figure on firm business.

Aletris Root-In active demand at 60c@62clb. spot.

Aloes—Curacao has advanced and now quoted at 10½c@11clb. spot, and Cape named easy at 9c@10clb. Barbadoes held at 65c@70clb. spot.

Angostura Bark-Quiet at 8c@10clb. spot.

Anise Seed—Spanish quoted at 16½c@17clb. spot with one factor naming 19clb. as inside. Shipment is firming up, although recent arrivals keep prices down

here. Star named easy at 12c@12½clb. spot with possibility of shading these figures.

Arnica Flowers—Quoted higher at 10c@11clb. spot owing to increased demand and reduced stocks.

Balm Gilead Buds—Firm and active at 45c@50clb. spot with one house naming maximum as inside.

Balsams—Reports are heard that Oregon fir is strong on the Coast and that the lower price here is not warranted when replacement values are considered. Quoted lower at \$2.25@\$2.35 gal. spot owing to selling pressure from weak holders. Peru quiet at \$1.75@\$1.80lb. spot with one firm naming \$1.85lb. Tolu scarce and active at \$2.25@\$2.35lb. spot.

Blackhaw Bark-Root lower at 40c@42clb. spot.

Buchu Leaves—Slightly lower at 89c@95clb. spot. Competition keen for available business.

Calisaya Bark—Quoted firm and active at 27c@30clb. spot.

Caraway Seed—Dutch named firm at 25½c@26clb. spot with tendency to remain steady for some time to come. Reports are heard that this year's crop will be about 60,000 bags and practically in the control of speculators. African firm at 24c@25clb. spot.

Cardamom Seed—All grades have advanced excepting decorticated. Bleached now quoted at \$1.35@\$1.70; decorticated at \$1.30@\$1.40; and green at \$1.03@\$1.10lb. spot. Buying active both for goods held here and for future delivery.

Cascara Sagrada—One holder quoted new bark at 24c@26clb. spot with tendency to higher figures. A number of houses have withdrawn offerings in order to protect customers. Reports were heard of an offering of 10 tons at 16clb. f.o.b. Coast, but delivery of same was questioned owing to unknown integrity of seller. Factors in this market thought that the asking price was not in line with present situation.

Celery Seed—Has advanced and now quoted at 30c@ 32clb. spot, but as arrivals are entered, the tendency is to easier figures.

Chamomile Flowers—Roman lower at \$1.00@\$1.10lb. spot, and Hungarian at 9c@10clb. spot.

Clover Tops-Firm at 24c@26clb. spot.

Damiana Leaves—Quoted higher at 13½c@14clb. spot owing to active demand and small supplies here.

Dandelion Root—Named higher at 22c@23clb. spot with possibilities of firmer figures in near future. Stocks small and offerings limited.

Ergot-Lower at 38c@40clb. spot. Demand routine with tendency for accumulation.

Galbanum Gum-Lower at 80c@95clb. spot.

Gamboge Gum—Easier at \$1.00@\$1.05lb. spot for whole, and \$1.05@\$1.10lb. for powdered.

Insect Powder—Quoted at 62c@64clb. spot as to quantity and seller. Shipment for October named at 44clb. c.i.f. New York.

Ipecac Root—Cartagena higher at \$2.00@\$2.05lb. spot for whole, and \$2.10@\$2.15lb. for powdered.

Japan Wax—Lower at 16½ c@17clb. spot due to easier position in primary market. Shipment for October and November named at 15½ clb. c.i.f. New York.

Leeches-Lower at \$6.00 per 100 spot.

Lobelia Herb-Easier at 22c@23clb. spot.

Mandrake Root-Lower owing to competition at 20c @22clb. spot.

Manna-Small flake higher at 45c@50clb. spot with supplies of large flake practically off market.

Rhubarb Root-Quoted easy at 38c@40clb. spot for whole, and 45c@46clb, for powdered.

Sarsaparilla Root-Mexican lower at 26c@27clb. spot due to easier tendencies in primary market. Honduras

Spikenard Root-Firm and in active demand at 27c@ 28clb. spot.

Stramonium Leaves-Higher at 7c@8clb. spot.

White Pine Bark-Firm at 7c@8clb. spot with higher

Wormseed-Levant reported nominally at \$4.001b. and American in good supply at 9c@10clb. spot.

NEW OFFICERS ELECTED BY N.W.D.A.

Officers of the National Wholesale Druggists Association, elected at the Cleveland meeting are: President, George Barret Moxley, Indianapolis; first vice president, A. H. Van Gorder, Cleveland; second vice president, O. C. Long, Houston, Tex.; third vice president, William Jay Schieffelin, Jr., New York; fourth vice president, J. J. McNamara, New Orleans; fifth president, F. H. Garrett, Council Bluffs, Ia .: new members Board of Control: R. R. Ellis, Memphis, Tenn.; Sewall D. Andrews, Minneapolis; Ludwig Schiff, Los Angeles; M. E. Sherman, Des Moines, Iowa; secretary, Charles H. Waterbury, New York; general representative, Francis E. Holliday, New York; treasurer, Title Guaranty and Trust Co., New York.

A report of the work done by the advisory committee on traffic in opium and other habit-forming drugs, of the fourth assembly of the League of Nations, has been sent to President Coolidge by Representative Porter, chairman of the American delegation, which attended the conference. Representative Porter declares suppression of this trade means more to the people of the world than prohibition,

The importation of crude drugs, herbs, leaves and roots in August were the lowest of the year, only 5,-312,416 pounds, worth \$414,894 being received. to the amount of 328,743 pounds, worth \$247,700, represented a gain over August of last year but a loss from July of this year.

Travelers from abroad report an influenza epidemic in Europe. It originated in Russia. One dealer in chemicals thought there might be a demand for medicinal products in the near future as in 1917-1918, when quinine and acetylsalicylic acid were actively sought.

- H. H. Schlueter, formerly with Meyer Bros. Drug Co., is now associated with Thompson, Hayward & Schlueter, St. Louis, and will have charge of the St. Louis territory.
- F. P. Wentworth, New York, has obtained judgment against American Medical Products Co., New York, for \$1,039.81.
- C. A. Senger & Co., Chicago, who handle crude drugs and chemicals, are now located at 59 West Austin

Lehn & Fink have filed judgment for \$1,181.51 against Albert's Lenox Ave. Drug Store, New York.

COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOL URGES SEPARATE CONTROL FOR INDUSTRY

Oppose Plan To Make Commissioner Responsible To President Only-Criticise Haynes for Curtailment of Supplies Needed in Manufacturing

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Washington, D. C., Oct. 24-The Alcohol Trades Advisory Committee has made a report to the Internal Revenue Bureau declaring emphatic opposition to the plan to create an independent prohibition enforcement bureau responsible only to the President, on the ground that it would prove "a pernicious handicap to scientific research and lawful industry." The committee recommends that an industrial alcohol commissioner or a deputy commissioner of internal revenue entirely independent of the prohibition commissioner be appointed to deal with industrial alcohol. It is declared that the action of a former Commissioner of Internal Revenue in placing in the hands of the prohibition commissioner authority over the manufacture, transportation, sale and use of industrial alcohol "was illegal by implication, illogical by any method of sound reasoning, economically impracticable, and should be forthwith corrected."

The report continues: "In our opinion, the fault does not lie with the law, but in the administration thereof. We yield to no one in our adherence to the principle of law enforcement, but surely the National Prohibition Act can be so administered as not to interfere with the health, economic needs, and the national defense of the country, although this is apparently challenged

by some 'dry' advocates.

The attitude of a prohibition commissioner toward science and industry is sufficiently shown by an official bulletin issued on Oct. 28, 1922, in which he stated that: 'Effectiveness of enforcement is shown by results in curtailing the source of supply of whiskey for medicinal use and grain alcohol for industrial and drug purposes, such curtailment being reflected in the reduction of tax-paid withdrawals of alcohol as measured in tax

The committee was appointed by the Internal Revenue Bureau to make an investigation of conditions. Its members are: William A. Sailer, of Baltimore, representing the American Drug Manufacturers' Association; H. E. Howe, Washington, American Chemical Society; W. J. Schieffelin, New York, National Wholesale Druggists' Association; Samuel E. Henry, Chicago, National Association of Retail Druggists; J. H. Beal, Urbana, Ill., American Pharmaceutical Association; Martin H. Ittner, Jersey City, American Manufacturers of Toilet Articles; Frank A. Blair, The Proprietary Association: R. H. Bond, Baltimore, Flavoring Extract Manufacturers' Association; Charles L. Reese, Wilmington, Del., Manufacturing Chemists' Association, R. M. Cain, Indianapolis, American Pharmaceutical Manufacturers' Association.

Gaston B. Means was held in \$15,000 bail by Judge John C. Knox, of the U. S. District Court, on Monday, on four indictments by a Federal grand jury on charges of conniving to withdraw liquor from bond, illegally. Eimar W. Jarnecke, of Philadelphia, was indicted with Means. They are accused of accepting bribes for releasing whiskey from the Sam Thompson distillery, Prownsville, Pa., the Sweet Springs distillery warehouse, Harrodsburg, Pa., and other warehouses. Means was in the employ of the Prohibition unit.

John Powell & Co., New York, importers of crude drugs, have leased the building at 189 Water st. for a term of years.

The Essential Oil Market

Current Spot Quotations of Essential Oils, 1148, Aromatic Chemicals 1149

OIL CITRONELLA ADVANCES SHARPLY

No Pure Oil Available on Spot, According to the Trade

—Oil Bergamot Higher—Redistilled Cassia Lower—
Oil Cardamom Higher—Italian Orange Firmer—Oil
Peppermint and Wormseed Lower—Terpineol Active

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Ad	vanced	

Oil Oil	Bergamot, Cardamom,	Coppers, 5c \$3.00 fb.	tb.	Oil Oil	Citronella, Orange, It	Ceylon, alian, 10	10c tb.
			De	clined	1		

Oil Cassia, Redistilled, 10c lb. Oil Peppermint, Nat'l, 5c lb. Oil Sassafras, Artif., 2c lb. Oil Wornseed, 25c lb.

Tre	nd of	the M	arket Last	Last	War	Pre-
	Today	Week	Month	Year	Peak	War
Oil Bergamot	\$2.75	\$2.70	\$2.65	\$3.15	\$7.00	\$5.00
Oil Citronella, Ceylon		.75	.70	.461/2	.92	.60
Oil Cloves	2.25	2.25	2 10	1.90	3.70	1.40
Oil Lemon, Italian	.70	.70	.70	.65	1.70	2.00
Oil Peppermint, Nat	3.05	3.10	3.15	2 70	9.00	2.25
Oil Sandalwood, E. I	7.25	7.25	7.35	6.65	13.00	5.25
Oil Sassafras, Artif	.38	.40	.40	.42	1.00	.26
Benzaldehyde, U.S.P	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.40	5.15	1.50
Coumarin	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.00	31.00	3.10
Methyl Salicylate, Cans	.47	.47	.47	.47	1.00	.90
Vanillin		.40	.40	.45	.95	.20
Average	2.20	2.21	2.19	2.06	6.83	2.05

No unusual developments have been noted in the essential oil market during the week. Within the month prices have hardened to such an extent that buying in a large way has practically ceased and goods are now passing into consumption in small lots. With the continued high cost of raw materials, the finished products cannot be made up to sell at attractive figures. However, low priced oils are being consumed, but buyers, as a rule, are inclined to insist on quality, and pay the amount asked. With the replacement costs generally equal, and in some cases higher than spot values, lower prices are expected in the near future. Present stocks are said to be none too heavy for this time of the season. Price shading induced by competition and pressure to sell, is more than overbalanced in the current market by the firmness shown in a number of items. First-hand reports were received from Canada and the Middle West stating that, while business at the moment is more or less routine, the potential buying power of the essential oil users is fully up to last year. The high quotation of citronella has induced a number of soap manufacturers to change to terpineol. Oil caraway is scarce and higher. Oil eucalyptus has advanced again. Gils peppermint and wormseed are lower owing to weakness in the country.

Essential Oils

Oil Amber—Rectified in small demand at 90c@\$1.00 lb. spot.

Oil Angelica Root—Demand quiet and prices steady at \$38.00@\$39.00lb. spot.

Oil Anise—Spot quoted easy at 45c@50clb. for U.S.P. with possibility of shading these figures on firm business owing to the accumulation of supplies for the past few months. Technical at 42½c@45clb. spot. During past week 16 drums were entered at New York.

Oil Bay—Demand routine with stocks ample for all immediate needs at \$2.50@\$2.60lb. spot.

Oil Bergamot—Coppers have advanced and now quoted at \$2.75@\$2.85lb. spot owing to better demand and higher shipment figures.

Oil Bois de Rose—Spot quoted firm at \$2.40@\$2.50 lb. The expected increase has not as yet taken place, but stocks are reported to be well cleaned up.

Oil Cajuput—Native named at 80c@85clb. spot. The importation of 200 cases last week at New York was the first arrival in this market for some time.

Oil Calamus-Quiet at \$4.25@\$4.75lb. spot.

Oil Camphor—Japanese quoted steady at 13½c@15c lb. spot for cases and 13c@15clb. spot for drums. Last week saw 100 drums entered at New York. Out-of-town inquiries reported active.

Oil Caraway—Quoted firm at \$7.75@\$8.50lb. spot with one house asking \$8.75lb. inside. Buying active with prices tending to hold firm due to the "shorts," who are reported to have sold large quantities for future delivery.

Oil Cardamom—Spot has advanced sharply and now quoted at \$25.00@\$27.00lb. spot owing to strength of seed.

Oil Cassia—Redistilled lower at \$3.00@\$3.10lb. spot due to small demand. Supplies here are said to be none too plentiful. Natural named at \$2.45@\$2.50lb. spot. Last week saw 10 drums entered at New York.

Oil Cedar Leaf-Lower at \$1.05@\$1.151b. spot.

Oil Celery-Firm at \$8.50@\$9.00lb. spot.

Oil Citronella—Ceylon quoted higher at 80c@85clb. spot drums as to quality. One factor stated that in his opinion no pure oil was obtainable on spot. Supplies are limited with little material imported lately. Shipment quoted 89clb. laid down here, guaranteed free from alcohol, but not necessarily free from mineral oil, while absolutely pure oil for shipment is named at 96clb. spot laid down here. Last week 35 drums were entered at New York. Exports from Colombo for eight months ended August 31 were 796,517 pounds, of which United States received 508,761 pounds, according to a report. Java firm at 90c@95clb. spot for drums.

Oil Cloves-Firm at \$2.25@\$2.351b. spot for cans.

Oil Copaiba—Stocks of U.S.P. ample at 35c@40clb. spot.

Oil Eucalyptus—Firm and in active demand at 57clb. spot for drums and 60c@63clb. spot for cases. Reports are heard that distillers cannot meet competition for labor.

Oil Geranium—Bourbon firm with spot lower than replacement at \$7.50@\$8.00lb. African at \$8.00@\$8.50lb. spot.

Oil Lavender—Buying reported active at \$4.00@\$5.50 lb. spot for U.S.P. Stocks of cheap oil are becoming reduced. Spike firm at 60c@65clb. spot.

Oil Lemon—Italian steady at 70c@85clb. spot as to seller and quality. Shipment shows firmer tendencies. American at 95c@\$1.00lb. spot.

Oil Mustard—Quoted at \$2.70@\$3.00lb. spot with little goods available at inside figure.

Oil Orange—Italian firmer at \$3.25@\$3.60lb. spot as to quality and seller. West Indian named at \$2.15@\$2.25 lb. spot.

Oil Peppermint—Natural easier at \$3.05@\$3.15lb. spot, and redistilled at \$3.30@\$3.40lb. spot.

Oil Wormseed—Lower at \$3.75@\$4.25lb, owing to weakness in country.

Aromatic Chemicals

Coumarin—Makers report steady demand at \$4.50@ \$4.65lb. spot. Resales available at \$4.35lb. spot with tendency to firmness. England states certain supplies there have been heavily adulterated.

Heliotropin—Imported quoted at \$2.50@\$2.75lb. spot. Last week 3 cases were imported at New York, Domestic at \$2.00@\$2.25lb. spot.

Methyl Salicylate—First hands report dull market at the moment at 45c@47clb. spot as to quantity. Resales available at 43c@45clb. spot.

Terpineol—Firm and in active demand at 54c@55clb. spot for drums owing to switching of soap makers from high priced citronella to this item.

Tolu Balsam—Scarce and firm at \$2.25@\$2.35lb. spot, if procurable.

MAY GET OIL FROM OREGON ROSES

The climate in Western Oregon seems perfectly adapted to the growth of roses, but when compared with those produced in France, the flowers seem to lack in odor, according to Warren Burns in "The Perfumery and Essential Oil Record." He says, "Through the courtesy of Jesse A. Currey, of Portland, I visited his, as well as others of the best rose gardens in that vicinity. Mr. Currey has specialized in growing roses for many years, and has in his garden most of the known varieties. Several of the varieties seem to promise results if an effort should be made to propagate them for commercial purposes. I was informed that only laboratory experiments have been made so far with the Oregon roses and that no extensive effort has been made to ascertain their commercial possibilities. This is due principally to lack of knowledge as to the best methods of obtaining the oil."

Palmolive Co. will be incorporated as Palmolive Co. of Delaware with authorized capital of \$12,000,000, of which \$4,000,000 will be issued now. The Delaware corporation will operate all plants except the Milwaukee plant and sales office in Wisconsin. This part of the business will be conducted by a separate corporation which also may be organized in Delaware. Holders of the present preferred stock will be asked to exchange for Palmolive Co. of Delaware stock which will pay the same rate. To facilitate the exchange the old stock will be redeemed at 105, the legal rate, and the new will be issued on the basis of 101, giving a 4 point profit.

Natural factors give to European distillers of caraway seed, particularly the Dutch, an advantage over producers in other parts of the world. Success to them, however, depends in a large measure on a favorable purchase of the seed, a rich oil yield and a good demand for spent seed. The largest production of seed is in the Netherlands, where, in a normal year 5,527 hectares (one hectare=about 2½ acres) were under cultivation, yielding 117,918 bags of 50 kilos.

Perfumery, Soap and Allied Industries of New York will resume its meetings on Tuesday, Oct. 30, when a dinner will be held at the Hotel Astor, followed by discussion of trade subjects. Dinner will be served at 7 o'clock. Reservations should be made through Karl Voss, secretary, 30 E. 42nd st.

V. Vivaudou, New York, perfumer, has obtained judgment against Isadore Fried for \$380.32.

CONTINUED DROUGHT IN VANILLA DISTRICT (Special Correspondence to Drug & Chemical Markets)

Vera Cruz, Mexico, Oct. 6—The size of the Mexican vanilla crop for the coming season cannot be estimated until late in December. This year's crop is about 30 per cent less than last year's, or about the size of the 1921 and 1922 crop. The Papantla district will have the best crop of any of the vanilla producing sections, due to the fact that it is higher up in the mountains and more rain has fallen, but not the usual amount. It has been a dry season. They are having some rain now, but it is too late to do any good, as the beans have all formed.

In the districts of Gutierrez Zamora, Colonia San Rafael, Nautla and Misantla, there will be far less vanilla in proportion to the regular crop, than in the Papantla district. There has been a continued drought in the Masantla district, the longest experienced for thirty years. Planters complain that the beans are falling off the vines.

Buying will not begin until the last of this month. No contracts can be made with the native Indians because they always wait for higher prices, and will not consider any offers until they are ready to sell their beans.

OIL DISTILLER FINDS LABOR SCARCE

Eucalyptus oil distillers cannot meet labor competition from timber mills and sell at a profit, according to a distiller, who writes in the "Chemist and Druggist of Australasia". He says, "It is very strange that the distiller cannot pass on the expenses, as all other industries can. I went up to our distillery recently to see what chance there is for doing a big trade again. Our men are now willing to go ahead, but there is a timber mill close by where mere boys just from school get 16s 8d per day, pay starting from the time they leave their homes until they reach their work, and they knock off if it rains, and get pay just the same. Eucalyptus oil won't stand that, and the timber mill was standing idle, with about eight acres of land absolutely covered with seasoned timber stacked high-whilst that very timber was wanted everywhere at a reasonable price. I can get just enough oil to keep going, but don't intend to send it to England, although two houses alone would take ten tons per annum. But they want it at a price which I cannot distill it at to make it at to make anything out of it, so I won't do it. There's the positionthey sell it easily at 3s per lb., and offer 1s 5d-so the lcaves may stay in the bush so far as the English trade is concerned. Eucalyptus distillers in the forests of Bendigo and district state that there is a paucity of oil in the foliage this winter, which is attributed to the abnormal rainfall."

L. P. Lamoureux, of Belgian Trading Co., New York, manufacturers of aromatic chemicals, recently returned from a trip through Canada and the Middle West. He says that buyers are not stocking ahead owing to the high prices now quoted. If prices do not recede in the near future, the buyers will be compelled to come in the market in a big way to get needed supplies.

Essential oil prices in London are generally firm, according to "Chemist and Druggist." Bois de rose, geranium and petit grain are tending upwards. Spanish spike is higher, and sassafras oil is scarce and dearer. Cassia oil is a shade easier and American peppermint is inactive at present, while both spot and c.i.f. quotations in some directions are lower.

The Foreign Markets

Imports of Drugs and Chemicals, page 1151

SENNA AND JAPANESE MINT OIL HIGHER

Prices Advanced Also on Guaiacol Carbonate, Hexamine, Phenazone and Salol—Market Is Easier for Acetic Acid, Menthol, Shellac and Prussiate of Potash (Special Cable to Drug & Chemical Markets)

London, Oct. 24—Senna, Japanese mint oil, guaiacol carbonate, hexamine, phenazone and salol are higher. Prices are easier for acetic acid, menthol, shellac and prussiate of potash.

London, Oct. 13 (By Mail)—Offers from Germany which have been persistent for months past have nearly ceased for the time being. A few offers of heavy chemicals and drugs show an advance in prices.

Cascara sagrada has further advanced and the demand continues brisk. Sales are reported up to 117s 6d per cwt. for matured bark and few forward offers are obtainable.

Opium continues a strong market. Cables just received from Smyrna report further sales to Japan at advancing rates up to 27s 6d having been paid for 111/2/8 material.

Formaldehyde continues to arrive freely and the market has given way sharply to £62 per ton.

Cantharides have advanced to 6s per lb. with forward offers from Russia at 5s per lb. c.i.f.

Fine Chemicals—There is a marked improvement in the demand for several French and German specialties notably guaiacol carbonate @ 10s per lb. being dearer; aspirin is in short supply @ 3s 2d per lb.; veronal has advanced to 18s per lb.; salol is cheaper at 3s per lb.

Many salicylates are very firm with upward tendency, but present prices do not yet leave manufacturers a sufficient margin of profit to warrant an increase in production. Stocks therefore remain short.

Phenazone—Business has been done at the higher price of 7s 6d per 1b.

Liquorice root, Italian, is in very good supply at 26s 6d per cwt.

Oil of peppermint, U. S. A., is in less demand and can be shaded to 14s 6d per lb. on lower limits cabled from your side.

Total sales by the Chilean Nitrate Producers' Association for shipment after July 1, 1923, amount to 1,280,000 English tons, unshipped sales on June 30, 1923, 140,000 tons, and estimated sales of 90,000 tons by companies outside the association, according to Aitken & Co., Ltd., London. Of the total about 770,000 tons are for Europe, 600,000 tons for United States, 140,000 tons for Japan and other countries. July-September deliveries to the United States amounted to 124,000 tons against 69,000 tons last year.

Wormseed obtained from India has been examined by the Imperial Institute and found to contain 1 per cent santonin, according to a recent Bulletin of the Federation of British Industries. About 190 tons are said to be available for export.

Canada produced 2,576 tons of arsenic in 1922, an increase of 1,085 tons over the 1921 output.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE	Par (urrent
Great Britain (pound sterling)	\$4.886	\$4.520
France (franc)		
Italy (lira)	193	.045
Germany (mark) per hundred		
Czechoslovakia (crown) per hundred		.029
Poland (marks) per hundred	23.80	.0001
Japan (yen)	499	.488
Spain (peseta)		
Holland (guilder)	402	.391
Belgium (franc)	193	.051
Switzerland (franc)	193	.179
Sweden (crown)	268	.264
Denmark (crown)		.175
Argentina (peso)	424	.325
Brazil (milreis)	324	.094
China (Silver dollar-Hongkong)	789	.517
(Tael-Shanghai, silver)	1.082	.697
(Tael-Peking, silver)	1.156	.737

QUICKSILVER PRICES LOWER IN SPAIN

Statistics showing sales of quicksilver and stocks on hand January to July, 1923, as reported by the board of directors of the Mines of Almaden and Arrayanes, have been received by the Department of Commerce from Consul H. A. Boncher, Barcelona:

Number of fi Produced	asks (1)		
or entered in	With- drawn for	Stock on hand at end	Value of sales
warehouses	sale	of month	Pesetas (2)
January 4,510	8,773	24,594	2,270,603
February 5,591	6,760	23,425	1,794,085
March 5.784	9,065	20,144	2,262,280
April 4,380	7,900	16,624	2,134,244
May 1,570	832	17,362	225,677
June 1,565	440	18,487	129,159
July 185	1,039	17,633	320,442
TOTALS 23,585	34,809		9,136,490

(1) Each flask contains 34.5 kilograms of quicksilver.

(2) 1 peseta equals \$0.193 at normal, or about \$0.14 at current rate of exchange.

The Consejo de Administracion in meeting on Aug. 7 fixed the price of quicksilver at 297 pesetas per flask of 34.5 kilograms at mine warehouse, with 3½ per cent for cash. Buyers of 1,000 or more flasks are to be conceded an additional 6 per cent discount, which is also to be granted Spanish buyers who use quicksilver in their industry, provided they have paid their corresponding industrial or commercial tax and do not export the quicksilver. One peseta per flask is charged for delivering the quicksilver on board cars at Almaden. It will be noted that the prices have fallen considerably since the end of June, when quicksilver was selling at 340 pesetas per flask.

Robert Culver, London, who was said to have a secret method for making dyes at a fraction of the usual cost, died recently in London. Several years ago he formed a company, which failed owing to the dishonesty of some of its officials and he was reduced to poverty. The process was discovered by a relative in Germany who was killed during the war and no one has the formula.

Agar agar is being produced from seaweed collected off the coast of Mexico, according to a report by Consul Hope, Ensenada, Lower California, Mexico. The collection and exportation is carried on under permits issued by the Mexican Government. The seaweed is said to give a product that is very clear and nearly tasteless.

FOREIGN MARKETS FOR MEDICINALS

Commerce Department Tells of Opportunities in Europe and South America

A special report on markets for American pharmaceutical, medicinal and biological preparations has been issued by the Department of Commerce, drawing attention to the opportunities in Europe and South America, and pointing out the competition to be met in leading countries. Germany is still obtaining the largest share of the business in Norway and Sweden, the report says, but is gradually losing her dominant position. The statement says:

"The important thing for American exporters of drugs to consider is the increasing prestige of American goods. The Danish Government manufactures the vaccine used for animals and furnishes it to the cattle owners at the cost of production. Consequently American vaccines would find no market there, except perhaps a new-patented product. The United States is also handicapped in putting medicinal preparations on that market, since the Danish drug law of April 29, 1913, practically prohibits the advertising of any medicinal preparation in Denmark.

"In spite of Holland's proximity to European centers of production, American exporters have been able to sell pharmaceutical products to advantage. It is our third largest European market.

"Great Britain is a producer of vaccines, serums, and pharmaceutical products. Patent medicines and drug solutions are in great demand in that country and American patent medicines occupy a prominent place in the market. However, in the case of drug solutions British and French manufacturers seem to be more prominent. Certain patented serums from Germany enjoy a market in Great Britain. American patent medicines are extensively sold and well received in the Irish Free State.

"France, though one of America's leading customers in Europe for medicinal preparations, is a relatively small purchaser, as there is a large manufacture of these articles, especially serums and vaccines, in that country.

"The market for medicinal and pharmaceutical products in Austria and Hungary is practically controlled by Germany and Czechoslovakia, although Austria is a producer of these articles.

"The market for pharmaceutical products in Italy is largely supplied by Germany, which is favored by proximity and the low rate of exchange. The possibility of getting more American drugs into this market will depend upon the price and quality.

"In the northern South American countries—Venezuela and Colombia—the United States has the advantage of proximity and direct transportation, and these countries have proved to be good fields for American products. The market for medicinals and pharmaceuticals in Brazil is small compared to what it might be were the good quality of American goods known and recognized. Diseases such as malaria, hookworm, and anemia are prevalent. In order to create a demand for patent medicines in Argentina it is well to introduce them into the hospitals of Buenos Aires; the result will soon be known in the interior cities. Many American proprietary medicines have been introduced by extensive advertising."

A bill has been passed in the Australian House of Representatives providing for the appropriation of £100,000 each year, from which is to be paid a bounty of £2 5s per ton on all sulfur produced in Australia from Australian pyrites and other sulfide ores or concentrates.

JAVA INCREASES QUININE EXPORTS

No Direct Shipments Made to United States—Italy Imports Less, India More

(Special Correspondence to Drug & Chemical Markets)
Buitinzorg, Java, Sept. 14.—During the first six
months of the current year the total exports of quinine
salts from Java show a marked increase over the figures
for the corresponding period of last year, although they
are less than shipments for the first half of 1921, when
129,783 kilos were shipped. Last year the figure fell to
56,208 kilos, but this year rose to 94,370 kilos. Holland imported 53,138 kilos, against only 74 kilos last
year, whereas Japan's share rose from 3,852 kilos for
the first six months of last year to 3,875 kilos during
the Jan.-June period this year.

Exports to Italy, always a big quinine consumer, decreased from 30,067 kilos to 7,184 kilos. British India, on the contrary, has increased her imports from 10,906 kilos to 14,650 kilos.

There have been no direct shipments of quinine salts from Java to the United States since 1921, when the United States took 6,389 kilos.

The amount of cinchona bark exported from Java during the first six months of 1923 aggregated 2,853 metric tons, 102 tons less than shipments during the corresponding period of last year, and 678 tons more than the figure for the first half of 1921.

Holland, the biggest market for the Java barks, decreased her imports from 2,042 tons in 1922, to 1,842 tons during the first half of 1923. Great Britain and Japan, on the other hand, have materially increased their imports, Great Britain from 53 tons in 1922 to 257 tons this year, and Japan from 413 tons to 509 tons.

As quantities taken by the quinine manufacturers during last year were below the normal production of the associated estates, the latter were allowed to store their excess stocks on the estates for so long as they were not required by the Amsterdam manufacturers or the Bandoeng factory. The total amount of bark stored on the estates at the beginning of December last year was reported as about 2,400 tons. Under the altered terms of the contract, the quinine manufacturers must take over from the growers the equivalent in bark of the quantity of quinine sold by them, with a minimum of 300,000 kilos of sulfate of quinine per year.

The British producers, who control about 4,500 acres, formed an Association in 1922, selling their whole production to one London quinine manufacturer. This contract expires in 1927.

Most of the estates other than those in the combine, but which have a production of little importance at present, though promising for the future, are owned by Japanese.

The prices for sulfate of quinine, which were forced up by manufacturers during the war, now appear to be too high for the retail trade, and though they are gradually declining, they are still too high to ensure regular sales.

The plan of producers to erect their own so-called "crudum factory" in Java, and thus become a competitor and get a bigger say in the run of the business, was abandoned in 1921, owing to lack of support.

Sales prices of German synthetic nitrogen products (for internal consumption) were announced on Sept. 24, and fixed at 1.05 gold marks for ammonium sulfate, 1.17 gold marks for sodium nitrate, and 1. gold mark for cyanamide, all per unit of nitrogen per 100 kilos. Production is reported greatly reduced owing to unsettled conditions in Germany.

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Leather Chemicals

NEWFOUNDLAND OIL IN SHORT SUPPLY

Small Catch This Season Keeps Prices at High Levels

—Formic Acid in Steady Demand—Conservative
Buying in Extracts—Prussiates Continue Easy—
Bichromates Holding Steady—Soda Ash Lower

Trend of the Market

	Today		Last Month	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Acid, Acetic, 28%	\$3.38	\$3.38	\$3.38	\$2.921/3	17.00	\$1.50
Acid, Formic		.12	.12	.18	1.50	.07
Acid, Lactic, 22% dark					.07	.02
Potassium Bichromate		.091/	.091/2	.10	.65	.063/4
Epsom Salt, tech	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.70	3.75	1.00
Sodium Prussiate		.131/2		.23	1.25	.18
Soda Ash, 58%	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	4.10	.69
Sodium Bichromate		.071/8	.073/4	$.07\frac{1}{2}$.45	.043/4
Sodium Hyposulfite	2.75	2.75	2.75	3.10	3.75	1.30
Sodium Sulfide, 60%	.04	.04	.04	$.04\frac{1}{2}$.101/4	.021/4
		_				
Average	989	.989	.989	.984	3.267	.528

While there has been some improvement in the volume of business in leather chemicals, buying is still along conservative lines, indicating that consumers have not yet swung into their full production. Indications point to increased activity in leather chemicals as tanners in some directions resume operations or gradually increase their output. Chemicals have been holding fairly steady in price. Newfoundland cod oil is in small supply and sellers are asking higher prices as stocks become more difficult to obtain. Menhaden is also firm. Extracts are moving in moderate volume. Bichromates are unchanged. Prussiates continue easy. Soda ash and caustic soda are lower in one direction for contract business over 1924.

Acid, Acetic—Some sections are taking supplies steadily, while others are quiet. Prices are unchanged with makers quoting the schedule, 28%, \$3.38@\$3.63; 56%, \$6.75@\$7.00; 70%, \$8.38@\$8.63; glacial, \$12.78@\$13.53.

Acid, Formic—Continues in active demand with prices holding at 12c@14clb.

Acid, Lactic—Demand from tanning interests has been holding up well. Prices have shown no change and are quoted 22%, dark, 4½c@5clb.; light, 5½c@6clb.; 44%, dark, 9½c@10clb.; light, 11½c@12clb.; 66%, dark, 14½c@15clb.; light, 25c@30clb.

Arsenic—Red sulfide is steady at 15c@151/2clb. on routine demand.

Epsom Salt—Prices have shown no change from previous quotations. Technical is named at \$1.80@\$2.00 according to quantity. Imported material named at 90c@\$1.00. Domestic U.S.P. at \$2.15@\$2.50.

Extracts—Buying continues along conservative lines though a better feeling prevails among sellers of extracts in regard to future business. Nearly 26,000 packages of myrobalans were entered at New York last week. Prices have been holding fairly steady with 2c@2½clb.; cutch, 4¾c@5½clb.; logwood, 7c@12clb.; gambier, 8½c@9½clb.; myrobalans, 4c@5clb.; quebracho, 3c@4clb.; sumac, 7c@9clb.

Formaldehyde—Small orders constitute the bulk of buying. Supplies are in generous volume and prices holding at 12c@12½clb.

Oils—Some sellers are higher in their prices for Newfoundland oil owing to scarcity and difficulty in obtaining supplies. Prices are quoted at 70c@72c per gallon in barrels. Menhaden operators are asking 50c gallon for crude oil but buyers are holding off. Refined oils are holding at 65c@68c for light strained and 69c@71c for yellow bleachetl. Neatsfoot oil is unchanged at 16½c for 20° and 13¾c for the pure.

Potassium Bichromate—Buying has shown a little improvement on spot and for contracts. Competition continues keen with prices holding at 9½c@9¾clb.

Soda Ash—One maker has announced a reduction in prices for deliveries on contract over 1924. Increased business is stated to be the reason for quoting lower prices. New prices name 58% light ash in bags at \$1.38 per 100 lbs., and dense, \$1.45, compared with \$1.45 and \$1.51. Ex-warehouse business, N. Y., named at \$2.00 in bags and \$2.25 in barrels.

Sodium Bichromate—Competition continues active and business is reported to be improving gradually. Prices holding at 71/80@75%clb. depending upon seller and quantity.

Sodium Prussiate—An easy tone still prevails and sales are being made at 13clb. though most sellers quote 13½clb. for imported. Domestic named at 14clb.

Sodium Sulfide—Supplies are still plentiful and easily taking care of present demand. Improved buying is reported in some directions. Solid and broken named at 344c@5clb. according to quantity and seller. Crystals, 2c@2½clb.

ARGENTINA'S CALFSKIN EXPORTS TO U.S.

Argentine exports of calfskins exhibit a markedly increasing tendency, according to official statistics recently published showing the quantities and destinations of the principal Argentine exports from January 1 to August 2, 1923, according to Consul General Robertson, of Buenos Aires. During 1922 there were exported from this country 1,368,452 calfskins, against 419,803 in 1921 and 205,471 in 1920. During the first seven months of 1923, 759,365 calfskins have been sent forward, as against 509,582 and 70,993, respectively, in the corresponding months of 1921 and 1920.

The United States took 1,005,310 skins of the 1,368,452 exported in 1922, and 366,878 of the 759,365 exported during the first seven months of this year. On the other hand, Germany, which took only 137,263 calfskins during the entire year 1922, has imported 244,010 during the first seven months of the current year. Italy took 143,448 calfskins in 1922, and 83,319 during the first seven months of 1923.

OTHER TANNING AND LEATHER MATERIALS

For reports on chemicals, oils, tanning extracts, and other raw materials for the leather industries not reported on this page, see the general market reports on the thirteen preceding pages. For the current market quotations on chemicals and allied products, with specifications and packing, see price list beginning on fifth page toward the back of the book. Prices are for goods f.o.b. New York or works for prompt shipment unless otherwise specified. Read full explanation on first page of price quotations.

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Paper Chemicals

CASEIN IMPORTATIONS AFFECT PRICES

Unsettled Market With Declines of 1½clb.—Bleaching Powder Selling at \$1.25—Improved Demand for Paper Chemicals—Chlorine Quoted for Contracts Over 1924—Salt Cake Moving Well—Rosin Lower

	end of t	Last	Last	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Aluminum Sulfate	\$2.40	\$2.40	\$2.40	\$2.40	\$5.50	\$1.50
Blanc Fixe	75.00	75.00	75.00	80.00	95.00	45.00
Bleaching Powder	1.25	1.25	1.75	2.00	9.50	1.50
Casein					.28	.20
China Clay, Dom	10.00	10.00	10.00	15.00	25.00	8.00
Chlorine	.051/2	.051/		.05	.30	.08
Salt Cake	21.00	21.00	21.00	25.00	80.00	21.00
Satin White	.011/2	.011/	.013/2		.05	.03
Sodium Silicate, 40°	.80	.80	.80	.95	1.75	2.00
Rosin, F grade	5.80	5.85	5.90	7.25	4.05	20.25
	_	_				
Average	. 11.25	11.30	11.71	14.54	20.14	6.95

Some improvement is reported in the demand for paper chemicals, but buying is still below normal for the season of the year. Pulp mills are said to be slow in resuming operations. Casein has been unsettled during the week owing to recent importations from the Argentine. These imports are arriving somewhat earlier than usual and in view of the quiet demand prices have declined about 1½clb. Sellers of bleaching powder have settled at \$1.25 for October, and \$1.50 will rule for the remaining two months. Chlorine is quoted at attractive prices for large business on contract for 1924. Salt cake is moving regularly. Sulfate of alumina is steady. Lower grades of rosin have declined.

Acid, Sulfuric—Demand for this acid continues steady and in good volume. Prices show no change from recent quotations with 66° in tanks named at \$15.00@ \$16.00 in tanks at works; in drums, \$1.10@\$1.25; carboys, \$1.25@\$1.50; 60° acid, \$9.00@\$10.00 in tanks. Oleum continues in limited supplies at \$18.00@\$19.00 ton in tanks and \$1.50@\$1.75 in drums.

Aluminum Sulfate—New business continues spasmodic but deliveries on contract are proceeding fairly well. Quotations are unchanged and range from \$1.35 @\$1.40 for commercial and \$2.25@\$2.40 for the iron-free.

Blanc Fixe—Domestic producers quote the dry at \$75.00@\$80.00 ton at works. Imported, \$70.00@\$72.00 ton. Pulp, \$50.00@\$55.00 ton.

Bleaching Powder—Practically all sellers are on the basis of \$1.25 for Oct., the price recently announced by one maker. Nov. and Dec. shipments named at \$1.50. Seasonal demand has been slow in recovering but improvement over summer buying is reported.

Casein—The market is easier owing to recent importations which have been arriving earlier than usual. Demand has not been up to expectations. Prices now quoted at 15clb. for the Argentine and 14c@14½clb. for domestic. Imports at New York last week included 920 bags and 1,368 boxes of casein.

China Clay—Little of interest aside from the regular contract deliveries. Prices are steady with quotations at \$10.00@\$15.00 for domestic material and \$16.00@\$22.00 for the imported.

Chlorine—Contracts for liquid chlorine in tank cars and carlots of ton tanks for 1924 named at 3½c@3¾clb. For business in cylinders prices are named at 5½c@6clb. Spot cylinders at 6c@8clb.

Salt Cake—Supplies are in fair volume and buying irregular. Prices range from \$21.00@\$24.00 ton according to seller and quantity.

Satin White—Unchanged at \$1.45@\$1.50 per 100 lbs. Sodium Bisulfide—Makers quoting the dry at 4½clb. and liquid at \$1.25@\$1.75 according to strength.

Sodium Silicate—Steady with 40° in tanks named at 70c and drums on spot \$1.30@\$1.40. Sixty degree in tanks, \$1.75.

Sulfur—Crude named at \$18.00@\$19.00 ton at mines and \$14.00@\$15.00 f.o.b. New York.

Rosin—New business has been slow in developing but contract deliveries are reported fairly steady. Prices are easier for the lower grades while better grades are firmer. B to K, \$5.80; M, \$5.85; N, \$6.15; WG, \$6.75; WW, \$7.00.

Shipments of paper from the United States during the month of August again showed an upward tendency, according to figures compiled by the Department of Commerce, reaching a total value of \$2,172,840, compared with \$2,079,267 during July, 1923, and \$2,076,985 during August of last year. Exports of newsprint were slightly greater than in August, but they were still approximately 50 per cent under those for August, 1922. Exports of book paper, on the other hand, which have shown a general upward tendency since the beginning of the year, have again fallen off although owing to better prices the value of the August shipments is somewhat greater than for the same month last year.

Recent statistics on paper production gathered by the government are those of 1921, which show a total production of 5,428,265 tons, of which were 1,739,801 tons paper board, 1,326,638 tons newsprint, 806,876 tons book paper, 703,788 tons wrapping paper, 230,912 tons fine paper, 216,781 tons building, 185,800 tissue, 104,572 tons bag, and 113,097 tons miscellaneous.

Belgo Canadian Paper Co. established a new record for daily production, recently, when over 300 tons of newsprint paper was produced in one day. This will be materially increased when the second of the two newsprint machines that are being installed comes into production toward the end of November.

Conventions of the Technical Association of the Pulp and Paper Industry, the Northern Division of the Cost Association of the Paper Industry, and the Northwest Division of the American Pulp and Paper Mill Superintendents' Association will be held at Appleton, Wis., on Oct. 26.

OTHER PULP AND PAPER MATERIALS

For reports on chemicals, bleaches, fillers, and other raw materials for the pulp and paper industries not reported on this page, see the general market reports on the thirteen pages immediately preceding LEATHER CHEMICALS. For current market quotations on chemicals and allied products with specifications and packing, see price list beginning on fourth page toward the back of the book. Prices are for goods f.o.b. New York or works for prompt shipment unless otherwise specified. Read full explanation on first page of price quotations.

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Rubber Chemicals

BENZENE QUOTED LOWER BY ONE SELLER

Others Expected to Follow Suit—Carbon Black Easy With Tendency to Accumulate—White Barytes Active—Hexamethylene Quiet—Acetone Firm—Mineral Rubber in Active Demand

Tre	nd of t	he Ma	rket			
	Today	Last Week	Last Month	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Carbon Black	\$.12	\$.12	\$.15	\$.15	\$.30	\$.14
Carbon Bisulfide	.06	.06	.06	.06	.50	.10
Carbon Tetrachl		.09	.09	.09	.70	.07
Benzene, Pure		.23	.25	.30	1.10	.25
Antimony Sulfide Crim		.39	.36	.35	.45	.35
Talc, Dom., Ref	18.00	18.00	18.00	20.00	40.00	15.00
Whiting, Dom	14.00	14.00	14.00	18.00	30.00	11.00
Zinc Oxide, Amer	.081/4	.081/4	.081/4	.07	.091/2	.09
Lithopone		.07	.07	.06	.08	.04
Sulfur	3.05	3.03	3.00	2.50	6.50	2.75
Average	3.608	3.638	3.606	4.158	7.972	2.979

This week saw a decided improvement in demand for rubber chemicals compared with the week previous. Activity has been noted over a broad field, and some factors think the end of the dull season has come. Buying has not been confined to small parcels, but several round lot orders have passed into consumption. With stocks none too heavy, except in a few cases, and with buyers apparently willing to take on more than routine requirements, a hopeful situation generally predominates the market at the moment. Statistics have come forward showing that the average income of automobile owners is \$1,400 per year. With these facts in view the rubber tire manufacturers are gradually turning their attention to making a cheap but serviceable tire.

One of the largest sellers of benzene has cut the price of 90 per cent material and quotes a flat rate of 21c gal., works, in tanks. Carbon black is showing easier tendencies due to increased production. Hexamethylene is easy. White barytes continues in active demand. Acetone is firm. Mineral rubber shows improvement.

Acid, Acetic—Some sections are taking supplies steadily, while others are quiet. Prices are unchanged with makers quoting the schedule, 28%, \$3.38@\$3.63; 56%, \$6.75@\$7.00; 70%, \$8.38@\$8.63; glacial, \$12.78@\$13.53.

Acetone—Acetone oil has been advanced to \$1.25@ \$1.30 per gallon. Stocks have been scarce and demand increasing steadily. Methyl acetone at \$1.17@\$1.20 gal. in drums, \$1.15 in tanks. C. P. acetone, 25c@25½clb.

Aniline Oil—Market quiet with consumption steady at 16c@17clb. works, and 17c@18clb. spot.

Aluminum Sulfate—Quoted steady at 5c@6clb. spot.

Antimony Sulfide—Quiet with consumption routine.
only at 19c@24clb. spot for golden, and 39c@50clb. for crimson as to quality.

Asbestine—Fair quantities are being absorbed at \$18 @\$20 ton works.

Benzene—Ninety per cent material has been cut by one of the largest sellers and now quoted at 21c@22c gal. works in tanks, and 26c@28c gal. in drums in sympathy with lower gasoline prices. Pure unchanged and easy at 23c@25c gal. in tanks, and 28c@31c gal. in drums. Export business reported at a standstill.

Blanc Fixe-Quiet at 4c@41/2clb. f.o.b. New York.

Carbon Bisulfide—Fair quantities passing into consumption at 6c@71/2clb. spot as to quality.

Carbon Black—Quoted at 12c@14clb. spot as to quantity and sellers, and contracts at 11½c@12clb. Compressed named at 13c@15clb. spot. Production has increased to such an extent that lower figures are likely, according to the trade. However, the expected increase in consumption will offset the larger producing to a certain degree.

China Clay—Quoted at \$13@\$20 ton at points of production for domestic, and imported at \$18@\$24 ton spot.

Dimethylaniline—Quiet at 41c@42clb. works.

Diphenylguanidine—Makers quote \$1.15@\$1.20lb. spot as to quantity, and limited amount of resales at \$1.10lb. Inquiries on increase.

Hexamethylene—Quoted easy at 82½c@85clb. spot as to quantity with possibility of shading these figures on firm offers.

Iron Oxide—Quoted at 3½c@7½clb. spot for Spanish, and 12c@16clb. for pure English.

Lithopone—Named at 7c@71/2clb. work's.

Mineral Rubber—Active and firm at \$35@\$50 ton for 300/315 quality.

Sulfur—Unchanged at \$3.05@\$3.30 cwt.; superfine at \$2.50@\$2.90; and chloride at 6c@7clb. spot.

Talc—Imported quoted in active demand at \$40 ton for French, and \$47@\$58 ton for Italian. During past week 2,600 bags were imported at New York.

White Barytes—Active and firm at \$27@\$33 ton works.

Whiting—Quiet at \$8@\$15 ton for domestic at points of production; gilders' bolted at \$1.10 cwt. and English cliffstone at \$1.50 cwt.

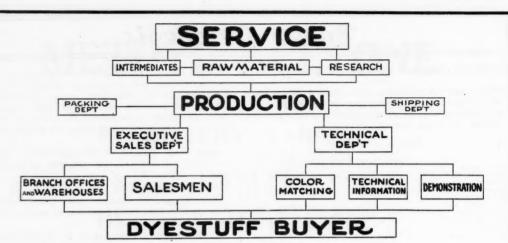
PREDICTS REVOLUTION IN RUBBER

Dr. Ernest A. Hauser, of Vienna, chief chemist for the Austrian Government and the Metallbank and Metallurgy Gesellschafft, who has been attending the World's Dairy Congress at Washington, is interested in rubber, and before sailing for home, on Saturday last, he said:

"I predict something quite revolutionary in rubber in the near future," he said, "both here and in Europe, but you have somewhat the lead on us in your scientific and mechanical progress respecting rubber. While there are certain things respecting this revolution which I cannot discuss, I believe that the rapid disposition to import latex in place of biscuit rubber is indicative of some of the improvement at hand.

"More and more we will get our rubber in the latex form and that will mean systematic standardization of the gum free from all the variations and impurities it has had in the past. That will mean a purer product and one more easily worked into secondary products. Your experts are pursuing research in latex that cannot but be felt in the near future. I am astonished at the volume of tires you make here, but even that will be small compared with the future of the industry, in my opinion."

A crude rubber plant has been erected at Para, Brazil, according to A. O. Pierro, who was sent to Brazil by the Department of Commerce. The plant has a capacity of seven to eight tons daily.



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"NATIONAL" DYES-

Textile Chemicals

LOWER PRICES FOR ALKALIS ON CONTRACT

Large Producer Announces Reduction for Deliveries in 1924—Bleaching Powder at Low Levels—Glauber's Salt in Better Demand—Copper Sulfate Lower— Starches and Dextrines Hold Recent Advances

	-					
Tre	end of t	he Mar Last		Last	War	Pre-
	Today	Week	Month	Year	Peak	War
Acid. Acetic, 28%	\$3.38	\$3.38	\$3,38	\$2.80	\$17.00	\$1.50
Acid, Oxalic	.113/4	.113/	.12	.14	.70	.071/4
Bleaching Powder	1.25	1.65	1.75	2.00	9.50	1.50
Copper Sulfate	4.90	5.00	5.00	5.90	20.00	4.50
Epsom Salt, U.S.P	. 2.15	2.15	2.15	2.25	4.25	1.50
Glauber's Salt	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.25	2.50	.80
Potash, Caustic, Imp	07	.07	.071/4	.061/2	.87	.12
Soda Ash, 58%		1.45	1.45	1.45	4.10	.69
Soda Caustic, 76% wks	3.161/2	3.161/2				1.80
Sodium Bichromate	071/8	.071/8	.073/4	.071/2	.45	.043/4
		_				
Average	. 1.780	1.790	1.830	1.805	4.800	. 1.42

Announcement of lower prices for caustic soda and soda ash for deliveries on contract over 1924 by a leading producer has been the most important development of the week. The new prices are 6c to 8c lower for ash, depending upon packing, and 6½c and 10c for caustic soda. The reduction is based upon quantity production made possible by the increased demand for alkalis during the year. Bleaching powder is selling at recently established lower levels. Glauber's salt is moving in better volume. Copper sulfate is lower.

Acid, Acetic—Some sections are taking supplies steadily, while others are quiet. Prices are unchanged with makers quoting the schedule, 28%, \$3.38@\$3.63; 56%, \$6.75@\$7.00; 70%, \$8.38@\$8.63; glacial, \$12.78@\$13.53.

Acid, Sulfuric—Demand for this acid continues steady and in good volume. Prices show no change from recent quotations with 66° in tanks named at \$15.00@\$16.00 in tanks at works; in drums, \$1.10@\$1.25; carboys, \$1.25@\$1.50; 60° acid, \$9.00@\$10.00 in tanks. Oleum continues in limited supplies at \$18.00@\$19.00 ton in tanks and \$1.50@\$1.75 in drums.

Bleaching Powder—Practically all sellers are on the basis of \$1.25 for Oct., the price recently announced by one maker. Nov. and Dec. shipments named at \$1.50. Seasonal demand has been slow in recovering but improvement over summer buying is reported.

Chlorine—Contracts for liquid chlorine in tank cars and carlots of ton tanks for 1924 named at 3½c@3¾clb. For business in cylinders prices are named at 5½c@6clb. Spot cylinders at 6c@8clb.

Glauber's Salt—Consumers have been taking increased supplies and buying in general has improved. Prices range from \$1.30@\$1.75 according to quantity for domestic material. Imported named at 85c@95c according to seller.

Potash, Caustic—The domestic producer has not been quoting. Imported is slightly firmer though quotations range from 7c@71/4clb. according to seller and quantity. Foreign producers are higher in their views and shipments are stated to be 7c@71/4cfb.

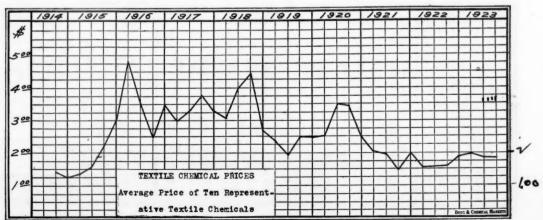
Potassium Bichromate—Buying has shown a little improvement on spot and for contracts. Competition continues keen with prices holding at 9½c@9¾clb.

Soda Ash—One maker has announced a reduction in prices for deliveries on contract over 1924. Increased business is stated to be the reason for quoting lower prices. New prices name 58% light ash in bags at \$1.38 per 100 lbs., and dense, \$1.45, compared with \$1.45 and \$1.51. Ex-warehouse business, N. Y., named at \$2.00 h. bags and \$2.25 in barrels.

Soda, Caustic—Lower prices for contract deliveries for 1924 announced by one producer. Carlots of 76% in drums named at \$3.10, a decline of 6½c. Increased production is said to have justified a slight reduction in prices. Other makers are quoting former prices. Dealers named small lots at \$3.70@\$3.85 according to quantity, ex-store. Export prices named at \$3.00@\$3.25 depending upon the sale.

Prices remain at levels reached by the recent advances. Demand has been improving steadily, especially from Southern sources. British Gum, \$4.44@\$4.59; white dextrine, \$4.09@\$4.19; canary, \$4.14@\$4.24; powdered starch, \$3.67@\$3.77; pearl, \$3.57@\$3.67. Tapioca flour, high grade, 6½c@6½clb.; medium, 4½c@44½clb.

Silk and woolen dyes are reported in steady demand but cotton colors continue quiet. The rise in cotton prices has affected the market in textiles and mills that failed to anticipate requirements are faced with high prices and are curtailing operations. Browns have been steady demand.



Prices Current of Fine and Heavy Chemicals, Drugs, Essential Oils, Dyestuffs and Oils

CLASSIFICATION—Prices quoted herein are listed in the following groups: Chemicals, including heavy and technical chemicals, fine and medicinal chemicals, aromatic chemicals and isolates, crudes and intermediates from coal-tar, various fine alkaloids, and miscellaneous products; Crude Drugs, Essential Oils, including oleoresins; Fatty Oils, including Animal, Vegetable and Fish Oils, Greases, Fats, and Tallow; Tanning and Dye Extracts, including miscellaneous natural tanning woods, extracts, etc. All groups are arranged in straight alphabetical order.

Packages—Prices are for large quantities in original packages of the customary trading units of weight or measure. A container given in connection with a price does not necessarily mean that this is the quantity on which the price is based. Containers named are the original packages most commonly sold in this market.

QUOTATIONS—Chemical prices quoted herein are those of American manufacturers unless otherwise specified. Quotations on imported chemicals are so designated. Where resale or "second hand" stocks of any chemical product are sufficient to be considered a factor in determining the market, prices for goods in this class will be quoted in addition to makers' prices available, and indicated as such. Chemical prices quoted herein are for goods spot New York or Metropolitan

District, f. o. b. or ex-store, for immediate shipment, unless otherwise specified. Numerous domestic-made heavy or industrial chemical products are sold principally on a basis of f. o. b. works, and are thus quoted in the list herein, each instance of a "works" price, however, being specified as such.

Fatty Oils prices quoted herein are for goods spot New York unless otherwise noted; f. o. b. mills and Coast prices being designated as such. Crude Drugs and Essential Oils are quoted f. o. b. New York (Mannattan with limitations) for immediate shipment. Tanning and Dye Extracts are quoted spot New York unless otherwise noted.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES—All quotations are made on a basis of avoirdupois pounds and ounces, and American gallons. The following equivalents are given for the reference of exporters, importers, and foreign buyers:

- 1 Imperial Gallon (British) —1.20 American Gallons
 1 American Gallon .833 Imperial Gallon
 1 American Gallon —3.79 Liters
 1 Liter .264 American Gallon
 1 Pound (Avoirdupois) —4.54 Kilograms
 1 Kilogram —2.20 Pounds
- Style and Arrangement Copyright by DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS, 1922

Chemicals

ACETANILID, tech. 150 m bbls m	.27		ACID, Carbolic—(Continued)				Acid, hydrofluoric—(continued)			
100 lb kgs		: .30	Crude, 25% 50 gal, bblsgal	.35	:	.36	60% 100 h eby. wish		:	.14
USP 200 h bbls		: .33	Chloracetic.	.30		.32	80% 300 fb dr., wks fb			.13
Second Hands		: .32	mono 100 m bbls. wks m		:	.30	White Acid, 100 lb cby. wks. lb White Acid, 10 cbys. wks. lb		:	.26
Acetic Anhydride, 85% 480 lb drs. lb 85%. 107 lb cbrs		: .38	Di, 150 m ebys wksm			1.00				
92-95% 100 b cbysb	.43	: .45	Tri, 425 lb bbls. wkslb		:	2.45	Hydrofluosiliele, 35% 450 lb bbls.	10		10
The second secon		: .25	Chlorosulfonic, 1500 lb drs.		-		wksID	.10	*	.12
Acetone, CP 700 lb drs. c/l wks lb	***	: .251/2	wks	.15	:	.16	Hypophosphorous, USP 30% 5			
700 lb drs. lc/l wkslb 350 lb drs. lc/l wkslb		: .251/2					gal. demis		:	.95
Second Hands, spot ID		: ,32	Chromic, USP 200 lb drumslb 85% Pure, 200 lb drumslb		:	.40	USP, 10% 5 gal. demis To	***		.32
Acctone Oils, light, drs. wksgal		: 1.30			:	.35	LACTIC, 22% dark 500 m bbls. m	.043		.05
Heavy, drs., wksgal		: 1.30	Chromotropic, 300 h bbls h			1.25	22% light, bbls	.05%		.06
Acetphenetidin, 150 m bbls m		: 1.90	Chrysophanic, see Chrysarobin				44% dark, bbls	.093		.10
Acetyl Chloride, 100 D cbys D		: .41	Cinnamic, 5 lb cans lb	* * *	:	3.93	66% bbls, dark, bbls	.143		.12
ACID. 1, 2. 4, 250 m bbls m			CITRIC, USP cryst 230 to bhis. Th			.49	66% light, bbls	.25		.30
Acetic, 28%, 400 D bbls, e/l		. 1.00	Powd., USP 200 lb bbls. lb		:	.50	USP IX 100 lb cbyslb	.70		.75
wks		: 3.38	Imported, cryst. 112 lb kegs. lb	.49		.50	USP VIII 100 m ebys m		:	.70
28%, le/l wlas100 h		: 3.63	Single kegs	.49	:	.50	Laurent's, 250 m bbls m		:	.90
56%, e/l wks100 m		: 6.75	Cleves, 250 b bbls	1.00	9	1.10				
56%. le/l wks100 %	***	; 7.00	Cresylie, 95% dark dr. NYgal	.70	:	.75	Metanilie, 250 h bbls lb	.60	:	.65
10%, bbls. c/l wks100 h		: 8.38	97-99% straw, drs. wksgal 97-99% pale, drs. NYgal	.83		.85	Mixed, sulfurie-nitrie			
70%, le/1 wks100 lb		: 8.63	Crude, spot, drumsgal	.00			Drums, wks N Unit	.079		.08
80% coml. bbls. c/l wks.100 lb	***	9.58	Diethylbarbiturie, 10 m lots.				Drums, wks S Unit	.01		.01 1/4
80% coml. le/l wks100 h	***	: 11.41	1 lb bot	0 50		10 50	Tank cars, wksN Unit	.071		.08
80% pure bbls. c/l wks.100 b	***	: 11.60	Formic, 75% tech. 100 lb cbys. lb	8.50	:	10.50	Tank cars, wksS Unit	. 7009		.01
Glacial, bbls. c/l wks100 lb	***	: 12.78	90%, 75 m cbys. incl m	.13	:	.14	Molybdic, 85% pure 17b bot. To	1.60	:	1.70
Glacial, le/l wks100 h		: 13.03	Gallie, USP 150 m bbls m		:	.65	85% pure, 100 h kegsh		:	1.85
Glacial, USP chy wks100 h		: 13.53	Gamma, 225 m bbls, wks m	1.80	:	1.90	Monosulfonic F, Delta. 50 h			
Acetylsalicyling 220 m bbls m	.75	: ,85	Bhls., ton lots wks	1.70		1.80	tins		:	2.30
Second Hands ID		: .721/2	Glycerophosphoric, 25% 1 b b. To	1.50		1.60	MURIATIC, 20° ebys. le/1			
Anthranilic, ton lots dr 10		: .90	H 225 m bbls	.30	:	.85	wks	1.40	:	1.50
95-98%, 100 to drs fb	1.00	: 1.10	Bbls, ton lots wks			.75	Cbys. c/l wks100 lb	1.25	:	1.50
99-100%, 100 m drs m	000	: 1.20	Hydriodic. 10% USP 5 to bot. to			.73	Tank cars, wks100 fb	1.00		1.10
Bermole, tech. 100 b bbls b		: .75	Hydrobromic, 48% coml. 155 lb ebys. wks lb	.35		.40	18°, 120 to ebys.			
USP. 100 lb bbls	000	: .85	48% coml. 10 cbys. wks Th			.40	e/l wks100 fb	1.00	:	1.10
Second Hands	.72	.77	40% USP 155 to chys. wks. to	.45		.46	Tank cars, wks100 lb	.90		1.00
Borie, crys. powd. 250 m bbls. m	.10%		10%, USP 100 m cbrs, wks. m	.11		.13	22°, 120 m cbrs.			
Kegs. 100 D D	.113				٠		e/l wks. '100 fb	1.75	:	2.00
Broenner's 250 m bbls m		: 1.55	Hydrochloric, see also Acid Muriati	.09		.11	Iron, free 20° cbys.	2000		2100
Butyric, 60% pure 5 b bot To	.50	: .60					e/l wks100 fb			
C.P. 10 m bot m	1.25	: 1.50	HYDROFLUGRIC, 30% 400 m bbl			0.7	Tank cars, wksnet ton	***	:	
Camphoric, USP, VIII 1 10 bot. 10	5.90	: 6.00	wks			.07				***
Carbolic, USP crys. see also Phenol			30% bbls. c/l wks	***	0	.07	Muriatic, CP & USP, see Acid Hyd	Troculor	ıc	
1127b tins	,28	: .30	48% single 100 b cby, wks b			.11	Naphthionic, tech. 250 D bbls. D	* * *		.62
25 lb tins	.30	: .32	48% 10 ebra. wks			.10	Refined, single bbls		2	.65
5th tins or botth	,33	: .35				.12	Nevile & Winther's, 250 m			
1 m bot	.37	: .39	52% 100 D cby. wks lb							

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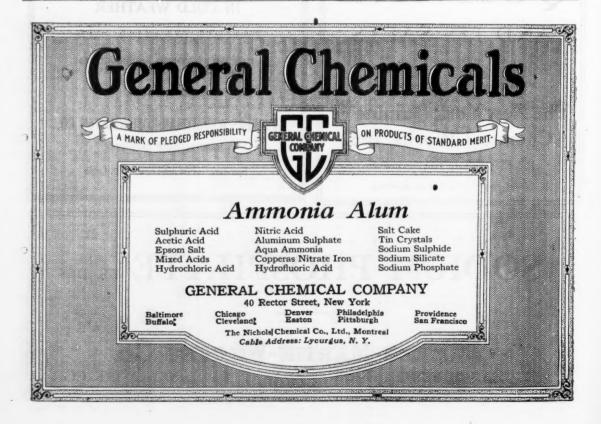
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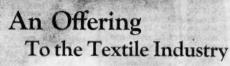
NEW YORK CITY

ACID, NITRIC, 36°					Acid Sulfuric
cbys, wks		4.75	-	5.00	Oleum, 20
Cbys. c/l wks		4.50	1	4.75	le/l w
38° single chys.		5.50	- 6	5.75	Drums, c
Chys., e/l wks		5.25	3	5.50	Tank car
40° Single cbys. Cbys., c/l wks		6.00 5.75		6.50	Contract
42° Single chys.	rice 100 th	6.75		7.50	0leum, 40%
Cbys., c/l wks		6.50		7.00	Oleum, 60%
C. P. cbys. single		.14			
Oxalic, 325 m bbls, w		.113			Sulfurous, USP
Rbls., NY		.121	14:	.1236	4% 100 m
Kegs. 100 fb NY		.13	:	.131/2	USP, 5 gal
Imp., 560 lb casks		.12			Tannic, tech.
Phosphorie, 50% tec	b. 100 D			18.7	USP, powd.
cbys		.08	:	.09	USP, fluffy,
USP, 85% ayrupy.					Tartarie USP o
demis		.16	:	.17	USP, pow
Phthalic, see Phthalic					Imp. USP,
Picramic, 300 b bbl			:	.65	Powd. 24
Pierie, 450 b bbls				.30	Tobias, 250 H
Bols, car lots wks		.20		.25	Tungstie, 100 Valerie, C.P.,
Pyrogallic, crys. 51b		1.10	:	1.20	Aconitine Alk, c
Resublimed, 5 to c	ans ID	1.50	:	1.60	Amorphous, 1
Tech. powd., 200 h			;	.80	Adeps Lanae, byo
Salicylie, tech. 125 h	bbls To	.32	:	.33	Anhydrous, 350
USP, 100 lb bbls.			:	.35	Albumen, Egg,
Second Hands		.34	:	.35	Technical, see
Sulfanilie, 250 m bt	ds1b	.17	:	.20	ALCOHOL, USP
SULFURIC, 66º 180	Ib closs.				bbls.
lc/1 wks	100 Tb	1.50	:		Second Hand
Cbys., c/l wks.	100 m		:	1.50	pf
1500 m Drums, 1					Export, USP
wks.	100 B		:	1.25	Cologne Spir
Drums, c/l wks	100 lb		:	1.10	WOOD, see Met
Tank cars, wks	net ton	15.00	:	17.00	Alcohola,
60° 1500 b Drum					drums, ext
lc/1 wks	100 lb	.70	:	.90	Amyl, see Oil
Drums, c/l wkr	100 lb	.60	:	.80	Butyl, 50 gal.
Tank cars, wks					Isobutyl, crude
C. P. 175 lb cbys.	100 ID	***	:	.09	Refined, 10

	Acid Sulfuric Oleum, 20 p.c. 1500 lb drums,		Ī	
	le/l wks100 m	1.50	:	1.75
	Drums, c/l wks100 lb	1.25	:	1.50
	Tank cars, wksnet ton Contract cars, wkston	18.00		20.00
	Oleum, 40% drs lc/l wks net ton			40.00
	Oleum, 60% drs., lc/l wks. net			40.00
	ton		:	70.00
	Sulfurous, USP 6% 100 m cbys. m	.05	:	.06
	4% 100 m cbys			.05
	USP, 5 gal. demis	.06	:	.08
1	Tannic, tech. 300 m bbls m		2	.45
	USP, powd. 200 fb bblsfb	.80	:	.83
	USP, fluffy, 50 lb bbls lb			.83
	Tartarie USP cryst 300 lb bbls. lb			.34
	USP, powd. 300 fb bbls fb		:	.341
	Imp. USP, 240 lb bblslb Powd, 240 lb bblslb	.311	4:	.32
		.32	2:	.33
	Tobias, 250 lb bblslb	1.00	:	1.10
	Valeric, C.P., 10 b bot b	4.00	:	4.25
	Aconitine Alk, cryst. 1 oz. visoz Amorphous, 1 oz. visoz		:	30.00 20.00
-	Adeps Lanae, hydrous 350 fb bbls fb			.23
ı	Anhydrous, 350 lb bbls	23		.24
ı				
-	Albumen, Egg, edible B Technical, see Dyers Sundries	1.10	:	1.20
	ALCOHOL, USP 190 pf. 50 gal.			
	bblsgal Second Hands, bbls, USP 190	4.74		4.82
ì			:	
i	pfgal Export, USP, 190 pfgal	.45		.83
I	Cologne Spirit, 50 gal. bbls.gal	4.77		4.87
	W00D, see Methanol Alcohols, also in 50 gal. drums, extra and returnable.			
1	Amyl, see Oil Fusel			
1	Butyl, 50 gal. drums			.50
1	Isobutyl, crude 50 gal. drums.gal		:	
1	Refined, 10 lb can	2.00	:	2.50

,			
ALCOHOL-(continued)			
Isopropyl, crude 50 gal. drsgal Refined, 50 gal. drsgal	4.00	:	2.25
Ref'd, 91%, drsgal			
Methyl, see Alcohol, Wood			
Propyl, nml. crd 50 gal. drms.gal Refined, 10 D can D		:	4.40
Denatured			
No. 1 Complete Denat. 188 Proof			
50 gal. bbls. inclgal	.52	:	.54
50 gal. drums, extragal	.47	:	.49
No. 1 Special Denat. 190 Proof			
50 gal. bbl. inclgal	.50		.52
50 gal. drums, extragal			
No. 5 Complete Denat. 188 Proof			
50 gal. bbls, inclgal	.49	:	.51
50 gal. drums, extragal	.43	:	.45
No. 6 Complete Denat. 188 Proof			
50 gal. bbis, inclgal	.49	:	.51
50 gal. drums, extragal			
In addition to the regular a freed formulae for completely tured alcohol, some 75 formul specially denatured alcohol arthorized for special uses. Owithe limitations of their uses he producers only to holders of mits allowing the use of special uses of special uses.	dena- ae for e au- ng to ewever, alcohol per- ecially uthor-		
Aloin, USP 100 b cases b	.87	:	.90
Alpha-Naphthol, crude300 lb bbls. lb		2	.65
Refined, 300 lb bbls		:	.75
Alpha-Naphthylamine, 350 lb bbls. lb	.35	:	.37
Ton lots, bbls, wks			.35





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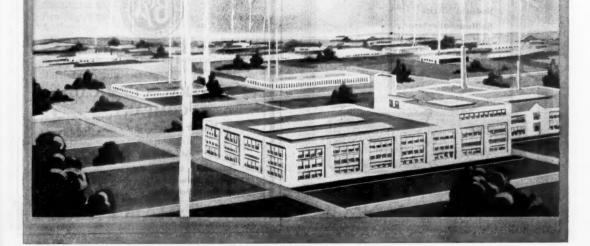
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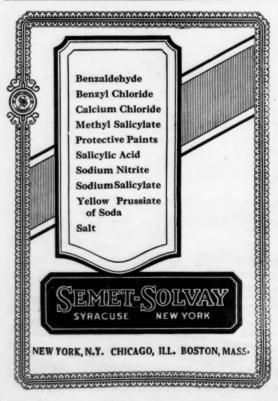
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ALUM, Ammonia, lump 400 m bbls.				AMMONIA anhyd. 100 m cyl m	:	.30	(AMMONIUM-(Continued)			
wks	3.50	:	3.65	Water, 26° 800 lb drz. wks lb	:	.071/2	Persulfate, 112 lb cases lb Phosphate, dibasic 200 lb bbls. lb	.40	:	.45
Imp., 500 lb casks100 lb	3.50	:	4.00	Drs. e/l wks	:	.0734	Tech., powd. 325 lb bbls lb	.35	:	.36
Ground, 400 % bbls. wks.100 %	3.65	:	3.75	Imp., 800 m drs.incl.spot. m	.06%:	.07	Salicylate, USP 100 h kegs Ib	.80		.85
Powd., 380th bbls. wks.100th	3.90		4.00	26° 100 lb cbys, lc/l wks, lb	.0814:	.0934	Sulfate, bulk c/l wks100 lb			3.29
Chrome 500 lb eks wks. 100 lb	5.50	0 0	6.00	Chys., e/l wks	.0814:	.09	200 m single bgs c/l wks.100 m 200 m double bgs, f.a.a.100 m	***	:	3.30
Potash, lump 400 m bbla.				20°, 800 lb drs. le/l wks. lb Cbys., le/l wkslb	.07%:	.08	Sulfocyanide, tech, 100 lb kgs. lb	***	:	3.65
wks 100 lb		:	4.50	18°, 800 lb drs. lc/l wkslb	.0172	.051/4	CP, 25 lb jars	.75		.80
Bbls. c/l wks100 lb		:	4.25	Cbys., lc/l wkrlb	:	.071/2	Amyl Acetate, tech. 50 gal, drs.gal	4.50	:	4.75
Cont. bbls. e/l wks100 b		:	4,25	16°, 800 lb drs. lc/l wks. lb	:	.04	Pure, 5 gal. cansgal	7.00	:	8.00
Imp. 650 to cases s.p., 100 to	3.00	:	3.25	Chys., le/1 wks	:	.07	Alcohol, see Fusel Oil			
Ground, 400 lb bbls, wks. 100 lb	4.35		4.60	Ammonium Acetate, 100 h kegs. h	:	.40	ANILINE OIL, 900 D drs D	.16	-	
				Benzoate, USP, 1 lb bot lb	.98 ;	1.05	Aniline Salt 200 m bbls m	.23		.24
Imp. 650 fb casks100 fb	3.00	:	3.25	Biffuoride, 300 fb bbls fb	.22 :	.23	Anthracene, 40-45% 600 lb casks wks.	.12		.17
Powd., 380 lb bbls. wks.100 lb	4.50	:	4.75	100 lb kegs	.23 :	.24	80-85%, 600 lb easks wkslb		:	
Chrome, 700 lb cks wks. 100 lb	5.50	:	6.00	Bromide, 50 m boxes	:	.33	Anthraquinone, subl 125 B bbls. B	1.30		1.35
Soda, grd, 400 fb bbls, wks.100 fb		0	4.00	Imported, 112 h boxesh	.17%:	.181/2	30% paste 350 lb bbls lb	.80	:	.85
Bbls. e/l wks100 lb		:	3.50	Carb., tech. 560 fb casksfb	:	.09	Antimony metal, slabs ton lots100 lb Needlo Powd., 100 lb caseslb	7.50		7.75
Aluminum, metal, c/l NY100 b	25.00	:	26.00	Powd., tech. 385 lb bbls. lb	*** :	.091/4				.00 /
Chloride, anhyd. 275 h drs lb	.20	:	.22	USP, lump, 100 lb kegs lb Powd, 100 lb kegs lb	:	.1014	ANTIMONY CHLORIDE, anhyd 1000;	b		.35
30% sol. 120 h cbys h	.033	4:	.04	Chloride. Domestic		,	50 lb crockslb	.45	:	.48
Hydrate 96% light 90 m bbls. m	.183	4.	.20	White gran, 250 lb bbls.NY. lb	:	.08	Sol'n, 130 lb earboyslb		:	.11
	.103			Bbls., e/l wks	:	.07%	Oxide, 500 m bbls	.07		.073
SULFATE, Iron-free bags c/l				Gray 250 lb bbls, wks lb	.08%:	.08%	Salt, dom. 500 h bbls	.24	:	.25
wks 100 lb	2.25			Bhis., e/l wks	.08 :	.08%	Imp., NY	,19	:	.20
Imported, spot100 b	• • •	:	2.25	Imp. wh. 600 h cases spot. h	.08 1/2 :	.06%	Sulfuret. golden 500 m bblsm		:	.21
Comm'l., 1/2% iron, bgs. e/1				Gray, 600 lb casks spot lb	.07 :	.08	336 lb kegs			.19
wks East 100 fb	***		1.40	Lump, 500 lb casks spotlb	.14 :	.15	336 Th kegs Th		:	.36
Cont. bgs. e/l wks. E.100 b	***		1.40	Ichthyolate, as to brand Ib	3.75 :	4.00	Red, 500 lb bblslb		:	.45
Bags, c/l wks. W100 lb Bbls., c/l wks. East.100 lb	***		1.35	Iodide, USP, 25 lb jarslb	:	5.20	336 lb kegslb	• • •	:	.42
Bulk, c/l cont. wks. E.100 D		:	***	Lactate, 500 m bbls	.15 :	.16	Tartrolactate, 500 m bblsm		:	.45
amidol, (see Diaminophenel)				Nitrate, tech. crys. 225 b bbis b	10	***	Antipyrine, USP, 100 m casesm		:	2.50
Amidopyrine, 10 lb boxes	4.60		5.00	Refined Crystals, bbls Ib	.18 :	.20	Apomorphine Hydchlide, 1/8 ox. vls.oz			19.35
th cartons, 10 h	•••	:	***	CP gran. 100 m kegs m	.35 :	.37		9.00		
Aminoazobenzene, 110 h kgh			1.15	Oxalate, pure, 100 h kegsh	.40 :	.42	Argols, red powd, 350 lb bbls lb	.0634		.07



BAKER & ADAMSON Standard Quality

Reagents



Manufactured in Easton Pa. since 1884

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY

40 Rector Street, New York, N. Y.

SALES OFFICES:

Baltimore Buffalo Chicago Cleveland Pittsburgh Philadelphia Providence San Francisco and The Nichols Chemical Co., Ltd., Montreal

Arsenic, metal 220 lb kegslb : .d Red, 224 lb kegs caseslb .15 : .1	.,	***		BISMUTH—(Continued)			
Red, 224 lb kegs caseslb .15 : .1 White, 550 lb bbls., c/l NYlb .13 1/4 : .1	1/4	.80	: .82	Subiodide, 5 to lots			4.70
Aspirin, see Acid Acetylsalicylic	Benzicine Sulfate, paste 350 m			Subnitrate, USP, 250 m bblsm	***		
Atropine Alk. USP, 1 oz. vialoz 7.50 : 8.0	bbls	.70	: .72	Second Hands, bbls, or less. In		:	
Sulfate, 5 oz. cansoz : 4.0	Benzol, see Benzene			Cones, 1 lb bot	***	:	3.95
Single ounce	Benzonaphthol, 5 lb boxes lb	3.50	: 3.60	Subsalicylate, USP, 175 bbls lb	***	:	3.10
BARIUM BINOXIDE, see Barium dioxide	Benzoyl Chloride, 500 lb drs lb		: 1.00	Tannate, 1 lb botlb		:	2.73
Carbonate, precip., 800 lb bbls.	Benzyl Acetate, 100 h ebys h	1.40	: 1.50	above on basis 25 lb lots. Smaller lots at an advance,			
wks	Alcohol, 5 lb bot	1.60	: 1.70	Blane Fixe, dry 400 fb bbls, wks.ton	7× 00		00.00
Precip., 200 lb bgs., wkston : 70.0	Benzoate, 5 lb bot	1 50	: 1.60	Imported, bhistop	70.00		72.00
Chloride, 800 fb bbls. wkston : 90.0	Medicinal FFC To	1.75	: 1.85				
200 lb bgs. wkston 88,00 ; 90.0	Chloride, 95% tech. 925 lb drs. lb		: .30	Paste, 650 lb bblston BLEACHING POWDER, 700 lb drs.	30.00		55.00
Import, bbls., spotton 82.50 : 85.0	100 lb cbys	.30	: .35	c/l wks100 lb	1.25		1.50
Dioxide, 88% 690 tb drstb .17 : .1	Redistil. 100 h cbys h	.40	: .45	Drums lc/l ex-warehouse100 fb			1.75
Import, 83-85% 400 lb drs. lb .14 : .1	Formate, 1 lb bot	4.00	: 4.25	Contract, e/l wks100 lb	1.25		1.50
Hydrate, 500 lb bblslb .05 : .0	Berberine Hydchlide, 1 lb bot lb		: 22.50	F. a. s. c/1100 m		:	
Iodide, 5 lb box	Sulfate, acid or neut. 17b bot. To		: 22.00	Imported, spot100 lb	***	:	
Nitrate, 700 lb casks lb : .1 Import casks lb .0734 : .0	BETA-NAPHTHOL, 350 ID bbls, wks. ID	.22	: .23	Blue Ointment, see Mercury			
	Ton lots, wks		: .22	Mass, see Mercury			
	Sublimed		: .60	Bone Ash, 100 lb kegs	***		30.
Barytes, floated 350 fb bblston 33.50 : 35.0	Beta-Naphthylamine, tech. 200 b.	100		Black, 200 lb bbls	.06		.08
Bay Rum, Porto Rican, genuine	bbls		: .76	Powdered, USP, 300 lb bblslb	.05%		.06
Denat. salicy acid or tartar emetic	Sublimed, 200 lb bbls lb		: 1.35	Kegs, USP, 100-150 m m	.06		.063
45 gal. bblsgal 2.75 : 3.0	Bichloride Mercury, see Mercury Bichlo		. 1.55	Bordeaux Mixture, powd. bbls fb	.12	:	.15
Denat, quinine sulf. 45 gal. bbls gal 2.85 ; 3.0	BISMUTH metal, 150 m cases To		: 2.85	Paste, bbls	.08	:	.10
Domestic synthetic, 50 gal,	Second Hands		: 2.85	Borneol, 1 m bot		:	3.50
bblsgal 1.10 : 1.2	Ammon. Citrate, USP 5 lb bxs. lb		: 5.75	Bromide, see potass, bromide, etc.			
Benzaldehyde, tech. 945 D drs.	Betanaphtholate, 5 lb brs lb		: 3.35	Bromine, bot, in 60 h cs. wks h		:	.29
wks	Citrate, USP 5 lb bxs lb		: 3.15	Bromobenzene, 600 lb drums lb	.40		.42
USP, 40 m cbys m 1.50 : 1.6	Nitrate, 25 D jars D		: 2.00	Bromoform, USP 5 lb bot 50 lb es. lb		-	1.50
FFC. 40 lb cbys lb 1.75 : 1.8	Oxychloride, 250 bbls		: 3.50	Brucine Sulfate, 100 ozsoz			.20
BENZENE, 90% 8000 gal, tanks	Phenoisulfonate, 5 lb canslb		: 3.20	Butter of Antimony, see Antimony Ch		•	
wks gal 21 : 2	Salicylate, 250 bbls Ib		: 2.00	CADMIUM, metal 100 lb bxslb			1.95
110 gal. drs. wksgal .26 ; .2	Subcarbonate, USP, 250 bbls In		: 3.40	Bromide, 50 lb cases jarslb			1.10
Pure, Tanks, wksgal .23 : .2	X-Ray diag. 1 D bot D		: 3.80	Iodide, 10 lb bot			4.45
110 gal. drs. wksgal .28 : .3	Subgallate, USP 175 lb bbls. lb		: 2.80				
are gar, tits. wasgat .203	Sungamente, USF 110 ID DOIS 10	***	. 4.00	common, ca	1.50	i	1.00



Aconitine and Salts
Amidopyrine
Antipyrine
Apomorphine Hydrochloride
Arecoline Hydrobromide
Atropine and Salts
Berberine and Salts
Brucine and Salts
Caffeine and Salts
Cocaine and Salts
Codeine and Salts
Colchicine Alkaloid, U. S. P.
Colchicine Salicylate
Creosote, U. S. P.
Creosote Carbonate

Cumarin Diacetylmorphine Alkaloid and Hydrochloride Digitalin Pure Duboisine Sulphate Emetine and Salts Eserine and Salts Guaiacol Liquid Guaiacol Carbonate Homatropine and Salts Hydrastine and Salts Hydrastinine Hydrochloride Hyoscine Hydrobromide Hyoscyamine and Salts Morphine and Salts Phenolphthalein

Pilocarpine and Salts
Potassium Guaiacol
Sulphonate "Alta" Brand
Salicin
Saponin Purified
Scarlet Red Medicinal
Genuine "Biebrich"
Silver Proteinate
Sodium Cacodylate
Sparteine Sulphate
Strophanthin
Strychnine and Salts
Theobromine and Salts
Veratrine and Salts
Yohimbin Hydrochloride

THE HOFFMANN-LAROCHE CHEMICAL WORKS WEW

CAFFEINE ALK, USP 5 D cans D	4.00	: 4.25	CAMPHER, Amer. ref. 250 D				Chalk, drop 175 lb bbls lb			.031/4
Second Hands		: 4.00	bbls B		:	.93	Precip. light 250 lb csks lb	.04%		.041/4
Hydrochloride, 1 10 bot 10		: 1.32	2½ D slabs, 100 D cs D		:	.94	Precip. heavy 560 lb csks lb	.03%	4:	.04
Sulfate, 1 lb bot		: 5.50	1 oz. tab., 1 h etns.			,	Precip. English, 7 lb bagslb	5.00	:	8.00
Citrated, 25 b cansb	3.00	: 3.10	100 m cs	***	:	.981/4	Charcoal, Bone, see bone black	***		.071/2
Hydrobromide, 17b bot1b		: 4.75	% oz. tab 1 lb ctns. 100 lb cs lb		:	.99	Wood, powd. 100 lb bbllb Willow, powd. 100 lb bbllb	.04	:	.05
CALCIUM Acetate, 150 lb bgs, c/l			Jap. ref. 2½ lb slabs, 100 lb	.86		.87	China Clay, impton	16.00		22.50
Arsenate, 100 m bbls. c/l wks. m	.15		1 oz. tab., 100 m cs. 1 m	.00		.81	Domestic, fob Mineton	10.00	*	15.00
Bbla. le/l wks	.151/	-	tins			1.01	Chloral Hydrate, USP 100 lb drs. lb 25 lb jars lb	.70	:	.75
Bromide, 100 lb cslb		: .44	% oz. tab. 100 m cs. 1 m tins			1.03	Chinoidin, 170 m cases	.65	:	.75
Calcium Carbide, 220 lb dr c/lwks. lb	***	: .041/2	Chinese ref. 2 % m slabs 100 m				Chloramine-T, 5 lb botlb	1.25	:	2.50
Drums le/1 wks	* * *	: .05	Ct			.90	Chloreosane, 5 lb botlb	.55	:	.75
Carbonate, tech. 100 m bags	1.00	: 1.10	Crude, 100 B cs B	.72	:	.73	Chlorhydrin, Ethylene anhyd, 600 lb	.75	:	.85
USP, precip. 175 h bbls h			Camphor, Monobrom. 100 B cs. B	1.75	:	1.85	40% soln. 100 lb cbys lb	.25		.30
Chloride, solid, 650 fb drs. c/l			Caramel, 50 gal. bblsgal	.60		.62	CHLORINE, Liquid 2000 D cyl.			
f.o.b. NYton		: 24.50	Carbazol, 250 lb bblslb	.75		.80	e/l wks	.051		.05%
Gran., 350 lb drs. e/1 f.o.b.			Carbon Bisulfide, 500 m dr.,le/l NY m e/l drums, NY	• • • •	:	.06%	100 lb cyl c/l	.053		.05%
NYton		: 30.50					100 m cyl lc/l wks	.063		.07
Flake 330 lb drs. e/l drs. f.o.b.			Carbon Black, 121/2 h bags, wks. h	.12		.18	100 lb cyl. lc/l, ex-warehouselb	***	:	.09
NYton		: 30.50	Carbon Tetrachloride, 1400 lb drs.		:	.10%	Chlorobenzene, mono. 1000 lb drs.	44		**
Anhyd., 350 lb drs. f.o.b. NY. lb	.13	: .20	Drums, e/1 NY	.09	:	.0914	Drs. e/l wks	.11	:	.12
Glycerophosphate, 250 lb bbls lb	1.50	: 1.60	700 lb drs, single NY lb		:	.1014	Tank car lots wks		:	.09
Hydrate, (see Lime)			Carmine, No. 40 5 D boxesD	4.75	:	4.85	CHLOROFORM. USP 50 D drs D		:	.35
Iodide, 5 m botmb		: 4.35	Casein, edib, 100 m keg	.40	:	.45	Second Hands, 650 lb drslb	.32	:	.33
Lactate, tech. 500 lb bbls lb		: .131/4	Technical, 200 b bbls lb	.15	-	.16%	Technical, 650 lb drumslb	.32		.33
U.S.P	.50	: .60	Castereum, 1 lb boxes	4.00		4.50	Chromium Acetate, 20° soln. 400 lb bbls lb	.08	:	.10
Nitrate, 220 h bbls, c/l NY.ton		: 40.00	Castor Oil, USP 50 gal, bbl Ib	4.00	:	.131/4	Fluoride, Powd. 400 lb bblslb	.00	:	.80
Phosphate, tech. 350 lb bbls. lb	.09	: .10	Cases, 80 m 2 tins			.14	Soln. 400 m bbls		:	
Phosphate, precip. tribasic 200			Tech., see Fixed Cils				Sulfate, 400 lb bbls lb	.07	:	.09
In bhls, wks	.10	: .11	Caustic Potash, see potash, caustic				Chrysarobin, USP, 510 cans 10	2.00	:	2.15
Phosphate, mono	.07	: .09	Soda, see soda, caustic				Cinchonidin alk., pwd. 100 oz. tinsoz			.70
Sulfocarbolate, 100 to kegs ID	.55	: .57	Cellulose Acetate, 100 D cases D	1.75	:	2.00	Crystaloz			.75
Calomel, see Mercury			Cerium Oxalate, USP 100 lb kgs. lb		:	.43	Sulfate, 100 oz. tiusoz		:	.50



Cresylic Acid

JAYNE & SIDEBOTTOM

INCORPORATED

17 BATTERY PLACE NEW YORK CITY Selling Agents For

COOPERS CREEK CHEMICAL COMPANY WEST CONSHOHOCKEN , PA



EFFICIENCY AND ECONOMY BLENDED

Waste is the bugbear of every manufac-

turing plant.

The elimination of waste is sometimes the difference between profit and loss.

In most processes the use of Chloride of Lime means waste in the form of deteriora-tion of the chemical, or sludge losses which

run as high as 25 per cent.
Where LIQUID CHLORINE has replaced
Chloride of Lime the loss from deterioration
is entirely eliminated, and when made into is entirely eliminated, and when made into hypochlorite or leach liquor, the sludge losses are insignificant.

LIQUID CHLORINE IS THE 100 PER CENT CHEMICAL!

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Electro Bleaching Gas Co.

PIONEER MANUFACTURERS LIQUID CHLORINE

Plant: NIAGARA FALLS, N.Y.

Liquid Chlorine

						_			
Cinchonidin alk., pwd. 100 oz. tinsoz		:	.70	COPPER, metal electrolytic e/1			1	Diethyl Sulfate tech. 50gal.drs Ib .20 :	.25
Crystal02		:	.43	NY	12.75		12.87	CP drums	.50
Sulfate, 100 oz. tinsoz		:	.25	Lake, c/l NY100 lb Casting c/l NY100 lb	13.00 12.50		13.50 12.62	Digitalin, Pure, 1 oz. vialoz 10.00 : 1	10.25
Citrine Cintment, see Mercury				Carbonate, 400 lb bblslb	.17		.171/2	Dimethylaniline, 840 lb drs. wks. lb .40 :	.41
Coal Tar, Tks. & bbls., wksgal	.06	:	.08	Chloride, 250 lb bbl	.14	:	.28	Dimethylsulfate, 100 m drs m :	.50
Cobalt metal, 100 h kegs Th	2.75	:	2.85	Cyanide, 100 lb drs	.58	:	.60	Dinitrobenzene, 400 m bbls m .19 :	.20
Cobalt Oxide, 500 lb bbls lb		:	2.10	Oxide, red 1000 lb bbls, ton lots lb	***	:	5.65	Dinitrochlorobenzene, 400 m bbls. m .19 :	.20
10 lb tins, 200 lb caseslb		:	2.35	Sub-Acetate, verd. 440 lb bbls. lb	.17		.18	Dinitronaphthalene, 350 m bbls. m .32 :	.34
COCAINE alk., USP, 1 oz. vial oz		: 1	0.00	SULFATE, crys. 450 m bbls. lc/l	120	*	+20	Dinitrophenol, 350 m bbls :	.40
Hydrochloride, USP-1 oz. vials,				spot100 lb	5.00		5.10	Dinitrotoluene, 300 m bbls m .19 :	.20
25 028		:	7.07	Carlots, bbls.f.o.b. NY.100 lb	4.90	:	5.00	Dionin, see Morphine, Ethyl	
In ½ oz. vialsoz		:	7.50	Carlots, bbls. delivered.100 lb Imp. 550 lb csks100 lb	5.10 4.50	:	5.20	Diphenylamine, 250 h bbls b .48 :	.50
In crystals, granular, powder,				Powdered, 350 lb 5 bblslb	5.75	:	6.00	Diphenylguanidine, 170 b bbls. b 1.15 :	1.20
or flaky crystals as desired.	0.0		001/	Copperas, bulk e/l wkston	20,00	: :	21.00	Dover's Powder, USP 5 D tins D 2.20 :	2.30
Cocoa Butter, bulk, 200 lb bales. lb	.26		.261/2	400 lb bbls. c/l wkston			25.00	Duboisine Sulfate, 1 oz. vialoz : 5	55.00
Fingers, cakes, etc. 12 b bxs 1b	.34		.35	200 lb bgs. e/l wkston Powdered, bbls100 lb	1.90		23.00 2.00	EARTH, Diatomaceous, see Kieselguhr	
CODEIN alk., 1 oz. vis. 10 os.				Sugar, 400 lb bbls100 lb	1.50		1.75	Emetine, alk., 15 gr. vlsea :	1.01
lots		:	8.62	Corn Syrup, 42 deg. 50 gal.				Hydchlide, USP 1 oz. vialoz. 18.00 : 1	
Hydrobromide, 1 oz. vls, 10 oz.			6 00	bbls 100 lb		:	3.96	15 gr. vials	.82
Hydrochloride, 1 oz. vls, 10 oz.			0.92	43 deg. 50 gal. bbls100 lb		:	4.01	EPSOM SALT, tech. 300 D bbls.	
lots		:	7.77	Corrosive Sublimate, see Mercury Bichl	oride			NY 100 m	2.15
Nitrate, 1 oz, vls, 10 oz, lots.oz			7.77	Cotton Soluble, 100 m bbls. wet. m	.40		.42		2.00
Phosphate, 1 oz. vls. 10 oz.				Coumarin, 25 m tins	4.50	:	4.65	100 lb bgs. e/l NY100 lb : Imp., 220 lb bgs. e/l	1.80
lots02		:	6.47	Second Hands	* * *	•	4.35		1.10
Salicylate, 1 oz. vis, 10 oz.				CREAM TARTAR, USP, 300 D				USP, 300 lb bbls, 10 bbls.100 lb :	2.50
lots0Z		:	6.47	bblg	***		.251/2	Carlots, bbls 100 b :	2.15
Sulfate, 1 oz. vls. 10 oz. lots.oz		:	6.92	Imp. powd. USP, 224 bblsIb	.231/2		.241/2		2.00
Small Sizes, 1/8 oz. vials, 50e				Creosote, USP, 42 lb cbyslb		:	.42		2.10
1/4 oz. 25c extra, singles 7c per oz.—25 oz. lots, 10c oz. o				Carbonate, 1 lb bot. 25 lb lb		:	2.00		6.35
than above. Less than 10 ozs. 1				Creosote Oil, 50 gal. drsgal		:	.22		30.00 22.00
higher than above.				Cresol, USP 400 lb bblslb		:	.30		17.00
COD LIVER OIL, Norwegian, 30 gal.				Cyanamide, bulk e/l wks, Amm.unit		:	2.25	ETHER, USP 55 lb drumslb :	.13
bblsbbl	25.00	: 2	5.50	DIAMINOPHENOL, 100 D kegs Ib		:	3.80	Anaesthesia. 55 b drumsb	.16
Newfoundland, 30 gal. bblsbbl		:	•••	Dianisidine, 100 lb kegslb	• • •	:	4.60	USP, 1880 55 lb drums lb :	.38
Colchicine alk., USP 1 oz. vialoz		: 3	0.00	Dichlorobenzene, 1000 h drsh	.06	*	.07	Washed, 55 lb drumslb	.30
Salicylate, 1 oz. vialoz			5.00	Diethylaniline, 850 m drs m		:	.65	Motor, 1 b cans b .24 :	.27
Collodion USP 30 m drums m		:	.22	Diethyl Phthalate, 25 m cans m	.55	:	.65	Ether, Nitrous, 1 lb bot b .92 :	.95
Ethyl Benzyl Aniline, 300 lb drs. lb		:	1.30	1000 lb drs	.45	•	.50	Ethyl Benzyl Aniline, 300 m drs. m:	1,30



Eliminating the "Variable"

Certain factors in industrial processes are difficult of control. That industry appreciates the importance of stabilizing these variable factors is demonstrated by the increasing use of Baker's Industrial Chemicals-chemicals whose dependability are a steadying influence in many of the largest plants in the country.

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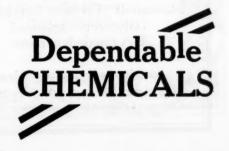
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Acid Molybdic
Acid Phosphoric, anhydride
Ammonium Molybdate, cryst.
Ammonium Persulphate, 98%
Calclum Chloride, anhydrous, granular
Copper Chloride, cupric*
Nickel Formate
Potassium Binoxalate
Potassium Thiocyanate
Sodium Oxalate
Tin Crystals

* Copper Chloride, cupric is an unusually high quality product for technical use; very free from cuprous and makes a clear solution. Test it out in every way.

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then you will receive regularly the Monthly Price
List of Industrial Chemicals. Your chemist should
also know about "Baker's Analyzed" C-P Reagents
and Acids.



atnyl Acetate, 99%, 50 gal. dra.gal	1.05	: 1.15	Gelatin, USP silver bbl. 100 lb cs. lb	.85 :	.90	Hydrastinine Hydchlide, USP 15 gr			
85-90% Ester, 50 gal, drs.gal	***	: .95	Gold Label, 100 h cases h	:		vialsvial		: :	2.40
Carlots, drumsgal		: .93	Technical, 100 b ca D	.60	.65	Hydrazobenzene, 100 lb kegslb	1.30	: 1	1.35
Tank Carsgal		: .90	GLAUBER'S SALT, tech. 200 m bags			HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, 25vol.400 ID			
Pure, 5 lb botgal		: .40	le/1 wks100 lb	1.15 :	1.25	bbls		:	.10
Rromide 115 b drs b Chloride, 15 b cyl b		: ,35	350 lb bbls. e/l wks100 lb	1.30 :	1.35	USP Soln, 375 lb bbls lb	.05	:	.0514
Methyl Ketone, 50 gal. drums. To	.25	: .25%	Bbls. lc/l wks100 lb	1.50 :	2.00	USP bot, 4 oz. casesgross	8.00	: 1	8.25
Morphine, see Morphine, Ethyl		. ,2073	Imported, bbls, spot100 lb	.85	.90	Bot. 8 oz. casesgross	11.75	: 1:	2.00
		: .60	USP, 300 lb bbls, Imp. sp 100 lb	*** :	1.25	Bot. 16 oz. casesgross	19,75	: 20	0.00
Ethylene Bromide, 600 D drs D	.65	: 1.00	USP, 300 h bbls, dom. sp. 100 h		1.75	Hydroquinone, 100 lb kegs lb	1.40	: 1	1.50
Chlorhydrin, anhyd, 50 gal drs. lb	.75	: .85	USP, 300 m bbls. c/l wks.100 m		1.40	Byoscine Hydrobrom. USP 1 oz.			
40% Solution, 50 gal. bbls. Ib	.25	: .30	Glucose, (Grape Sugar) dry, 100	0.00	0,44	vial			1.00
Dichloride, 50 gal. drs Ib	.20	: .25	70° bags, c/l NY100 lb Syrup, Drs. & bbls, c/l NY100 lb	3.36	3.71	Five ozs., 1 oz. vialsoz		: 20	0.50
Eucalyptol. 25 h carsh	.75	: .80	lc/1 NY100 lb	***	3.66	Hyoscamine Alk. Cryst., 1 oz. vial.os		: 31	5.00
			GLUE, pure white, bbis Th	.30	.35	Alkaloid, Amorphous, 1 oz. vial.oz		: 7	5.00
Feldspar, bulkton	20.00	: 25.00	Medium white, bbls	.25		Hydrobromide, USP 1 oz. vialoz			0.00
FERRIC CHLORIDE, tech. crys.			French, bbls	.18		Sulfate. 1 oz. vialos			5.00
475 lb bbls lb		: .08	High Grade, bbls	.35		INDOL, C. P. 1 oz. botoz	6.00	: (6.50
Imported		: .07	Hone, regular, bbis	.10		Iodides, see Potass. Iodide, etc.			
USP, crys. 100 h kegs lb		: .09	Pish, bblsgal	1.50 :		IODINE, crude, 200 lb kegs lb	4.05	: 4	4.10
Imported	***	: .08	CLYCERIN, C. P. 550 Ib drams, Ib	.17	.17%	Resublimed, 10 lb jarslb			4,55
Neut. Sol'n 40° 140 lb ebys lb	***		Cans. 50 lb	.18		Tincture, USP, 50 gal. bblsgal	4.40		4.50
48°, 140 cbys	***	: .08	Dynamite, 100 lb drs lb	.161/9		Carboysgal	4.55	: 1	4.65
USP Sol'n 125 lb ebyslb	***	0079	Saponification, tanks Ib	.12%		lodoform, powd. 10 Tb bot Ib		: (6.00
Ferrous Chloride, crys. tech.		. 001/	Scap, Lye tanks	.10%	.11	Crystals, 10 lb bot		: 1	7.00
475 lb bbis lb	.05		Goa Powder, see chrysarobin			Iridium, metal 10oz lotsoz		:25	0.00
Ferrous Sulfide, 1000 lb bbls. 100 lb	2.50	: 3.00	Graphite, erude 220 h bags ton	15.00 :	35.00	Iron, metal by hydrogen 1 fb bot. fb	.65	:	.70
Flake White, see lead, white			Flake, 500 lb bbls	.05 :		IRON & AMM. CITRATE, USP 25 th			
Fluorspar, 95% 220 b bgs. ex			Ground, lump, bbls	.04	.05	cans			.84
dockton		: 25.00	Guaiacol liquid, USP, 25 D cans. Ib	2.35		Green scales. 25 lb cans lb			.84
96% bgs ton		: 33.50	Benzoate, 1 lb bot		18.00	Cacodylate, 10 lb bot lb	6.50	: 1	6.75
98% bgston		: 35.00	Carbonate, 5 lb boxeslb	5.00	5.25	Citrate, USP VIII 25 lb cans lb		:	.99
FORMALDEHYDE, USP 400 % bbls.			HAARLEM OIL, Dom. 6 gr. cs gross	444 3		Chloride, see ferric or ferrous			
c/l wks		: .12	Imported, 5 gr. casesgross	5.20 :	5.25	Hypophosphite, 5 lb canslb	1.50	: :	1.60
Carboys, 100 lb le/l wks lb	.13		Halazone, 5 lb bot	2.75	3.25	Syrup, USP VIII		:	.30
Bbls. 400 b lc/l wks Ro	.121		Hexamethylenetetramine, USP 100 lb drumslb	75		Iodide, 1 lb bot		: 4	4.20
Second Hands In		: .12	Imported	.75		Syrup, USP 5 lb botlb	.35	:	.36
Fuller's Earth, 200 b bgs. c/1			Rubber Makers, Impalp. Pd.	.70	.75	Nitrate, kegs	.09	:	.10
mineston	15.00	* 17.00	drs D	.821/9:	.85	Com'l, bbls100 lb	2.75		3.25
			Homatropine Hydrobrom, USP 1 oz.	.0279	.00	Oxalate scales 25 lb cans lb & Ammon. Oxalate 25 lb bxs. lb	.85	:	.88
Imported, 230 lb bags NYton		: 40.00	vial	:	16.00	& Potassium Oxalate, 25 lb bxs. lb	.47		.50
Fusel Oil, refined, 100 gal, drm.gal			Five ozs., 1 os. vialsoz		15.00	& Sodium Oxalate, 25 lb bxs. lb	.41	:	.43
Crude, 100 gal. drumgal	***	1 ***	Hydrastine Alk., USP, 1 oz. vial.oz		20.00	Phosphate, USP 25 D cansD	. 47		.89
G SALT, paste 350 m bbls. basis			Hydchlide, USP, 1 oz: vialoz		20.00	Pyrophosphate, USP 25 m		•	.00
106%	.60	: .65	Sulfate, 1 oz. vialoz		22.00	cans	.94		.96
			-						

TL.

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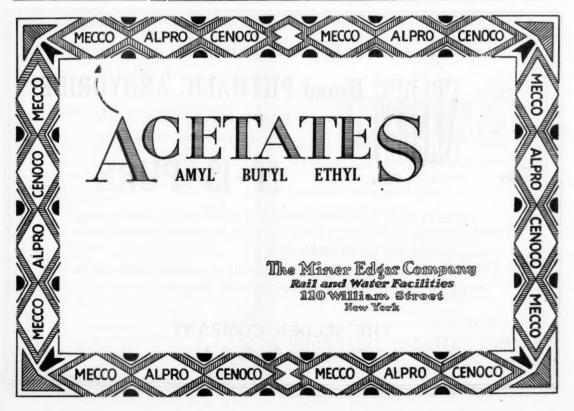
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JALAP RESIN, lump 5 lb tins. lb Powd. tins	3.25 3.40	:	3.35 3.50	Linalool, 5 m bot	5.50	:	6.50	Manganese—(
KIESELGUHR, 90 lb bags NY ton	60.00	:	70.00	Lithium Carb. USP, 100 lb kgs lb	1.50	:	1.60	Hypophos, U
LANOLIN, see Adeps Lanae				Bromide, 100 b csb	1.75	:	1.85	Iodide, 1 lb
				Citrate, USP 100 lb kegslb Iodide, 5 lb botlb	1.70			Ore, bulk N
Acetate. white crystals 500 fb	6.85	:	6.90	Lithopone, 400 lb bbls. lc/l wks. lb	.07			
bbls. wks			.14	Bbls. c/l wks	.07			Sulfate, 60
100 to 250 lb kgs, wks, lb		:	.141/2	Imported, 400 lb bbls	.06			Marble Flour,
White, broken, bbls. wks. 100 lb		:	13.40	Litmus Cubes	.90			See also Ca
White, gran., bbls., wks.100 lb		:	13.65	MAGNESITE, crudeton		:	15.00	MENTHOL. US
White, powd., bbls. wkslb	* * *	:	.14%	Calcined, 500 lb bblston		:	55.00	Less cases,
Kegs, wks		:	.151/2	Magnesium mtl., sticks 100 lb cs. lb	1.25	:	1.30	MERCURY, m
USP, 100 lb kegslb			.17	Carb. tech. 70 lb bags NYlb	.08			
Arsenate, 100 bb bbls. lc/l wks. bb	.20	:	.25	75 lb bbls. NYlb	.08		.09	Less Flas
Bbls. c/l wks	.191/2	:	.20	USP, 60 lb bblslb	.10	:	.11	Bichloride.
Paste, 600 m bbls	.12	:	.13	USP, blocks 100 lb cs. 1, 2, 4	.19		.23	Gran, po
Iodide, USP VIII 51b bot lb	3.20	:	3.40	Chloride, fused 575 lb drs. e/l	.10		,20	Bisulfate, 2
Nitrate, 500 m bbls. wks m oxide, lithge, 500 m bbls100 m	10.90	:	.22 11.15	wks ton			34.00	Blue Mass,
100 lb kegs, wks	10.00	:	.141/2	Flaked, 350 lb drs. wks c/l.ton			36.00	Powdered,
Oxide, red 500 lb bbls, wkslb	11.40	:	11.65	Imp., fused 900 lb bbls NY.ton			28.00	Blue Ointm
100 lb kegs wks		:	.141/2	Fluosilicate, crystals 400 lb bbls.				50%
Peroxide, 100 lb drs		:	.26	wks	***	:	.15	USP, dilu
White, basic carb. 500 lb bbls.	00.81		10	30% soln. 500 h bbls, wks. h	.07	:	.0716	33 1/3% Calomel, 5
wks	.09%		.10	Soln. bbls. c/l wkslb		:	.06	
100 lb kegs wks	***		.141/2	Glycerophosphate, 5 lb tins lb		:	3.15	Citrine Oin
White, sulfate 500 h bbls. wks. h	.091/4	:	.091/2	Hypophosphite, 5 lb cans lb		:	1.15	Iodide, green
Bbls. c/l wks100 lb		:	9.25	Oxide, USP light 100 h bbls h		:	.42	Red, USP Yellow, U
Licorice Ext. Mass, cases Ib	.25	:	.26	USP, heavy 250 lb bblslb		:	.50	
Compound powder, bbls lb	.11	:	.13	Peroxide, 51b cans1b			2.15	Red Precip. Powder, 1
Powdered	.38	:	.40					
Sticks, 1 oz. 100 lb caseslb	.45	:	.50	Perborate, 1 lb tins	***		2.25	White Precis
LIME (Salts, see Calcium Salts)				Salicylate, 100 lb kegs lb	* * *	:	.75	With chalk,
Live, 325 lb bbls. ton lots, wks. lb		:	.011/2	Sulfate, see Epsom Salts				with chais,
Single bbl. wks			.01%	Manganese Chloride, 600 lb csk.				Meta-Nitroanili
wks		:	.011/2	NY	.093	/2:	.10	Meta-Nitro-par
Single bbl. wks		:	.01%	Borate, 30%, 200 m bbls m				bbls.
Oyster Shell, 150 lb bbl. single. To		:	.031/2	100 lb kegslb		:	.25	Meta-Phenylene
125 lb baglb	***	:	.031/2	Dioxide, 80-84% 900 lb bbls.	00.00		0= 00	bbls.
Sulfur, dry 200 lb drs. NYlb	.08	:	.10	NYton			85.00 90.00	Meta-Toluylene
Drs. e/l NY			.101/2	85-90%, 900 lb bbls. NY.ton Hydrated, precip. 100 lb kgs. lb	.32		.35	bbls.

Manganese—(continued)			
Glycerophosphate, 5 lb tins lb		:	2.85
Hypophos. USP VIII 5 D cans. To		;	1.65
Iodide, 1 lb botlb		:	6.40
Ore, bulk NYunit			
Sulfate, 600 lb casks NY lb	.10	:	.11
Marble Flour, bulkton See also Calcium Carbonate	10.00	:	12.00
MENTHOL, USP, 60th casesth Less cases, 5th tinsth			$15.00 \\ 15.50$
MERCURY, metal 751b flask. flask			
Less Flasks, 5 lb jugslb			1.04
Bichloride, cryst. 25 lb bas lb			1.17
Gran, powd., 200 lb kegs lb		:	1.02
Bisulfate, 25 lb boxeslb	***	;	.86
Blue Mass, 25 lb boxes lb	***	-	.02
Powdered, 25 lb boxeslb	***		.64
Blue Ointment, USP 25 m cans		:	.77
USP, dilute 25 m cans 30%. To		:	.57
33 1/3% Mercury D		:	1.25
Calomel, 50 lb bxs	***		
Citrine Cintment 25 lb jars lb			4.00
Red, USP 25 lb jarslb	***	:	4.10
Yellow, USP VIII 25 lb jars. lb		:	4.00
Red Precip. USP 25 lb bxslb		:	1.38
Powder, USP 25 lb bxslb		:	1.48
White Precip. USP 25 lb bxs lb	***	:	1.49
Powder, USP 25 lb bxslb			
With chalk, USP 25 lb bxslb	***		.62
Meta-Nitroaniline, 300 h bbls h	.78	;	.80
Meta-Nitro-para-Toluidine, 300 lb			
bbls		:	2.20
Meta-Phenylenediamine, 300 lb bbls lb	.96	:	.98
Meta-Toluylenediamine, 300 b bbls b	.89	:	90
	-	_	



Pepsi

Chemicals

METHANOL (Wood Alcohol)				NAPHTHALENE, Flake, 175 h. bbls.				PALLADIUM, metal 10 oz. lotsoz	75.00	:	76.00
95%, 50 gal. drms. extgal	.88		.90	wks			.07	Pancreatin, USP 5 lb bot lb	1.25	:	1.40
97%, 50 gal. drms. extgal	.90		.92	Bbls. c/l wksb	.063		.07	Papain, 10 b bot. USP, Powd b		-	
Pure, 50 gal. drms. extgal			1.00	Bbls., second hands NY ib	.07		.07%	Crude, 150 lb cases	2.15	:	2.25
Acetone free, 50 gal. drms. ext.gal Bbls. incl. 5c higher	***	:	1.05	Balls, 250 lb bbls. wks lb	***		.08		1.85		1.90
				Bbls. c/l wks	.071		.08	Paraffin, ref'd 200 lb cs. slabs			
fethyl Acetone, 100 gal. drums.gal	1.17		1.20	Crushed, chipped, bgs., wksIb	.053		.08	120-125 Deg. M. P D 125-130 Deg. M. P D	.033		.034
Tank carsgal			1.15	Crude, imp., bgs	.03		.03	130-135 Deg. M. P	.04	:	.043
Chloride, 90 lb cyl		:	.50		.02		.00	135-140 Deg. M. P		:	.063
500 lb drums			.47	Nickel Metal, electrolytic 100 h			80	Para-Aminoacetanilid, 100 D	.00		.007
Second Hands, cases Ib	.43	:	.45	Ingot, 100 lb kegslb	.29	2	.30	kegs	1.05		1.15
Methylene Blue, tech. 100 D kgs. D										-	
USP, medicinal 5 b cansb	1.00		1.50	Salt, single 400 b bbls, NY. h	.11	:	.12	Para-Aminophenol, 100 lb kegs lb Hydrochloride, 100 lb kegs lb	1.25		1.30
	2.25		2.60	Double, 400 fb bbls, NY fb	.10	:	.11		1.40		1.50
dichler's Ketone, 225 B bbls B	***		3.75	Oxide, 100 lb kegs NY lb	.40	:	.42	Para-Dichlorobenzene, 50-300 b bbls.			
Milk, powd. 150 h bblsh	.14	:	.15	Sulfate, 450 m bbls	.07	:	.0734	wks	.17		
Milk Sugar, see sugar of milk				Nitre Cake, bulk wkston			6.00	25-50 lb kegslb	.18		.22
fineral Oil, see oil mineral				500 lb bblston	13.00	: 1	4.00	Paraldehyde, 100 gal drs B			.35
fonochlorobenzene, see chlorobenzene				Nitrobennene, crude, 1000 lb drs.				Paraformaldehyde, USP 100 lb cs. lb	.521	4:	.55
Monoethylaniline, 900 D drsD			1.00	wks	.09		.091/	Para-Nitroacetanilid, 300 Ib	,,		
	***		1.00	Redistilled, 1000 b drs. wks. lb	.093	4:	.101/2	bbls	.55		.60
Monomethyl paramidophenol sulfate 100 lb drs				Nitronaphthalene, 550 m bblsm	.20		.21			•	
			4.00	Nitrotoluene, mixed 1000 lb drs.				PARA-NITROANILINE, 300 to bbls.	- 00		
MORPHINE Suitate, USP 5 cc. time				wks	.14	:	.15	wks. ton	.69	:	.74
Acetate, 5 oz. tirs 10 oz. lots.oz				Oil Fusel, see Fusel Oil				Para-Nitrochlorobenzene, 1200 lb dra.			
Hydrobromide, 5 oz. tins 10 oz.			0.35					wks	.21	:	.30
lotsos			6.35	OIL MINERAL, wh. 50 gal. bbls.gal	1.00	:	1.25	Para-Nitro-ortho-Toluidine, 300 lb			
Hydehlide, 5 cz. ting 10 cm.			0.00	011 Mirbane, see nitrobenzene				bbls	2.75	:	2.85
lots			6.35	Opium, see crude drugs				Para-Nitrophenol, 185 b bbls b	.75	:	.80
Diacetyl Alk., 16 ca. vis. 10			0.00	Orange Mineral, 800 m casks NY, m	.153	4.	.16	Para-Nitrosodimethylaniline, 120 b			
CE		: 1	0.20	560 lb bbls. NY	.15%		.16%	bbls,	1.25	:	1.30
Hydehlide, 1/4 on. vls. 10 on.os		:	9.25	Ortho-Aminophenol, 50 lb kegs lb	2.50		2.75	Para-Nitrotoluene. 350 lb bbls lb	.55		00
Ethyl Hydchlide, 16 oz. vis. 10									.00		.60
OEOS		: 1	0.45	Ortho-Anisidine, 100 m drs m				Para-oxy-Benzaldehyde, 100 lb			
Small Sizes: 1/8 on. vials, 50e	extra;			Ortho-Dichlorobenzene, 1000 lb drs.	0.0			kegs	1.50	:	1.60
%s 25c extra; single oz. viz.,	Te ex-			with	.00	:	.08	Para-Phenetidin, 500 lb drs lb	1.55	:	1.80
tra, over price for 5 or, time.				Ortho-Nitrochlorobenzene, 1200 lb				Para-Phenylenediamine, 350 lb			
lots in 5 or. tins, 10e or, lower				drs. wks	.18		.20	bbls	1.40	:	1.50
above schedule. Less than 10 or 15c on higher than above sched	E. lots			Ortho-Nitrophenol, 350 m 3 bbls. m		:	1.15	Para-Toluene-Sulfonamide, 175 lb			
-				Ortho-Nitrotoluene, 1000 h drs.				bbls	.40		.41
Muck Ambrette, 1 lb cans lb	12.50	: 1	3.00	wks	.10	:	.11	Para-Toluene-Sulfonchloride, 410 D			
WAPHTHA, Solvent, 110 gal. drs.	00		-	Ortho-Toluidine, 350 b bbls b	.16	:	.19	bbls. wks	.25	:	.30
8000 gal. tank cars wksgal	.28		.25	Oxeall, USP 5 ID bot		-		Para-Toluidine, 350 m bbls, wks. m	.85		.90
par term cars mas gal			.20	Lordwitt Con Din nor	***		0.00	Tana Tolling Cooks Disc. Will to		_	

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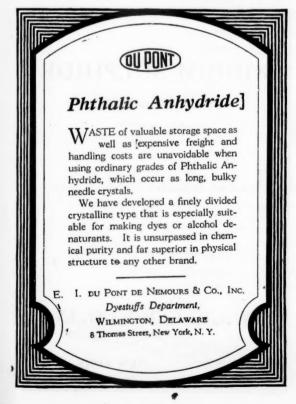
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Pittsburgh, Pa., U. S. A.

PARIS GREEN			Piperazine Hydrate, 1 lb bot lb			16.00	POTASSIUM—(Continued)			
Arsenic Basis, 500 h kegsh	.28 :	.30	Pitch, Coal-Tar, wkston			33.00	Chlorate, crys. 112 b kgs. c/l			
Kits, 56, 28, 14 Ds	.32 :	.33	Plaster Paris, tech. 250 lb bbls.bbl			3.30	wks	.083	14 -	.08%
Packages, 5 and 2 lbslb	.32 :	.33	True Dental, 300 bblsbbl			4.50	Imp. 112 lb kegs NYlb			
Packages, 1 lb, 1/2, 1/4 lb lb	.34 :		Platinum, metal soft 10 ca. lots-oz			2.00	Powd., 112 lb kegs wks lb	.083		
Paris White, see whiting, French			Podophyllin, 5 b botb	6.00	-	6.50	Imp. kegs NY	.007		
Pepsin, USP 510 bot	2.25 :	2.50	Second Hands	5.50		6.00	Pyrotechnic, fine powd. NY Ib	.08		.09
PETROLATUM, green 300 m bbls. m	.021/2:	.03	POTASH, CAUSTIC, solid 88-92%	0,00	•	0.00	USP, fine crys, 110 h kess		•	
Dark Amber 300 m bbls m	.08%:	.04	700 lb drs. wkslb				NY	.08	:	.09
Light Amber, 300 b bbls b	.04%:	.05			:	.071/4	Citrate, USP 10 D cang Ib	.63	:	.66
Cream White, USP 300 lb bbls. lb	.07 :	.07%	Imp., 88-92% 700 lb drs. NY. lb	.07	:	.0734	Cyanide 110 lb cases lb		:	.65
Lily White, USP, 300 m bbls. m	.09 :	.09 1/4	USP, by alcohol 5 lb cans lb	.46	:	.48	Glycerophosphate, 75% Soln. 25 b			
Snow White, USP, 300 m bbis. Ib	.12%:	.13	cases	.30	:	.35		1.60	:	1.70
Phenol, see also acid carbolic			POTASSIUM Acetate, USP, 100 h				Guaiacol Sulfonate, 5 lb cans,			
American makers, drums wks Ib	.26 :	.28	kegs	.30	:	.31		1.75	:	2,00
Open market, 950 lb drslb 240 lb des drs. wkslb	.26 :	.28	Bicarbonate, crys. 220 lb bbls. lb	.12	:	.121/2	Hypophosphite, 10 lb canslb		:	.85
	.26 :	.28	Bichromate, crys. 900 lb casks					3.75	:	3.85
Natural 240 lb des drs. wks lb	:	.26	wks Ib	.091/	6:	.09%	Second Hands, cases	***	:	3.65
Imported, 336 h des drsh	:		Powd., 900 lb casks wkslb		:	.12	Lactophosphate, 4oz botoz		:	-90
Phenolphthalein, USP 100 b drs. b 5 b cans, 100 b lotsb	1 55	1.50	Binoxalate, 300 m bbls m	.33		.34	Metabisulfite, 300 lb bblslb	101	:	.23
Phenyl-Alpha-Naphthylamine 100 lb	1.55 :	1.65	Bisulfate, C.P., 5 h cans ID		:	.30	Muriate, 80%, 200 b bags, NY	.123	4	.14
kegs	:		100 lb kegs		:	.22				
Phenylethylalcohol, 1 b bot b	6.75 :		Bromate, 100 b cs b			.45	K ₂ 0 unit		:	.68
Imported	7.75 :		BROMIDE, USP cryst. 4501b				Nitrate, see Saltpetre			
Phosgene, 100 D cylinders D	:	1.00	bbls		:	.26	Oxalate, neutral, 100 lb kegslb	.40	:	.45
Phosphorus Oxychloride, 175 fb cyl. fb	.35 :	.40	Granular, 300 lb bbls lb		:	.26	Perchlorate, 112 lb kegslb	.09	:	.10
Phosphorus, red 110 fb cs. wksfb	:	.75	Cases 100 lb		:	.27	PERMANGAN, USP, crys. 500 lb			
Imported, 112 lb cases lb	:		Imported, USP, 220 lb cslb				drs., wks	.17		.171/
Yellow, 110 b cs. wksb	.35 :	.40		.17		.18	Imp. 112 lb drslb	.179	-	.18
Imported, 112 h cases lb	:		CARBONATE, 80-85% cale.				Prussiate, red, 100 b bbls b 500 b casks b		:	.62
Phosphorus Trichloride, 175 lb cyl.			800 lb cks	.061/		.06%	Prussiate, yellow, 500 lb casks. lb	.29	:	.32
Wks	05	.45	80-85%, hydrated, 800 lb				Salicylate, 25 h cans		:	.75
	.25 :	.30	csks	.061/		.07		***		.93
Pilocarpine Hydchlide, USP 25 on. lots, 1 oz. vialsoz	:	7.50	96-98% calc. casksIb	.06%		.06%	Sulfate, 200 lb bags, NY.K ₂ 0 unit USP, VIII, 100 lb kegs lb	.15	:	.18
Nitrate	:	7.50	99% cale. casks	.081/4		.091/2	Sulfocyanide, CP 25 m jars m			.50
Single cunces	:	7.75	USP, 100 m kegsmb	.11		.12	Tartrate, peutral, 100 h kegs, h	• • •	:	.53
Alkaloid, 15 gr. vlsea	:	.85	99% CP casks	.131/		.14	Titanium Oxalate 200 b bbls. b	.28		.30



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Pumice Stone, lump, 250 lb bbls. lb	.041/2:		QUININE—(continued) Santonin USP, 1
Powdered. 350 lb bblslb	.031/4:		Valerate
Pyridine, 50 gal, drumsgal			Small Sizes: loz vials or cans, Satin White, 500 lb bbls lb : .013
QUICKSILVER, see Mercury			50oz, lots, 5e oz extra; 5oz cans, 50oz lots 3e oz extra; 25oz cans, Schaeffer's Salt, 250 lb bbls.wks.lb .60 : .65
Quinidine Alk., 100os tinsor	:	.75	500z lots, 2e oz extra; zouz cans, Scopolamine, see hyoscine.
Sulfate, 100os tins			vials or cans, 5c extra. All minor Seidlitz Mixture, 225 m bbls m .17 : .18
Quinoidine, see Chinoidin			quinine salts sold and quoted basis SILICA
QUININE SULFATE, USP.			100ox lots in 100ox cans. Sulfate and bisulfate sold basis 100ox Person of Crude, bulk, mines
American, 100os tins02	:	.50	lete in 100er cone Smaller coders menteu, nonteu, ongston 18.00 ; 30.00
los tins, 100os lotsoz	:	.57	or containers extra as above Extra floated bass to \$5.00 : 65.00
Dutch, 100os tinsos	:	.50	schedule. SILVER, metal, American03: .995
Java, 100cs tins		.50	R SALT, 250 m bbls. wks m .55 : .70 Foreign
Japanese, 100oz timsoz	:	.50	Red Lead, see lead oxide Colloidal, 160s bot
QUININE ALK., USP., 1000s tins.oz		.67	Red Precipitate, see mercury Silver Iodide, 16oz botoz: .68 Resorcin, see resorcinol. Nitrate, USP, 200cz botoz .43: .45
Acetaie	:	.88	Resorcin, see resorcinol. Nitrate, USP, 200 oz botoz .43 : .45 Resorcinol tech, 100 lb kcgslb 1.35 : 1.50 Nucleinate, 16 oz botoz .30 : .35
Arsenate	:	.88	USP, 25 b cans b 2.25 : 2.35 Proteinate, 160z bot
Benzoate0Z	:	.88	Rochelle Salt, USP, 225 m bbls. m : .21 Soap, Castile, 40 m bxs m .20 : .25
Bisulfate, USP02	:	.50	Imp. USP, 300 lb bbls lb .19 1/4: .20 Powd. USP, 250 lb bbls lb .28 : .29 Rosewater, triple, 5gal. demisgal .90 : 1.10 Green USP, 150 lb loss lb .07 : .071
Citrate	:	.62	Rotten Stone, lump imp., bbls., fb 07 -08
Dihydehlide, USP08	:	.66	Lump selected, bbls 10 .09 : .12 Soapstone, see Tale, crude
Dihybromide	:	.66	Powdered, bbls
Dicarbonate, 10oz tinsos	:	2.50	Domestic, bags, mineston 24.00 : 30.00 flat, ex-warehouse100 fb : 2.00 Bbls., ex-warehouse 1.00 fb : 2.25
Ethyl Carbonate, 160z, tinsoz	:	.95	SACCHARIN, USP, 11b cans, 251b Contract, Basis 58% bags c/l
Ferroeyanide	5	.88	D. 1.90 : 2.10 wks
Formate	:	.85	Soluble, USP, 1 lb cans, 25 lb lb 1.90 : 2.10 Prompt and spot, Basis 58% bags Sal Ammoniac, see Ammon. Chloride e/1 wks
Glycerophosphate	:	.88	Salicin, USP, 1 lb carions, 25 lb . lb 5.00 : 5.25 Sada Ash 5807 dance have ex-
Hydriodide	:	.88	Salot, USP, 100 m drums m .80 : .85 warehouse, NY 100 m : 2.07
Hydrobromide, USP	:	.62	Salt, Common, see sedium chloride Salt Cake, c/l f.o.b. wkston 20.00 : 25.00 Common Salt Cake, c/l f.o.b. wkston 20.00 : 25.00 Common Salt Cake, c/l f.o.b. wkston 20.00 : 25.00
Hydrochloride, TSP09	:	.62	SALTPETRE, Double Refined Contract, Basis 58% bags c/l wks
Hydrochlorsulfate03	:	.66	Granular, 400-500 h bbls. Pmpt. and spot, Basis 55% bags
Hydehlide & Urea, USP Ib	:	.88	c/1 wks
Hypophosphiteoz	:	.33	Less c/l works, bblsID: 0634 Prices on soda atkalies are based on actu
Lectate	:	.78	Large Crystals, 350-400 lb bbls., c/l wks lb
Phenolsulfonateoz	:	.88	Small Crystals, 350-400 m bbls. SODA, CAUSTIC, 76% solid, resale,
Phosphate	:	.74	c/l wks
Salicylate, USP		.63	Powdered, bbla. c/l wksD : .07½ 76% solid drs. ex-warehouse Imported. 500 mb bbls., NYD : .07 NY
Innuac, USF		. 20	Imported. 500 m bhis., NY m : .07 NY

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Solvay Tanners Alkali Solvay Tanners Soda

Solvay Liquid Caustic Soda



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SODA CAUSTIC-(Continued)			SODIUM-(Continued)			SODIUM-(Continued)		
Contract basis 76% c/l wks.	3.10 :	3.16%	Chlorate, 112 lb kegs, wkslb Imported, 112 lb kegslb	.06%:	.061/2	Oxalate, neutral, 100 lb kegs. lb Perborate, 275 lb bbls lb	:	.40
Pmpt and spot, Basis 76%			Chloride, tech. 200 b bagston		13.00	Imp., 225 lb drs	.18 :	.19
c/1 wks	3.261/2:	3.31	C. P. 300 D bbls D	.05 :	.06	Peroxide, 200 lb cases lb	.20 :	.21
Contract 76% low grade c/l wks. flat100.Th Ground & flake, 76% pmpt and	:	3.351/4	Citrate, USP, IX, 100 m kegs. m USP, VIII, 100 m kegsm Cyanide, 96-98%, 100 m cases	:	.62 .55	Phosphate, di-sodium, tech 550 bbls	.031/4:	.03%
pot, wks c/l drs100 fb	:	3.70	wks	:	.23	USP, recrys 275 bblslb	.051/2:	.11
Contract, 76% drums, c/1 wks		0.10	Ton lots, wks	:	.23	Mono-sodium 100 h kegs h	.24 :	.26
flat	3.50 :	3.60	125-128%, 200 m cs m	:	.21	Tri-sodium tech. c/l, bblsfb	.0414:	.05
76% drs. ex-warehomeNY100 D	:	4.15	120-125%, 200 b csb	:	.201/2	Picramate, 100 lb kegs lb	:	.60
USP, stick, 10 m cans D	.19 :	.21	Fluoride, 350 m bbls, NY imp. m	.00 :	.091/4	Para-Toluene Sulfonate, 175 b		
Pure, stick, by alcohol ID	.25 :	.27	Glycerophos. USP, crys 25 lb			bbls	.08 :	.09
SODIUM ACETATE, crys 450 D bbis			Powder, 25 lb tinslb	1.65 :	1.75	PRUSSIATE, yellow, 250 m bbls. m	:	.14
wks	.05 :	.051/2	Solution, USP 25 D tinsD	1.00 :		Imp. 450 lb ekslb	.131/2:	.14
Ton lots, bbls. wks Ib	:	.05	Hydroxide, see Soda Caustie			Pyrophosphate, 100 lb kegslb	.18 :	.22
Imp. 500 lb caskslb	:	.061/2	Hypochlorite, Soln, 100 h cbys. h	:	.05	Salicylate, 100 lb kegs lb	:	.40
Aluminum Sulfate, see alum soda. Benzoate, USP, 100 lb bagslb	.65 :	.68	14½% soln., 50 fb ebysfb Hydrosulfite, 200 fb bbls,fob,wks.fb	.19	.04	Second Hands, USP, kegs Ib	.37 :	.40
Bicarbonate, 400 lb bblaNY100 lb	.00 .	2.25	Hypophosphite, USP, 25 lb cans			Silicate, 60° 700 bbls. f.a.s		0.00
Bbls. c/l wks100 fb	:	2.00	10		.75	NY100 fb	:	
112 lb kegs wks100 lb	:	2.25	HYPOSULFITE, tech., pea crys.,			Works, 1000 b drums100 b	:	
112 m kegs, NY100 m	:	2.50	375 lb bbls. wks100 lb	2.90 :	3.30	Works, tanks100 b	:	1.75
Bichromate, 600 lb casks wks. lb Casks, c/l wks lb	.071/4:	.08	Bbls. c/l wks100 fb 100 fb kegs wks100 fb	3.00	2.75	40° domestic, 700 D c/l f.o.b.		
Casks, NY	.071/4:	.07%	Oranulated, bbls. wks100 fb	3.15 :	3.55	wks 100 fb		.80
Bisuifite, dry powder, 500 lb	,		Bbls. c/l wks100 lb	3.10 .	3.00	Works, 1000 lb drums100 lb	:	.821/2
bbls., wks	:	.04 1/4	Kegs wks100 lb	3.25 :	3.85	Works, tanks100 lb	:	.75
Solution, 32-40°, 500 b bbis, wks	1.25 :	1.75	Regular crystals100 fb	2.65 :	2.90	Spot, drums, bbls100 b	1.30 :	1.50
			Iodide, USP, 25 lb jars lb	:	4.25	Silicofluoride, 450 fb bbls, NY. Ib	.07%:	.071/2
Bromate, 100 h cs	:	.95	Metanilate, 150 lb bbls lb	.55 :	.60	Sulphate, see Glauber's Sait.		
Cases, 100 D D	:	.25	Vaphthionate, 300 m bbls m	.60 :	.62	Sulfide, 60% solid, 650 b drs.		
Imp. USP, 112 m cs m	.21 :	.22	Nitrate, crude, 95%, 200 lb bgs. c/l NY100 lb	:	9.45	le/1 wks fb	.05 :	.051/4
Caconylate. USP, 5 lb bot,			Futures, NY100 lb	2.471/4:		Drs. c/1 wks 10	.03%:	.041/4
25 b b	5.50 :	5.75	Double Refined, 400 m bbls		2.00	Imp. 700 fb drs. NY fb	.03 :	.03 %
Carbonate, sal soda, 350 b bbls le/l NY100 b	1.30 :	1.35	gran e/l wks	:	.04%	60% broken, 650 fb drs wks. fb	.05 :	.051/4
Werks c/l100 b	1.10 :	1.30	Nitrite, 500 h bbls. wks h	.071/4:	.071/2	Imp., 500 fb drs. NY fb	.03 1/2:	.04
Monohydrate, 400 lb bbl,			Bbls. spot, makers lb	:	.071/2	30% crys. 400 lb bbls.wks. lb	.02 :	.02 1/4
le/l	:	2.45	Imp. 650 lb caskslb	.07%:	.07%	Sulfite, crys. 400 lb bbls. wks lb	.031/4:	.03 %
Pure photographic, 100 B	.08 :	.09	Ortho-Chloro-para-Toluene Sulfo- nate. 175 lb bbls. wks lb	.25 :	.27	Desiccated, 400 lb bblslb	.091/2:	



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Sulfocarbolate, USP, 100 B		Crude, f.o.b. minesten 14.00 : 15.00 Thymol, USP, 25 lb tins lb	3.10	: 3.25
kegs	: .	Brimstone, 250 m bags, c/1 100 m 1.75 : 1.95 Indide 5 m bayes		: 6.75
Sulfocyanide, 400 lb bbls lb .45	: .4	Roll, 500 m bbls. c/l NY.100 m : 2.15 Tin, Metal Straits, NY100 m		: 41.12
Tungstate, crys. 100 lb kegs lb	: .!			: 40.75
Dessicated, kegs	: .(Flour, Heavy, 290 m bbls, 100 m 2.50 : 3.05 99% American, NY100 m	1.00	: 40.75
Solvent Naphtha, see Naphtha		Light, 100%, 260 m bbls, 100 m 2.60 : 3.15 Bichloride, 50% soln. 100 m		
Spartein Sulfate, USP, 25oz bulk.os .60	: .:	Ruthermakers 100%, 246 b bbls. wks		: .123
Single oz. vialoz	: .:	10000 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1		32
Starch, rice, 140 lb bags lb .09	: .:	Commercial, 99%, 150 lb bgs. NY		: .47
STRONTIUM Bromide, USP, 100 To		For Dusting, 99%, 100 lb 100 lb kegs wks lb		: .49
kegsbb	: .:	bgs. NY 100 lb 2.00 : 2.50 Tetrachloride, 1000 lb drs. wks. lb		: .26
Carb. 600 fb bbls, wks fb		Flowers, 100%, 240 m bbls. Tolidine, 350 m bbls	.95	: 1.00
100 lb kegs wkslb	: .0	NY		: 1.00
Iodide, USP, 25 lb jars lb	: 4.0	Precipitated, 125 m bbls NYm .14 : .16 Toluene, 8000gal tank car, wks.gal	.25	: .27
Mitrate, 600 lb bbls, wks lb	: .:	14 1 10gal drs. wks	.30	: .32
Imp., bbls, NY 1b .11	1/2: .:	Sulfur Chloride, red, 700 lb drs. wks. lb .06 : .07 Toluidine. Mixed, 900 lb drs. wks. lb	.31	: .32
Salicylate, USP, 100 b kegs lb	: .	150 lb cbys, wks		: 1.00
STRYCHNINE Alkaloid, USP, erys.		Yellow, 700 fb drs. wiss D .05 : .06 Trional, see Sulfonethylmethane		
100oz tins	: 1.0	150 lb cbys. wks	.50	: .60
Alk. powd., USPoz	: .9	Sulfur Dioxide, 100 b cyl b .08 : .08 1 Tripoli. 500 b bris 100 b	2.50	: 3.00
Acetate		lodide USP, VIII, 51b bot. 1b : 4.55 Tungsten NY	8.25	: 10.00
Glycerophosphate, USP07	-	Sulfuric Ether, see Ether UREA, pharm. 112 m cases m		: .30
Hydrobromide		Sulfuryl Chloride, 600 lb drslb : .70 VANILLIN, USP, 400oz cansoz	.40	: .401
Hypophesphite08	: 1.1	TALC, Italian, 220th bags NY. ton 35.00 : 40.00 Cans, 80 ozs		: .401
Nitrate, USP02	: 1.0	Refined white, bagston, 42.00 : 55.00 Cans, 16 02802		: .413
Phosphate				
Sulfate, USP, crys. powdou	: .	Refined, white, bagston 32.00 : 45.00 Vermilion, Amer. 100 lb kegslb		: .35
Saccharinate	: 2.:	Dom., crude, 100 fb bags NY. ton 10.00 : 15.00 English, kegs		: 1.30
	1865	veratrine Suitate, 102 viat02.		: 2.00
100oz lots in 100oz tins. Small Siz		Tartar Emetic, tech. 700 m bbls. to .25 : .26 Hydrochloride, 10z vialoz		: 2.00
14 oz vials, 50c extra; 14 oz vials, 2 extra; single ounce vials, 7c extra, L		veronal, see Acid Diethylbarbithric		
of 25 ozs. 5c higher than ab		Terpin Hydrate, USP, 100 m kegs m .60 : .62 WHITE LEAD, see lead, white,		
schedule. Lots of less than 25		Terpineol, CP 1000 in Gruins in .54 : .55		
10e higher per ox.		Cans. 50 fb	** 00	. 10 00
Sugar Milk USP, 200 b bbls b .21	: .:	Imported, cans, 25 lb lb .95 : 1.20 Whiting, 200 lb bags, c/l wks.ton Turnent acetete 25 lb core lb 1.65 : 1.85 Bags, lz/l NY	14.00	: 16.00 : 22.50
Second Hands, USP, bbls 75 .21		respective Acceptance, and Calletter and A. A. Co.		: 15.00
Sulfonal, see Sulfonmethane		Terra Alba, No. 1, 300 m bbls100 m 1.85 : 1.90 Gliders, Dags, N1		: 18.00
Sulfonethylmethane, USP,5 lb bxs. lb	: 3.	Freelish home WW ton		: 23.00
Sulfonmethane, USP, 5 lb bxs lb			1.20	: 1.25

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XYLENE, 3° dist. range, nitration tks. wksgal	***	.50	Oils	726	n	LARD 01L, Edible prime, bbls ID Off prime, bbls ID Extra, bbls	::: !	.161/4
110gal, drs. NYgal 5° dist. range, 8000gal tanks	.50 :	.55				Extra No. 1, bbls	:	.12%
wksgal			Castor, No. 1, 400 m bbls m	.131/4:	.1436	No. 1 bbls		.10%
110gal. drs. wksgal	:	***.	80 lb caseslb	;	.14%	No. 2 bblsb	• • • •	.10%
Commercial, 110 gal drs., wks.gal	:	.34	No. 3, bbls	.13 :			:	
Tanks, wks gal	:	.29		.10 :	.14	LINSEED, raw c/l bbls, spotgal		.95
Xylidine, 900 m drs	:	.50	Blown, 400 lb bbls	:	.15%	Five bbls., rawgal	***	.98
YARA YARA, 1D tinsD	1.75 :	2.00	China Wood, bbls., spot NY To	:	.21%	Boiled, 5 bbl. lotsgal Double boiled 5 bbl. lotsgal	*** :	1.00
Yohimbin Hydchlide, 1 on vial. on	7.25 :	7.50	8000 gal. tks. NY	:	.21		*** *	1.01
			Nov., forward, bbls, China ID	:	.211/4	Raw, le/l bblsgal	:	.95
ZINC, METAL, high grade, slabs		0.50	Coast, tanks, Oct. forward To	:	.21	Tanksgal		.89
c/l NY100 lb		8.50	Coconut Ceylon, 375 h bbls, NY, h	.10 :	.10%	Oct., c/l, bhlsgal	:	.95
Common Slabs, c/l NY 100 fb	6.70 :	6.75	8000 gal. tanks, NY Ib	.08%:	.08 %	Nov., c/l, bblsgal Dec., Feb., c/l, bblsgal	*** :	.90
Mossy, 25 lb bxs NY lb	:	.16		.10%:	.11	Mar., Apr., c/l, bblsgal	*** :	.85
Ammonium Chloride, powd., 400 lb			Cochin, 375 m bbls, NY m	.09%:	.09%		:	.00
bbls ID	.0716:	.08				Imported, bbls, NYgal	2:	***
Carb. tech. 150 lb kegs NY lb	***	.13	Manila, tanks, P. Coast lb	.081/8:	.081/4	Tanks, NYgal		***
USP, 100 lb kegs	:	.30	Edible, bbls, NY	.11 :	.1114	Menhaden, crude, bbls, wksgal	:	
Drs. c/l wks		.051/4	Cod Newfoundland, 50 gal, bbls.gal	.70 :	.72	Crude, tanksgal	.50 :	.52
Imp. drs. NY	.05%:	.06	Tanks, NYgal	:		Light strained, tanksgal	:	.65
Granulated, 500 lb bbls, wks. lb	.08	.09	Copra, bags		.0514	Light strained, bbls, NYgal	:	.68
Imported, drs. NY D	.06%:	.07		:		Yellow bleached, bbis, NYgal		.71
USP, 25 lb jarslb	.20 :	.25	Corn. ref. 375 b bbls. NY b	***	.131/	Extra bleached, bbls, NYgal		.73
Cyanide, 100 fb drs	.42 :	.43	Crude, tanks mills		.091/4	Blown, bbls, NYgal	:	.78
Dust, 100 h tins wks h	.0934:	.10	Bbls., NY	••• :		Neatsfoot, 20° c.t. bbls, NYlb	:	.161/2
500 m bbls, kegs, le/l wks m	:	.09 34	Cottonseed, crude tks, mills To	:	.091/2	Extra, bbls., NY	:	.11
500 lb bbls, kegs, c/l wks. lb	:	.09	P. S. Y., 100 bbl. lots NY Ib	2014	.121/2	Pure, bbls, NY	*** :	.13%
Iodide, 5 lb bots	:	5.20	White, 100 bbl. lots NYIb	.131/4:	.14	Oleo Oil, No. 1, bbls, NY To	.14 :	.14%
Nitrate 25 lb jars	*****	.35	Winter yellow, 100 bbls, NY Ib	:	.141/2	No. 2, bbls., NY	.10%:	.10%
Oxide, Amer. 300 lb bbls, wim lb	.081/4:	.09	Degras, Amer. 50 gal. bbls., NY. ID	.03%:	.04	No. 3, bbls, NY	:	.09%
Bbls. c/l wks	.081/4:	.08%	English, bbls, NY	.04 :	.0414	OLIVE, denatured bbls, NY gal	1.10 :	1.15
French, 300 fb bbls wks lb	.10 %:	.12 %		.11 :	.14	Edible, bbls., NYgal	1.70 :	2.00
Bbl c/l wks	.09%:	.10%	Neutral, bbls, NY	.11 :		Foots, bbls, NY	.08%:	.08%
USP. 100 b bbls. e/lb		.16	Greases, choice white, bbls, NY To	:	.10%	Shipment	:	.08%
Ton lots, wks	***	.17	Yellow	.06%:	.06%	Palm Lagos, 150 b casks b	.07%:	.08
Imported, white seal, bbls Ib	:	.12%	Brown Ib	.06%:	.06%	Niger casks	.07%:	.071/
Green seai, bbls	:	.10	Houselb	:	.06%	Bonny old Calabar, easks ID	:	***
USP. 100 lb bblslb	.15 :	.17	Bone naphtha	:	.061/4	Palm Kernel, 1500 h casks NY To	.09 :	.091/4
Stearate, USP, 50 m bbls m	:	.22	Herring, Tanks, Coastgal	:		Peanut, refined bbls, NY	:	.151/4
Sulfate, 400 lb bbls, wks lb	.031/4:	.031/2			.10	Crude, mills buyers' tks Ib	:	.101/
Bbls, e/l wks	:	.02%	Horse, 375 lb bbls, NY	:		Crude, bbls. NY	*** 1	*****
USP, 100 lb kegs	.08 :	.09	Lard, prime steam bbls	.14 :	.141/4	Perilla, bhis, NY	.15 :	.1514
Sulfocarbolate, 100 h kegsh	.32 :	.34	Compound bbls Ib	:	.13%	Poppyseed, bbls, NYgal	2.25 :	2.50



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Arecoline Pilocarpine Yohimbine

J. E. DOCKENDORFF & CO.

Sole Agents and Representatives

20 BROAD ST., NEW YORK

Tel. Rector 4333-4

Cable "Dockendorf"



Oils and Fertilizers

Rapeseed, refined bbls, NYgal Blown, bbls., NYgal	.76 :	.77
Red Oil, distilled, bhis To	:	.093
Saponified, bbls	:	.093
Tanks	:	.089
Salmon, 8000 gal. tks, Coastgal		

Sesame, domestic edible bbls 1b.	:	.123
Sod Oil, bbls, NYgal	:	.45
SOYA BEAN, crude tks. Coast To	.0914:	.099
Crude, Tks. D.P., NY	1	***
Crude, bbls, NY	.11 :	.113
Sperm, 38° c. t. blehd. bbls, NY.gal	:	.99
45° cold test, blchd, bbls, NY.gal		.94
STEARIC ACID, s.p. 200 m bags. m	.12%:	.133
Doubla pressed, bags	.13 :	.133
Double pressed, bgs., saponified. Ib	.13 :	.133
Triple pressed, bgs., distilled To	.14%:	.149
Triple pressed, bgs., saponified Ib	.1414:	.149
Stearine, oleo, bbls	:	.123
Lard, bbls	:	.14
Tallow, edible, tierces Ib	:	.103
City, extra, loose	.07%:	.08
Tallow Oil, acidless tks, NY fb		.093
	:	.103
Bbls., e/l NY		
Walnut, crude bblz, NY Ib	- :	
Whale, nat. winter bbls, NY Ib	*** 1	.77
Blchd. winter bbls, NYgal Extra Blchd. bbls, NY B	:	.79
trude, No. 1, tanks Coast Ib	:	
Crude, No. 2, tanks Coast Ib		***
Cruge No. 3, tanks Coast B	:	***
Cine 'in' of sens competition		***

Fertilizer Materials

Ammon.	Sulf	bulk	wks	.100 m	3.00	:	3.10
Double	e, bgs.	f.a.s.	NY	.100 To	3.40		3.45
				.100 D		:	3.15
Blood,						:	4.00
Bone. 3	A 50	group	d steam	edton	25.00	:	28.00
				ton			30.00

		-	
Cyanamide wks unit	2,20	:	2.25
Fish Scrap, dried wksunit Acid, Bulk, 7 & 3 ½, wksunit			.10
NITRATE SODA, NY 100 m		:	2.45
Phosphate Rock, f.o.b. mines, Florida pebble, 68-75%ton Tennossee, 72%ton	3,25	:	4.50 5.50
Phosphate Acid, 16% Bulk wkston	8.00		8.50
Potassium Muriate, 80%unit Sulfateunit	***	:	.68
Steamed Bone Meal, NYton	32.00	:	35.00
Tankage, ground, NYunit High grade f.o.b. Chicagounit		&	.10 .10

Naval Stores

(Carloads ex-yard N. Y.) Spirits Turpentine, bbls. gal 1.00 Wood Turpentine, stm. distd. bbls.gal				
	(Carloads ex-yard N. Y	(.)		
Spirits	Turpentine, bblsgal		:	1.00
Pine Oi	l, stm. dist'd, bblsgal		:	.66
Pitch,	primebbl.		:	5.50
В	280 m		:	5.80
D			:	5.80
Е			:	5.80
F	280 m		:	5.80
G			:	5.80
н	280 m		:	5.80
1	280 TD		:	5.80
K		***	:	5.80
			:	5.85
N	280 Tb		:	6.15
WG			:	6.75
ww				7.00

ı	Rosin Oil, Second re Tar, kiln-b	first	n	m	,	5	0	1	gu	ıl.	,	ŧ	h	ıl	8.	gal		:	.43
1	Second re	an,	bb	ls.									۰			gal		:	.48
١	Tar, kiln-b	urn	t													bbl		:	11.00
ł	Retort .															bbl		:	11.00

Woods

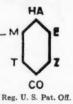
Barwood, chips D .04 %; camwood, chips D .09 Divi Divi, pods 100-200 h bags.ton 40.00 42. custe, sticks ton 30.00 30. Chips h .04 temlock, bark ton 20.	13
Divi Divi, pods 100-200 lb bags.ton 40.00 : 42, éustic, sticks	00 00 06
Chips	96 96
Chips 10 .04 :	96
	00
Hamilton hart ton . 90	90
richitora, Oata	
Hypernic, chips D .0634:	37
LOGWOOD, sticks	00
Chips 150 lb bags lb .02 1/4;	
Mangrove bark, African ton 34.00 ; 36.0	
Bark, South American ton 25.00 : 30.0	
The state of the s	
Myrobalans, 150 m bags J1ton : 33.	
B1 : 35.	
J2ton : 27.	10
Nutgalls, see Crude Drugs.	
Oak bark, whole	00
Ground : 25.	
Quercitron bark, roughton : 10.	
Groundton 20.00 : 25.	20
Sumac, Sicily, 160 lb bags ton 76.00 : 80.0	16
Virginia, 150 lb bagston : 35.	30
Valonia Cups. 28-33% tanton 36.00 : 38.	00
Beard, 40% tan, 150 lb bgs.ton 50.00 : 52.0	
Wattle bark, 150 lb bagston : 35.	10

Extracts

	includes quality large quantity.			
Annatto, fine	D	.26	:	.29
Archil, double 6	00 D bbls D	.16	:	.18
	bbls		:	.19
Conc., 600 D	bbls	.18		.20

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Sodium Sulphide
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Yellow Prussiate of Soda



Tannins and Dyestuffs

Chestnut, clarified, 25% tks. wks. Ib	.02 :	.02%	Osage Orange, 51° liquid Ib Powd, 100 lb bags lb	.07 :	.08	Crude Dru	gs	
Bbls., wks Ib	.02%:	.02%	Persian Berries	.27 :	.30	Assertate Com mil B	10 4	- 00
Pewd., 60% 100 lb bbls. wks. lb	.05%:	.06	QUEBRACHO, 35% liquid ths ID	.03 :	.0314	Accroides Gum, yel	.18 :	.20
Decolorized, bbls, wks Ib	.08 :		450 lb bbls	.03 1/4:	.04	Aconite Root, USP, bags	.25 :	.27
Cudbear, English	.21 :	.23	35% bleaching, 450 m bbls. m	.04%:	.0514	Agar Agar, 1, 200 h balesh	1.80	1.85
Cutch. Rangoon, 100 lb bales lb	.13 :	.16	Solid 65% 100 m bales m	.05 :	.0514	No. 2, bales	1.75 :	1.80
Borneo, solid, 100 lb bales lb	.04%:	.0516	Clarified bales D	:	.06	No. 3, bales	1.65 :	1.75
Liquid. 450 m bbls	.10 :	.11	Quercitron, 51° 450 m bblsm	.06%:	.07%	Agaric, white, cases	.32	4.25
Tablets, 120 lb boxeslb	.13 :	.14	Powdered, 100 fb boxes fb	.09 :	.13	Sweet, bags	.45 :	.46
			Spruce, 25% liquid tanks wks Ib	.01 :	.0114	Meal, tins, boxes	.28 :	.30
Flavine	.90 :	.95	Powd. 50% 100 b bags wks. Ib	.02 :	.021/4	Aletris Root, bags	.60 :	.62
Fustic, solid 50 lb boxes lb	.14 :	.18	Sumac, liquid 450 m bbls m	.07 :	.09	Alkanet Root, bags	.07 :	.08
Crystals, 100 fb boxes	.22 :	.24				Aloes, Barbadoes, 120 lb bblslb	.65	.70
Liquid, 51°, 600 b bbls b	.10 :	.14	DYERS' SUNDRIES			Curação, 100 lb cases	.1014	
Gall extract	.16 :	.18	Albumen, technical, egg 200 lb cs. lb	1.00 :	1.05	Socotrine, whole 100 b cs b	.30 :	.32
Gambier, 25% liq. 450 lb bbls. lb		.0914	Blood, domestic, 100 m drs m	.50 :	.60	Althea Root, cut cases To	.25	.28
	.081/4:		Spray Yolk 150 m cs	.45 :	.65	Whole bags	.09	.10
Common, 200 h cases	.10%:	.11	British Gum, 140 h bags c/l 100 h	4.44 :	4.59	Ambergris, black boxesoz Grey, boxesoz		28.00
Singapore cubes, 150 lb bagslb	.18 :	.19	Bags. le/1	.4.54 :	4.69	Ammoniae, tears, bags	1.35	1.40
HEMATINE, Paste, 500 m bbls m	.11%:	.1356	Dextrin, corn 140 h bags c/1.100 h	.4.04 .	4.09	Angelica Rcot, dom, bags	.14	.15
Crystals, 400 lb bbls	.16 :	.20	Bags, le/1100 fb	:	4.19	Angostura Bark, bags	.08	
Hemlock, 25% 600 b bbls. wks. b	.03%:	.0334	Yellow, bags c/l100 lb	:	4.14	Anise, Levant bags	.15 :	.16
			Potato 220 m bags c/lm	:	.0736	Russian, bags	.14 :	.15
Hypernic, 51°, 600 h bblsh	.15 :	.20	Bags, lc/l	.07%:	.08%	Star, cases	.16 1/2	.121/2
Indigo, Madras bbls	.85 :	.90	Yellow, 220 m bags m	:	.08	Annatto Seed, 200 lb bags lb	.19 72	.21
Manila, bbls	:	1.30	Tapioca, 200 lb bags, lc/1 lb	.09 :	.10	ARABIC GUM.	,	
Larch. 25%, 600 m bbls., wks m	.031/4:	.03%	Prussian blue	.60 :	.62	White, No. 1, 200 m bags m	.26 :	28
Powd. 100 lb bags, wks lb	.071/4:	.08	Sago Flour, 150 h bagsh	.0414:	.05	Seconds, 250 lb bags	.24	.26
			STARCH, powd, 140 m bgs.c/l.100 m	:	3.67	Sorts, amber, 200 lb bags, bls. lb	.131/2	
Logwood, 51°, 450 m bblsm	.071/2:	.121/4	Bags le/1100 D	:	3.77	Powd., USP, 300 h bblsh	.21	23
Solid, 50 lb boxes	.15 :	.21	Pearl, 140 lb bags c/1100 lb	:	3.57	Areca Nuts, 150 b bagsb Powd., 200 b bblsb	***	.09
Madder, Dutch D.	.28 :	.30	Potato, domestic, 200 lb bags, lb	.0414:	.05	Arnica Flowers, bales	.10	.11
Mangrove, 55% 400 m bbls m	.04%:	.05	Imported, bags duty paid Ib	.051/2:	.06	Root, Bags	.14	.16
			Tapioca Flour, high grade bags Ib	.0814:	.061/4	Arrowroot, Amer. powd. bbls Ib	.06 1/2	
Myrobalant, 25% liquid bblsB	.04 :	.05	Medium grade bags	.041/2:	.04%	St. Vincent, powd. bbls Ib	.151/2	: .17
50% solid, 50 m boxesm	.04%:	.05	Low grade, bags	.04 :	.04 1/4	Asafoetida, USP, 250 lb caseslb Powd, 50 lb bxslb	.24	: .50
Oak, tanks wks	.04 :	.04 1/2	Turkey Red Oll, bbla	.11 :	.12	BALM GILEAD BUDS, bags To	.45	: .50
23-25% liq. 600 h bbls. wks. h	.05 :	.05%	Yolk Oil, bbls	:	.35	Balmony Herb, bales		14

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EXTRACTS

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42 Broadway, New York

Head Office: Osaka, Japan

BALSAMS			Cannabis, true imp. bags Ib	:	6.00	Cloves, Zanzibar, 135 h balesh	.33 :	.34
Copaiba, Para, 80 m cs m	.23	.25	American (no assay) bales Ib	.80 :	.85	Amboynas, bales	:	
South American, 80 lb cslb	.28	.29	Cantharides. Chinese cases D	1.70 :	1.85	Penang, bales	.35 :	
	12.80 : 2.25 :		Powdered, boxes	1.25 :	1.30	Coca Leaves, Huanuco bags D		.37
Oregon, bbls., cansgal	1.75		Cantharides, Russian, cases Ib	1.50 :	1,60	Truxillo, bags	•••	***
Tolu. 90 lb cases	2.25		Powdered, boxes	1.70 :	1.75	Cohosh Root, Black bags Ib	:	.55
Ramboo Brier Root, bags ib	.06	.07	Caraway Seed, African, bags Ib	.24 :	.25	Blue, bags	.15 :	.16
Barberry Bark, tree bales	.22	.24	Dutch, 110 lb bags	.251/2:	.26	Colchicum Root, bags	-	.18
Rayberry Bark, bales Ib	.11		Cardamom bleach cases	1.35 :	1.70	Seed, bags	.08 :	.09
Wax, bbls 1b	.26	.27	Decorticated, cases	1.30 :	1.40	Colombo Root, whole bags In		
Belladonna Leaves, bales 1b	.18	.19	Green, grinding, bags	1.03 :	1.10	Colocynth, apples, cases, balesID	.03 :	.04
Root, bags	.11	.12	Carnauba Wax, Flor. bags ID	.52 :	.53	Pulp, USP, bales	.33 :	.35
Bees Wax, white bbls	.22	.24	No. 1 N Country bags ID	.40 :	.42	Coltsfoot Leaves, bags		
Crude, bags	.23	.24	No. 2 N Country bags Ib No. 3 Fatty Gray, bags Ib	.181/4:	.1936	Comfrey Root, bags	.06 :	.07
Benzoin Gum, Siam, boxes Ib	1.30	: 1.35	No. 3 Chalky, bags	.1914:	.20	Condurango Bark, bales Ib	.12%:	
Sumatra, 80 lb boxes	.27		Cascara Amarga, 150 lb bales lb	.30 :	.32	Conium Seeds, bags	.1279:	.13
Rerberis Aquifolium Root, bags Ib	.14%		Cascara Sagrada, bales, Old B	:		Copaiba Balsam Para, see Balsams		.10
Beth Root, bags	.22	25	New	.24 :	.26	Copal Gum	.12 :	.1314
Blackhaw Bark, root, bales To	.40	: .42	Cascarilla Bark, quills bales ID	.36 :	.40	Coriander Seed, Bombay bags Ib	.05 :	.07
Tree, bales		: .30	Siftings, bbls	.20 :	.25	Morocco, bags Ib	.10%:	.10%
Blood Root, bags	.15	: .16	Cassia Buds. 66 lb cases lb	.1214:	.13	Bleached, bags	.14%:	.1534
Blueflag Root, bags		: .25	China, select, mats cases ID	.09 :	.09%	Corn Silk, bales	.05%:	.06
Boldo Leaves, bales		: .11	Saigon, assort. bales	.24 :	.25	Cotton Root Bark, bales	:	.30
Borage Flowers, bales		: .20	Cassia Fistula, baskets B	.091/4:	.10	Cramp Bark, so-called bales To	:	.08
Bryonia Root, bags		: .10	Castor Beans, bags	4.00 :	4.50	True, bags	.40 :	.42
BUCHU LEAVES, short, 250 B			Catechu Gum, bags	.09 :	.10	Cranesbill Root, bags	.10 :	.11
bales	.89	: .95	Catnip Herb, bales	.15 :	.17	CUBEB BERRIES, XX bags ID	.70 :	.75
less, bales	1.00	: 1.05	Celery Seed, 220 h bags h	.30 :	.32	Powdered, boxes	.75 :	.78
Long, bales	***	:	Ceresin Wax, white bags Ib	.09 :	.10	Culvers Root, bags	.30 :	.35
Buckthorn Bark, bales Ib	.07	: .08	Yellow, 200 m bags	.08 :	.09	Cumin Seed, Levant bags 10		.33
Burdock Root, bags ID	.19	: .20	CHAMOMILE FLOWERS, Roman			Morocco, bags	.24	.2736
Burgundy Pitch, dom. 110 lb stands			bales	1.00 :	1.10	Cuttlefish Bone, Trieste, straps 1b		
Gross for net		: .05	Hung. cases bales	.09 :	.10	Jewelers. large, straps	.15 :	.16
Calabar Beans, bags	.12	: .14	Charcoal Willow, powd. bbls Ib	.06 :	.061/2	Small, straps D	:	.35
Calamus Root, bleached cases Ib	.36	: .38	Wood, powd. bbls	.04 :	.08	French, straps	.15 :	.16
Unbleached, bags	.10	: .13	Herb, bales	.06	.0634	Powdered, boxes	:	.13
Calendula Petals, imp. bales Ib		: .30	Chicle Gum, bags	.75	1.00	Broken, boxes	.07 :	.071/
Calisaya Bark, bales, powd Ib	.27	: .30	Chiretta, bales 1D	.10 :	.12	Damar Gum, 136 lb cases lb	.251/2:	.26
Camphor, see Chemicals		. 00	Cinchona Bark, red quills bales. Ib	.45	.50	Damiana Leaves, bales	.13 1/2:	.11
Canary Seed, Morocco bags Ib	0.5	: .06	Broken, bales	.25	.28	Dandelion Root, Imp., bags ib	.22 :	.23
South American, bags Ib			Cinnamon, Ceylon, bales, bond lb	.22	3.75	Deer Tongue Leaves, bales D Digitalis Leaves, bales D	.09 :	.10
Candelila Wax, bags	.23	: .25	Civet, Abyssin horas		.26	Dill Seed, bags	.07 :	.08
Canella Alba Bark, bales Ib	.02	: .55	Clotter Topis, maga			bago	.0072:	.00



H. R. Lathrop & Co., Inc.

110-6 Beekman Street NEW YORK

Buchu Leaves

Sole Agents U.S.A.

KITAGUMI JAPAN WAX

Dogwood Bark. Jamaica bags h	.101/4: .12	Grindelia Robusta Herb, balesD	.07 : .07%	LADY SLIPPER ROOT, bags Ib	.51 : .65
Flowers, bales	: .15	Guaiac Gum, 80 lb cases B	.28 :30	Larkspur Seed, bags	.34 : .36
Doggrass Root, USP, cut bags ib	.12 : .14	Guarana, tins, cases	.60 : .70		
Dragons Blood, mass cases 10	.45 : .50	GUM, see Arabic Gum, etc.		Laurel Leaves, bales	.041/4: .043
Reeds, boxes	1.35 : 1.40	HELLEBORE ROOT.		Selected	.35 : .40
		Black, bbls	.08 : .10		
ECHINACEA ROOT, bags	.32 : .34	Powdered	.13 : .15	Leeches, tubsPer 100	: 6.00
Glecampane Root, bags	.09 : .10	White, Powd. 250 b bbls b	.16 : .17	Lemon Peel, bags	.09 : .10
Elder Flowers, bags	.14 : .16	Heionias Root, (unicorn false)		Licerice Root, Russian whole Ib	.0714 : .08
		bags	.88 : .90	Spanish, natural bales Ib	.09 : .094
Im Bark, select, 5 lb bundles cases lb	.30 : .32	Hemp Seed, Manchurian bags 10	$.05 : .05\frac{1}{2}$	Powdered, bbls	.091/4: .10
Grinding, bags	.10 : .12	Chilian, bags	*** : * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Selected, 2 & 5 lb bundles lb	.16 : .20
Powdered, bbls	.22 : .23	Henbane Leaves, bales, USP Ib	.35 : .40	Cuttings, 125 lb bags lb	.07 : .07
ERGOT, 150-200 lb bags lb	.38 : .40	No assay b Henna Leaves, bales b	.30 : .35	Life Everlasting Herbs, bales ib	.05 : .06
Eucalyptus Leaves, bales	: .05	Powdered	.16 : .17	Lime Juice, clarified bblsgal	.50 : .60
Euphorbia Pilulifera Herb, bags Ib	.15 : .17	Honey, Calif., 120 h cases h	.11%: .12	Linden Flowers, with leaves, bales ib	.14 : .16
Suphorbium Gum, cases lb	: .32	Hops, N. Y. prime bales	.25 : .28	Without Leaves, bales	.30 : .32
Powdered, boxes	: .40	Pacific Coast prime bales To	.22 : .25	Liverwort Leaves, bales	.20 : .22
Fennel Seed, French, bags Th	.17 : .18	Horehound Herb, bales	.10 : .11	Lobelia Herb, bales	.22 : .23
German, bags	.18 : .19	Horsetail Rush, bags	: .15	Lobelia Seed, bags	.62 : .65
Indian, bags	.12 : .121/2	India Gum, see Karaya		Lovage Root, Imported, bags To	.20 : .22
Flax Seed, whole 180 b bblsea	13.00 : 13.50	INSECT FLOWERS, open whole		Lupulin, boxes	1.40 : 1.50
Ground, 180 m bbls	.07%: .08	bales	:	Domestic	1.30 : 1.40
Foenugreek Seed, 200 lb bags lb	.07 : .071/2	Closed whole, bales Ib		Lycopodium, 88 lb cs	.36 : .38
		Powdered, pure 200 lb bblslb	.62 : .64	MACE, Siauw, No. 1 cases Th	.44 : .45
Fish Berries, 100-125 b bagsb	.03 : .031/2	Flowers and stems, 50 p. c.		Banda, No. 1 cases	.50 : .52
Fringe Tree Bark, bags	.19 : .20	200 lb bbls lb	.38 : .40	Batavia, cases	.38 : .39
GALANGAL ROOT, bags	.08 : .09	Ipecac Root, Cartagena, bags B Powdered, 200 B bbis, boxes. B	2.00 : 2.05 2.10 : 2.15	Malva Flowers, blue bales To	.27 : .30
Galbanum Gunt, cans	.80 : .95	Rio Whole, bags		Black, bales	.65 : .75
lambler Gum, bags	.09 : .0934	Powdered, 200 lb bbls. boxes. lb	*** 1 ***	Manna, large flake cases Th	:
Samboge Gum, 160 b casesb	1.00 : 1.05	Isinglass, American, 130 b cr b	.65 .70	Small flake, cases	.40 : .42
Powdered, cases	1.05 : 1.10	Russian (Beluga) bxs. ctns Th	5.50 : 7.50	Sorts, cases	.27 : .30
Seisemium Root, bags	.11 : .11%	JABORANDI LEAVES, bales ID	.16 : .18	Mandrake Root, bags	.20 : .22
Sentian Root, bags	.081/2: .09	Jalap Root, whole, 150 fb bags fb	.32 : .34	Mastic Gum, 120 lb cases lb	.65 : .70
linger, African, bags	.13%: .14	Powdered, USP, 250 h bblsh	.38 : .40	Mezereon Bark, bags	.11 : .12
Jamaica, grinding, bags bbls To	.32 : .39	Japan Wax, 224 lb cases lb	.161/2: .17	Matico Leaves, bales	.20 : .22
Japan, bags	.14 : .14%	Job's Tears, white bags	.2530	Marjoram Leaves, German bales 10	.171/2: .18
Cochin, ABC & lemon, bags Ih	.15 : .151/4	Juniper Berries, 125 lb bags lb	.03 : .03 1/4	French, bales	.131/2: .14
Ginseng Root, cultivated, bags Ib	8.00 : 10.00	KAMALA, boxes	1.90 : 2.00	Millet Seed, dom. yellow bags In	.03 %: .05
Northwestern Wild, bags Ib	14.00 : 15.00	Karaya Gum, powdered, bbls Ib Kava Kava Root, bags Ib	.15 : .20	Montan, Wax, crude bags	.04 : .043
Southern Wild, bags B Golden Seal Root, bags B	10.00 : 12.00 3.45 : 3.55	Kino Gum, black cases	.16 : .17	Bleached	00 . 00
Powdered, boxes	3.85 : 3.95	Kola Nuts, 150 D bags D	.05 : .06	Irish, bleached bales	.08 : .09
Grains of Paradise, bags ID	.12 : .14	Kousso Flowers, bags	: 3.00	Mullein Flowers, tins	1.25 : 1.30
named or resourced residence or my		,,,,	5.00	annient Francis, title	1.20 ; 1.00



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						_
fusk, pods Cabardine, tinsor	16.00 : 17.00	Patchouli Leaves, bales Ib	.22 : .25	Rosemary Flowers, cases bales Th	.28 :	.30
Tonquin	22.00 : 25.00	Pepper, black Sing, bags Ib	.10%: .10%	Rose Petals, pale	.22 :	.25
Grain Cab		White, bags	.14 : .141/4	Red 10	:	.60
Tonguin		Peppers, red Mombasa, bags Ib	.16 : .161/2	Kue Herb, bales	.30 :	.35
Synthetic, see Chemicals		Cherries, bags	.14 : .15			
sk Root, Russian bags ib	:	Bombay, bags	.15 : .151/2	SABADILLA SEED, bags 1b	.13 :	.14
	.08%: .09	Japan, bags	.281/2: .30	Powder, bbls	.17 :	.18
stard Seed, Barl brown bags Ib	.081/2: .09	Pennyroyal Herb, bales	.08 : .12	Saffron Flowers, Amer. bales fb	1.00 :	1.05
Bombay, brown		Peppermint Leaves, imp. bales Ib	: .35	Valencia, 1 lb cans lb	35.00 : 3	6.00
Californda, brown	.0814: .09		.27 : .29			
Yellow	: .09	Domestic leaf	.4140	Sage, Dalmatian bales	.05%:	.06
Chinese yellow	.04 : .04 1/2	Peru Balsam, see Balsams	.23 : .25	Greek, bales	.04%:	.05
English, yellow	.081/4: .09	Pichi Leaves, bags		Spanish, bales	.03 :	.03
Dutch, yellow	.08 : .081/2	Pimento, select bags		Sandalwood, chips bags	:	.30
Danish, yellow	.081/2: .09	Pink Root, true bags	: 1.05	Ground, bags	:	.35
rrh Gum, select 200 h csh	.35 : .37	Pitch, Burgundy, see Burgundy Pitch		Sandarae Gum. 300 lb bbls lb	.20 :	.23
Sorts, cases	.33 : .35	Pleurisy Root, bags	: .22			
TGALLS, Chinese bags Ib	.17 : .18	Plantain Leaves, bales	: .15	Sarsaparilla Root Honduras, bales lb	.61 :	.65
Aleppy, bags	14 : .15	Poke Berries, bags	: .15	Mexican, bales lb	.26 :	.27
tmegs, 110s cases	.21 : .22	Poke Root, bags	: .071/2	Sassafras Bark, ordinary bales Th	.12 :	.14
		Pomegranate Bark, of root bags. Ib	: .30	Select, bales	.26 :	.27
75s, 80s cases		Of Fruit, bags	: .30			
Vomica Buttons, bags Ib	.07 : .08	Of tree	: .30	Savory Leaves, bales	.08%:	.08
Powdered, 200 lb bbls lb	.09 : .11	Poppy Flowers, red bags Ib	.25 : .27	Saw Palmetto Berries, bags Ib	.10 :	.11
K BARK, red bags	.05 : .06	Poppy Seed, Dutch, bags lb	.11 : .11%	Scammony Resin, boxes Ib	1.40 :	1.60
White, bags	.06 : .07	German, bags	: .10%	Scammony Root, bags	.061/4:	.07
ibanum Gum, sift 280 h cases. h	.09 : .091/4	Turkish, bags	.06 : .08	Senega Root, bags	.64 :	.66
Tears, 280 lb cases	.11 : .13	Blue Indian, bags	.08 : .081/4	SENNA, Alex. 150 m cases Ib	.30 :	.31
No. 1, all white, 280 m		White Indian, bags	.07 : .07 %	Half Leaf, 350 m balesm	.16 :	.18
cases	.21 : .22	Prickly Ash Bark Southern, bags Ib	.14 : .14%	Siftings, 400 m bales m	.13 :	
um, gum USP cases lb	8.00 : 9.00		. 10	Powdered, 200 fb bbls fb		.14
Granular, cans	9.00 : 10.00	Northern, bags	.12 : .14			.14
Powdered, USP, cans	9.00 : 10.00	Prickly Ash Berries, bags Ib		Tinnevelly, job, 350 lb bbls lb	.11 :	.18
		Prince's Pine, bales		Grinding, 350 m balesm	.05 :	.07
ange Flowers, cases	.50 : 1.00	Pulsatilla Herb, bags		Powdered, 200 lb bbls lb	.08 :	.08
ange Peel, bitter bags		Pumpkin Seed, bags	.14 : .16	Pods, 350 lb bales	.07 :	.08
Sweet, bagslb		QUASSIA CHIPS, bags	.0614: .0714	Serpentaria Root, bags Ib	.80 :	.8
ris Root Florentine bold bags Ib	.07 : .08	Queen of the Meadow Herb, bags. To	: .06	Shellac, T.N., bags		.6
Powdered, 200 lb bbls lb	.11%: .12	Quince Seed, bags	.90 : 1.00	Superfine Orange, bags Ib		.70
Verona, bags	.05 : .06		.06%: .07	D. C., bags	.83 :	.8
Powdered, 200 b bbls b	.071/2: .08	RAPE SEED, South Amer. bags To	.051/4: .07	V. S. O., cases	.83	.8
Fingers, cases	.58 : .60	Dutch, bags		Pwd. reg., 350 lb bblslb		
okerite Wax, brown hard bags. Ib	.22 : .24	Japanese, small, bags				7
Green, hard bags B	.25 : .26	Raspberries, dried boxes Ib	.56 : .60	Regular Bleached, 350 lb bbls lb	*** :	.63
Refined, yellow bags	:	Red Saunders Ib	.17 : .19	Bone, Dry, 350 lb bblslb	.70 :	.75
PRIKA, bags lb	.17 : .22	Rhatany Root, bags	: .081/2	Simaruba Bark, bales		.10
	.27 : .37	RHUBARB. H. D., cases Ib	.38 : .40	Sideritis Herb, cut bags Ib		.18
Hungarian	.19 : .20	Powdered, 200 lb bblslb	.45 : .46	Skullcap Leaves, bales To		.38
		Rosemary Leaves, bales In	.04 1/4: .05	Sloe Berries, bags	.03 :	.04
arsley Seed, bags	.08 : .081/2	Andrews, mental				

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Snake Root, Canada natural bags. Ib Stripped, bags Ib	.36		Tragacanth Gum, No. 1, ribbon, 200 lb cs lb	1.45 : 1.50	Essential Oils
SBAP BARK, whole, 150-200 lb bales lb Cut, 125-175 lb bags lb Crushed, 200 lb bbls lb Powdered, 200 lb bbls lb	.07% .08½ .10	.09	No. 2 to No. 6, cases. Bb Powdered, 50 lb boxes. bb Turkish, cases Bb Turmeric Root, Madras bags. lb Aleppy, bags lb	1.00 : 1.45 1.00 : 1.50 .75 : .90 .10½: .11 .09 : .09½	Almond Bitter USP 5 lb bots lb 3.25 : 3.75 Bitter ff PA 5 lb bots lb 3.50 : 3.75 Artificial (See Benzaldehyde—Chemicals) Swet, 56 lb cans lb 33 : 34 Peach Kernel, 55 lb tins lb 24 : 25
Spearmint Leaves, American bales. To Spermaceti, blocks cakes cases To Spikenard Root, bags To	.23 .39 .27		China, bags	.08 : .08½ .17 : .20 .14 : .15	Apricot, see Peach Kernel Amber, crude 25 lb tinslb .70 : .75 Rectified, 25 lb tinslb .90 : 1.00
Spruce Gum, boxes	1.00	-	UNICORN ROOT, false, see Helonias True, see Aletris Uva Ursi Leaves, bales Ib VALERIAN ROOT, Belgian bars Ib	.05%: .06%	Angelica Root, 1 lb bot.
Stone Root, bags	.09 .70 .90	.75 1.00	Vanilla Beans Mex. whole cases. In Cuts, cases Ib Bourbon, cases Ib South American, cases Ib	9.00 : 10.00 6.25 : 6.50 4.60 : 4.85 6.00 : 6.50	Bergamot, 25 lb coppers. lb 2.75 : 2.85 Artificial, 25 lb cans. lb 2.00 : 2.25 Birch Tar, rect. 5 lb bot. lb 1.10 : 1.15 Crude, 50 lb tins. lb 60 : .65
St. John's Bread, bags	.04 .07	.08	Tahiti, yellow label cases Ib Green Label, cases Ib Violet Flowers, bags Ib WAHOO BARK, of root bags Ib	.65 : .70 1.00 : 1.05	Bois de Rose, 25 lb tins lb 2.40 : 2.80
Strophanthus Seed, Hispidus Ib Kombe, bags Ib Sunflower Seed, domestic bags Ib South American, bags Ib	.35 .30 .07	.35	Of Tree, bags	.43 : .45 .07 : .08 .04 : .05	Calamus, 5 lb bot
TAGALDER BARK, bags	:	3.50	Rossed, bales	.14 : .15 .09 : .10 .12 : .14 .07 : .08	Rectified, 25 lb tins lb 2.75 3.00
Tansy Herb, bales	1.60	.051/6	Willow, bark bags D White, bags D Witch Hazel Bark, bags D Witch Hazel Leaves, bales D	: .06	CASSIA, 75-80 p.e. 66 fb cases. fb 2.45 : 2.50 Redistilled, USP, 50 fb casslb 3.00 : 3.10 Cedar Leaf, 50 fb tins
French, bales	.09 % :		Worm Seed, American bags Ib Levant bags Ib Wormwood Herb, imported bales Ib Yacca Gum, red. Ib	.09 : .10 : 4.00 : .10 .04 : .041/4	Celery, 1 D bot D 8.50 9.00
Tolu Balsam, see Balsams Tongo Bark, bags	.30 : 2.25 : .75 : .80 :	.80	Ground B YELLOW DOCK ROOT, bags. ID Yellow Parilla Root, bags. ID Yerba Santa, bags ID Zedoary Root, bags ID	.05 %: .08 % .12 : .14 .16 : .17 .10 : .11 .08 : .10	10

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Refined_USP_251b_tins. b 0.00 0.50						
Cumin, 1D bot.	Coriander, USP, 1 h bot	17.00	: 17.50	Pinus Sylvestris, 25 lb tins lb : 1.75	omatic Cher	micals
Cumin 1D bot bot b 14.00 15.00					WATURAL DERIVATIVE	
Dill; 1 b bot b 4.25 5.60 Erizeron, 20 bt tins b 56 bc ss b 57 bc ss b 58 bc ss				Rule 8 16 & 32 oz nkes oz 8 00 · 9 00		
Elecary USP, 24 bits				Artificial 1 h hot or 2 00 . 2 00 Anethol,		
1000 fb drums			: .90			
South Street Sout	EUCALYPTUS, Austl. USP			1000 th drume th . 9714 Citronellal		
Semilar Seminar Semilar Semilar Seminar Semi	56 lb cs	.60	: .63			
Sandarwood, F. Ind. Ost. 7.50 Caranium, Aigerian, 2.5			: .57			
Secretarium, Algerian, 25 in tims 10 8.00 8		1.00	: 1.10	Samualwood, E. Ind. USF, 16 in Cases in 1.20 . 1.40		
Sausafras, USP, 56 lb cans. D 4.50 5.50	Geranium, Algerian, 25 lb tins lb	8.00				
Turkish		7.50	: 8.00			
Gingergrass, 28 b tins. b 2.75 s.00 Hemlock, 50 lb cans. b 1.10 1.20 Junjers Berries, USP, 25 b tins. b 1.60 7.0 Lavender, USP, 25 b tins. b 6.0 7.0 Spike, Spanish, 50 b cans. b 6.0 7.0 Lemongrass, native, 50 b cans. b 6.0 7.0 Lemongrass, native, 50 b cans. b 1.00 Lemongrass, native, 50 b cans. b 1.00 Lemongrass, native, 50 b cans. b 1.00 Limale, 45 b tins. b 1.50 Limale, 45 b tins. b 1.50 Limale, 45 b tins. b 1.50 Limale, 15 b tins. b 1.00 Limale, 45 b tins. b 1.00 Limale, 45 b tins. b 1.00 Limale, 45 b tins. b 1.00 Limale, 55 b tins. b 2.05 Necel, 56 tins. b 1.00 Artific, 11 b bot. b 10.00 Artific, 11 b bot. b 10.00 Artifical, 11 b bot. b 10.00 Artificial,			: 4.75			
Spearmint USP, 25 b tins b 1.70 1.20				C FR 41 R 0.00 . 0.00		
Springer Series USP, 25 b tins b 1.15 1.25						
Jumpler Berries, USP, 25 lb tins. lb . 1.20 Wood, 50 lb tins. lb . 60 . 70 Lavender, USP, 28 lb tins. lb . 4.00 . 5.50 Solke, Spanish, 50 lb cans. lb . 60 . 65 Lemongrass, native, 50 lb cans. lb . 95 Limes, express 25 lb tins. lb . 1.50 Limino, Mex. 80 lb casses lb . 2.25 Limes, express 25 lb tins. lb . 1.50 Limino, Mex. 80 lb casses lb . 2.25 Limes, express 25 lb tins. lb . 1.50 Limino, Mex. 80 lb casses lb . 2.25 Limes, express 25 lb tins. lb . 1.50 Limino, Mex. 80 lb casses lb . 2.25 Limes, express 25 lb tins. lb . 1.50 Limino, Mex. 80 lb casses lb . 2.25 Limes, express 25 lb tins. lb . 1.50 Limino, Mex. 80 lb casses lb . 2.25 Limes, express 25 lb tins. lb . 1.50 Limino, Mex. 80 lb casses lb . 2.25 Limino, Lb . 1 l						4 4 00
Wood, 50 lb 108. b 4.00 5.56						
Solke, Spanish, 50 fb cans. h 6.0 cass. h 5.0 cans. h 6.0 cass. h	Wood, 50 lb tins					
Thyme, red, USP, 25 lb tins. lb 1.00 1.10						
American, USP, 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 Lemograss, native, 50 fb cans. b .80 .85 Limes, express 25 fb tins. b .50 .50 Mace, distilled, 25 fb tins. b .85 1.00 Linaloe, Max. 80 fb cases b .2.25 2.35 Mace, distilled, 50 fb tins. b .95 1.00 Mirbane, ref., see Ar. Chemicals Mistard, USP, 25 fb bot. b .75 Artif., USP, 5 fb bot. b .75 Artif., USP, 5 fb bot. b .75 Artifledal, 1 fb bot. b .75 Sweet, W. Ind., 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 Sweet, W. Ind., 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 Artifledal, 1 fb bot. b .75 Sweet, W. Ind., 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 Sweet, W. Ind., 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 American, 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 Sweet, W. Ind., 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 American, 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 Sweet, W. Ind., 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 American, 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 Sweet, W. Ind., 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 American, 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 American, 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 Sweet, W. Ind., 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 American, 25 fb tins. b .95 1.00 A						3.10 : 3.25
Lemongrass, native, 50 D cans D 80 85 Limes, express 25b tins. D 1.50 1.70 Distilled, 25b tins. D 1.50 1.70 Linaloe, Mex. 80 D cases D 2.25 2.35 Mase, distilled, 50 D tins. D 95 1.00 Mirbane, ref., see Ar. Chemicals Mustard, USP, 1 D bot. D 2.70 3.00 Neroll, Bigardie, ½ 6 1 D bot. D 4.00 60.00 Petale 1 D bot. D 6.50 80.00 Artificial, 1 D bot. D 10.00 25.00 Nutmeg, USP, 25b tins. D 2.65 2.75 Sweet, W, Ind., 25b tins. D 2.65 2.75 Reg. W, Ind., 25b tins. D 2.65 2.75 New More Company of the Company o				White, USP 25 lb tins lb 1.15 : 1.25		
Vettert, Bourbon, 1 to Dot.						
Distilled 25 \(\text{D} \) tims D 85 1.00				Vetivert, Bourbon, 1 lb bot lb 4.25 : 4.50		
Linalge, Mex. 80 h cases D 2.25 2.35 2.35 Mirs, distilled, 50 h tins D 95 1.00 Mirchane, ref., see Ar, Chemicals Mistard, USP, 11b bot. D 2.70 3.00 Mirshard, USP, 11b bot. D 2.70 3.00 Mirshard, USP, 50 h bot. D 2.70 3.00 Mirshard, USP, 50 h bot. D 2.70 3.00 Mirshard, USP, 50 h bot. D 2.70 3.00 Mirshard, USP, 25h bot. D 2.70 3.00 3.25 3.00 Mirshard, USP, 25h bot. D 2.00 3.25 3.00 Mirshard, USP, 25h bot. D 3.00 Mirshard, USP, 25				Java, 110 Dut		
Mace, distilled, 50 D tins D				Wille, heavy 110 Dut		
Mirbane, ref. see Ar. Chemicals Mirbane, ref. see Ar. See Ar. Chemicals Mirbane, ref. see Ar. Chemicals Mirbane, ref. see Ar. See Ar. Ar. Ar. See				Win I Enuncia,		
Mustard, USP, 1 th bot. D		.00	. 1.00	Sweet bell., 2010 tills 2.00 . 5.00 Aldehude		
Artific, ISP, 5 lb bot. D 2.70 3.00			. 14 00	Gautteria, true 25 to time to 4.00 : 1.00		7.50 : 32.50
Neroll, Bigarade, \(\frac{1}{2} \) & 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 4 0,00 & 60,00 \\ Petale 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 6 5,00 & 80,00 \\ Artificial, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 1 0,00 & 25,00 \\ Nutmeg, USP, 25 \(\text{D} \) tins. \(\text{D} \) 1 0,00 & 25,00 \\ Norage, bitter, 25 \(\text{D} \) tins. \(\text{D} \) 2,65 & 2.75 \\ Sweet, W. Ind., 25 \(\text{D} \) tins. \(\text{D} \) 2,15 & 2.25 \\ Italian, 25 \(\text{D} \) tins. \(\text{D} \) 3,25 & 3,60 \\ Amminised Ball, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 5,00 & 6,00 \\ Manlia, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 5,00 & 6,00 \\ Manlia, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 5,00 & 40,00 \\ Amminised Ball, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 5,00 & 6,00 \\ Manlia, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 5,00 & 6,00 \\ Manlia, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 5,00 & 40,00 \\ Amyl Petryl Acetate, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 8,50 & 9,00 \\ Amyl Petryl Acetate, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 8,50 & 9,00 \\ Amyl CSALICYARE, 40m. 100 \(\text{D} \) cys. \(\text{D} \) 1,75 & 1.85 \\ Parilley, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 3,50 \\ Applidium, USP, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 2,75 \(\text{S} \) 3,00 \\ Amyl Valerate, 5 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 2,25 \(\text{D} \) 5,00 \\ Amyl Petryl Acetate, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 2,25 \(\text{C} \) 3,00 \\ Amyl Pariley, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 3,50 \\ Applidium, USP, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 2,75 \(\text{S} \) 3,00 \\ Amyl Valerate, 5 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 5,00 \\ Amyl Petryl Acetate, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 2,25 \(\text{C} \) 2,50 \\ Amyl Petryl Acetate, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 2,25 \(\text{C} \) 3,00 \\ Amyl Petryl Acetate, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 1,75 \(\text{C} \) 1,75 \(\text{C} \) 3,00 \\ Amyl Petryl Acetate, 1 \(\text{D} \) bot. \(\text{D} \) 1,75 \(\text{C} \) 5,25 \(\text{C} \) 1,75 \(\text{C} \) 1,75 \(\text{C} \) 1,75 \(\text{C} \) 1,75 \(\te				Synthetic, USP, 50 lb caseslb41		
Petale 1				Wormseed Batt., USP, 2510 tins. 10 5.15 : 4.25		
Artificial, 1				Worldwood done, 25 to tills to 4.00 . 4.10		
Nutney, USP, 25 lb tins.				riang riang, Bourbon 10 ib time		7.00 : 8.00
Orange, bitter, 25 D tins. D 2.65 : 2.75 Manila, 1 D bot. D 3.00 : 3.00 40.00 Amyl Formate, 1 D bot. D bot. D 3.00 : 3.00 Amyl Formate, 1 D bot. D bot. D 3.00 : 3.00 Amyl Fhenyl Acetate, 1 D bot. D 5.00 : 9.00 Amyl Fhenyl Acetate, 1 D bot. <td></td> <td>.95</td> <td>: 1.00</td> <td></td> <td>grate, 1 m bot m</td> <td>2.00 : 2.10</td>		.95	: 1.00		grate, 1 m bot m	2.00 : 2.10
Sweet, W. Ind., 25 lb tins. D 2.15 2.2		2.65	: 2.75		nate, 1 lb bot lb	2.25 : 3.00
Railan, 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25		2.15	: 2.25		nyl Acetate, 1 lb bot lb	8.50 : 9.00
Origanum, 50 lb cans. lb .30 : .35 .35 Aspidium, USP, 1 lb bot. lb 2.75 : 3.00 Imported lb 2.25 : 2.50 Aspidium, USP, 1 lb bot. lb 2.75 : 3.00 Amyl Valerate, 5 lb bot. lb 4.75 : 5.00	Italian, 25 to cop lb	3.25	: 3.60	Artificial, 110 DOC 10 10.00 : 12.00 AMYL SA	LICYLATE, dom. 100 h	
Origanum, 50 m canss	American, 25 lb tins lb	3.10	: 3.15	OLEORESINS		
raisity, 110 but				1 mported		
				Continue vinn was been a new Amys value		
Patchouli, 5 lb bot lb 7.75 : 8.00 Capsteum, USP, 5 lb bot lb 2.50 : 2.75 Anisle Aldehyde, 1 lb bot lb 3.75 : 4.50				at the same and the same and the same and		
				Class FR hat		
1mported, 2010 titis				True, a		1.75 : 1.85
TETTERMINET, Marc OV M CAROLT IN CITY DELICATION CONTRACTOR DELICA				0 1 1 M L-1		
mediate, out, out describing the second of the periodicity and				Benzophen		
TO 10 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				- 42 4 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
French, 1 Ib bot	French, 1 in not	7.00	: 8.00	ranna, in bottom Benzyl For	mate, 110 Dot	4.00 : 4.25

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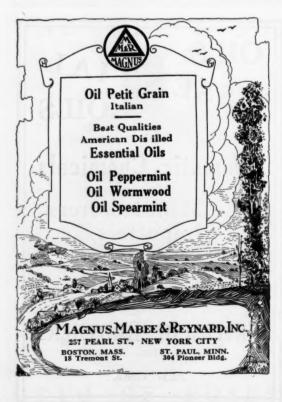
FRITZSCHE BROTHERS

Inc

NEW YORK

Aromatic Chemicals

Senzyl Alcohol, 5 m bot m	1.60	: 1.70	1 lso-Butyl Benzoate, 5 m bot m	4.75 ; 5.00	Skatol. 1oz. bot	: 10.00
BENZYL BENZOATE, 510 bot 10	1.60	: 1.75	Iso-Safrol, 1 h bot. imported To	5.25 ; 5.50	TERPINEOL, CP. 1000 to drums. to .54	: .55
Medicinal FFC		: 2.00	Domestic, 5 lb bot	4.00 : 4.25	Cans 50 lb b .58	: .60
Benzyl Butyrate, C.P., 170 bot. 70	6.50	: 7.00	Linalyl Acetate, 1 h bot. Dom lb	7.00 : 10.00	Imported, 25 lb cans lb .95	: 1.20
Renzyl Cinnamate, 1 D bot D	10.00	: 10.50	Imp., 1 10 bot	8.50 : 10.00	Terpinyl Acetate, 25 D cans D 1.65	: 1.85
Benzyl Formate, 1 lb bot lb	3.00	: 3.25	Linalyl Renzoate, 1 h bot h	13.00 ; 14.00		
Renzyl Propionate, 1 lb bot lb	5.00	: 5.25	Linalyl Formate, 5 to bot 10	10.00 : 12.00	VANILLIN, USP, 400 oz. cansoz .40	
Rornyl Acetate, 170 bot	2.25	: 3.00	METHYL ANTHRANILATE dom.,		Cans, 16 oz., 80 oz	%: .41%
Bromstyrol, 25 lb kegslb		: 4.25	1 lb bot	3.50 : 4.00	Valerianic Ether, See Ethyl Valerate	
natyric Ether, See Ethyl Butyrate	4.00	. 1.20	Imported	4.50 : 5.00	Yara Yara, 1 lb cans lb 1.75	: 2.00
Cinnamic Acid, 5th cars Ib	3.00	: 3.25	Methyl Benzoate, 5 lb bot, import, lb	2.00 : 2.25		
Cinnamic Alcohol, liquid 1 to bot. To		: 14.00	Domestic, 5 b bot	1.75 : 2.00	PERFUMERS' SUNDRIES	
Crystallizable		: 16.00	Methyl Cinnamate, 1 lb bot lb	3.75 : 4.00	Almond Meal, 25 D cans D .28	: .30
			Methyl Heptenone, 1 lb bot lb	8.00 : 8.25	Ambergris, black, bxs0z	: 8.00
Cinnamic Aldehyde, 1 lb bot lb	3.20	: 3.50	Methyl Heptine Carbonate, 170 bot. 10	50.00 : 70.00	Ambergris, gray, bxs	: 28.00
CITRONELLOL, 1 To bot To	7.00	: 12.00	Methyl Paracresol, 1 lb bot lb	8.00 : 9.00	Balsam Copaiba, Para. 80 lb cases lb .23	: .24
Citronellyl Acetate, 1 lb bot lb	12.00	: 13.00	Methyl Phenylacetate, 1 h bot h	6.25 : 6.50	South American, 80 m cases m .28	29
COUMARIN, 25 m cans m	4.50	: 4.65	Methyl Phenylacetate, 5 h bot. h	6.00 : 6.50	Balsam Peru, 120 lb cases lb 1.75	: 1.80
		: .65		0.00 . 0.00	Ralsam Tolu, 90 lb cases lb 2.25	: 2.35
1000 D drs.	.55	: .50	METHYL SALICYLATE, USP 500 ID		Benzoin Gum, Siam, bxs tb 1.15	
1000 lb drs lb Diphenyloxide, 25 lb tips lb	.85	: .90	drums	: .45	Castoreum, 1 lb bot	: 4.50
Ethyl Acetate, pure, 51b bot1b	.45	: .50	50 lb cases	.43 : .45	Chalk, precip. light, 175 h bbls. b .04	
Ethyl Benzoate, 5 lb bot lb	1.85	: 2.00	Second Hands		Cherry Laurel Water, 5 gal cans.gal 1.15	: 1.25
Ethyl Butyrate, 5 to bot 10	2.00	: 2.25	Mirbane, rect., 1000 lb drumslb		Civet Abyssin, horns0z 2.75	: 3.75 : 8.00
	3.25	: 3.50			Labdanum, 5 lb bot	
Ethyl Caproate, 1 lb bot lb Ethyl Cinnamate, 1 lb bot lb	3.75	: 4.00	Musk Ketone, 1 lb canslb	3.50 : 3.75	Lanelin hydrous, 350 m bbls m .21	: .22
Fthyl Formate, 5 lb bot lb	2 00	: 2.10	Nerolin, 1 D cans	1.65 : 2.00	Anhydrous, 350 lb bblslb .23	: .24
Ethyl-methyl Paracresol, 1 m bot. m	3.25	: 3.50	Genanthic Ether, 100%, 170 bot, 10	2.25 : 3.00	Musk pods, Cabardine, tinsoz 16.00	: 17.00
Ethyl Propionate, 170 bot 70	2.25	: 2.50	Oenanthic Ether, 5 lb bot E	1.25 : 1.50	Tonquin, tins	: 25.00
Ethyl Valerate, 5 lb bot lb	4.50	: 4.75	Phenylacetaldehyde, Dom.	1.20 . 1.90	Grains, Cabardine, tinsoz 25.00	: 26.00
Ethyl Salicylate, 5 lb bot lb		: 3.50	1 lb bot, lb	8.00 : 10.00	Tonquin, tins	: 38.00
Formic Ether, See Ethyl Formate	0.20	. 0.00		12.00 : 14.00	Synthetic, See Aromatic Chemicals	
Geranyl Acetate, 1 lb bot lb	4 95	: 4.75	Phenylacetic Acid, 1 th bot Th		Orris Rt. Flor., powd. bbls fb .09	: .11
Geranyl Butyrate, 1 m bot m		: 13.50	Phenyl Diacetate, 1oz. bot oz.		Verona, bbls	
Geranyl Formate, 1 lb bot lb		: 12.50	Phenyl propyl Alcohol, 1 lb bot., lb			
Hydroxycitronellal, 1 m bot m		: 12.00	PHENYLETHYLALCOHOL dom	10.00		
			1 lb bot	6.75 : 8.75		7.00
Heliotropin, dom., 10 fb botfb		: 2.25	Imported		Rice Starch, 140 h bgs h .09	: .10
Imported		: 2.75	Phenylethyl Butyrate, 1 m botm		Rose Water, 5 gal cbysgal .90	: 1.10
Indol, CP, 1oz. bot			Phenylethyl Formate, 1 lb bot lb		Sandalwood chips, powd., bags ib .30	: .35
Alpha	5.00	: 9.00	Phenylethyl Propionate, 1 lb bot lb		Saponin, 5 lb tins	: 1.50
Beta	9.00	: 11.00	Phenylethyl Valerate, 1 D bot. D		Tale Italian. 220 lb bgston 42.00	: 55.00
Methyl		: 15.00	Phenylpropylalcohol, 1 h bot h		Tale French, 220 h bagston 32.00	: 45.00
meuri	14.00	. 10.00	t nearly propyrateoriot, and bottom in	10.00 . 10.00	Tale, domestic ref., 100 lb bagston 20.00	: 30.00



Headquarters for

社议开议开议社议社议社议社议社

Oil of Lavender

We offer three qualities of unusual Odor Value and at prices unobtainable elsewhere

LAVENDER RICHE 45/50% NAT. ESTER LAVENDER FLEURS 35/40% NAT. ESTER LAVENDER FORTE 26/32% NAT. ESTER

Samples and Prices on request

BELGIAN TRADING COMPANY, Inc.

44 Whitehall St., New York

Chicago Office: Clarence Morgan & Co. 355 West Ontario St. Philadelphia Office: D. W. Stewart 2205 Walnut Street **HXHXHXHXHXHXHXHXH**

Imports of Chemicals, Dyestuffs, Drugs, etc.

Imports at New York Oct. 13 to Oct. 20

CIDS—Citric, 580 cks., Order, Rotterdam; Oxalic, 30 bbls., R. W. Greeff & Co., Rotterdam; Stearic, 3 cs., Hummel & Rob-inson, Rotterdam; 170 bgs., Lamont Corlis & Co.. Rotterdam; Tartaric, 219 cks., Order,

& Co.. Rotterdam; Tartaric, 219 cks., Order, Rotterdam

ALBUMEN—34 cs., T. M. Duche & Co., Hankow; 84 cs., A. Klipstein & Co. Hankow; 75 cs., P. Segaller, Tientsin

ALCOHOL—Butyl, 94 cks., Comm'l Solvents Corp., Bordeaux; Denatured, 60 drs., 65 bbls., C. Esteva, Arecibo

ALOES—188 cs., Selma Merc. Corp., Curacao; 60 cs., Suzarte & Whitney, Curacao; 40 cs., Selma Merc. Corp., Curacao

AMMONIUM—Muriate, 100 cks., C. de P. Field Co., Bristol

ARGOLS—134 bgs., Anglo So. Amer. Bk., Buenos Aires; Crude, 311 bgs., C. Pfizer & Co., Rotterdam

ARGOLS—434 bgs., Anglo So. Amer. Bk., Buenos Aires; Crude, 311 bgs., C. Pfizer & Co., Rotterdam
ARSENIC—167 cs., Frazar & Co., Vancouver, B. C.; 10 cs., Suzuki & Co., Kobe; 50 cks., Roessler & Hasslacher Chem. Co., Antwerp; White Powder, 137 cs., G. F. Taylor & Co., Vancouver, B. C.
BALSAM—17 cs., Order, Para

BARIUM-Chloride, 52 cks., Amer. Exp. Co., Antwerp; 52 cks., E. M. Sergeant & Co., Antwerp

BAY RUM-17 cs., Mahmac Fwdg. Co., St. Thomas: 10 cs., L. A. Yordan, Ponce BERRIES-Cubeb, 86 bgs., Winter Ross & Batavia

Co., Batavia

CAMPHOR—100 cs., A. Ochse Co., Hamburg;
45 bbls., Order, Hamburg; 10 cs., Victor
& Hosken, Canton; 100 cs., Eastman Kodak
Co., Shanghai; 20 cs., Wah Chang
Co., Shanghai; 200 cs., Dodwell & Co.,
Shanghai; 200 cs., Dodwell & Co.,
Shanghai; 200 cs., Hetherman & Co., Shanghai;
50 cs., Hetherman & Co., Shanghai;
50 cs., Importers Commission Co.,
Shanghai

CASEIN-750 bgs., Kalbfleisch Corp., Buenos

Aires; 220 bgs., E. B. Mums, St. Nazaire; 1,368 bxs., Order, Buenos Aires COLORS—9 cks., Bernard Judae & Co., Hamburg; 2 cks., Textile Alliance, Inc., Rotterdam; 89 cks., 2 drs., 16 cs., 4 pkgs., Order, Bombay; 1 cse., Order, Hamburg; 9 cks., Franklin Imp. & Exp. Co., Hamburg; 11 pgs., A. Hurst & Co., Hamburg; 12 cks., Franklin Imp. & Exp. Co., Hamburg; 12 cks., Amer. Exch. Nat. Bk., Genoa; 3 cks., Irving Bk.-Columbia Trust Co., Genoa; 20 cks., 1 cse., Order, Genoa; 1 cse., S. Blumenthal Co., Havre; 6 cs., B. F. Drakenfeld & Co., Havre; 14 cks., Ciba Co., Havre; 51 cks., Sandoz Chem. Wks., Havre; 1 drum, Irving Bk., Havre; 2 cks., Pennrich & Co., Havre; 36 cks., Ciba Co., Havre; 9 cks., Order, Havre; Alizarine, 7 cks., Kuttroff Fickhardt & Co., Hamburg; Bronze Powder, 20 cs., Gerstendorfer Bros., Bremerhaven; 16 cs., L. Uhfelder & Co., Hamburg; Tat, 5 cks., Irving Bk.-Columbia Trust Co., Hamburg; Coal Tar Preparations, 2 cks., 2 cs., Franklin Imp. & Exp. Co., Hamburg; Ultramarine Blue, 10 cks., J. Campbell, Antwerp; 30 bbls., Order, Antwerp CREOSOTE—2,211 tons, 8 cwt., 1 lb. in

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CREOSOTE—2,211 tons, 8 cwt., 1 lb. in
bulk, Order, Antwerp; 2,002 tons, 17 cwt.,
in bulk, Order, Sunderland; Coal Tar, 39
drs., Order, Hull
CYANIDE PRECIPITATES—22 cs., So.

drs., Order, Hull
CYANIDE PRECIPITATES—22 cs., So.
Amer. Development Co., Guayaquil
DEXTRINE—Potato, 25 bgs., Stein Hall &
Co., Rotterdam
DIVI DIVI—1,300 bgs., Selma Merc. Corp.,

Curacao ERGOT-30 bgs., Order. Rotterdam EPSOM SALTS-500 bgs., E. Suter & Co.,

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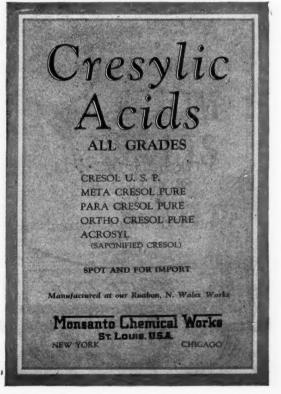
Co., Buenos Aires; 2,026 bxs., Bk. of N. Y. & Trust Co., Buenos Aires; 2,967 bgs., Order, Buenos Aires; 8,110 bgs., Tannin Corp., Buenos Aires; 14,123 bgs., Tannin Corp., Buenos Aires; 1,600 bgs., Fourth Atlantic Nat. Bk., Buenos Aires; 1,000 bgs., First Nat. Bk. Boston, Buenos Aires; Fl.OWERS—3 cs., Banque Belge Pour FETTALER, Anther Chris & Co., Antwerp FULLER'S EARTH—250 bgs., L. A. Salomon & Bros., Bristol; 400 bgs., R. J. Waddel & Co., Hull GELATIN—100 bls., Amer. Exp. Co., Antwerp; 200 bgs., Order, Bremerhaven; 174 bbls., 5 kgs., H. A. Sinclair, Rotterdam; 17 cks., Mech. & Metals Nat. Bk., Hamburg GLAUBER SALT—440 cks., Ellis Jackson &

GLAUBER SALT—440 cks., Ellis Jackson & Co., Hamburg; 250 cks., 500 sks., E. Suter Co., Hamburg

Co., Hamburg
GUMS—333 bgs., Order, Bombay; Asafoetida,
54 cs., Order, Bombay; Copal, 205 bgs., W.
Schall & Co., Antwerp; 776 bgs., Order,
Antwerp; 235 bgs., Order, Antwerp; 800
bkts., Innes & Co., Macassar; 366 bkts.,
France Campbell & Darling, Macassar; 371
bkts., L. C. Gillespic & Son, Macassar;
283 bkts., Kidder Peabody & Co., Macassar;
129 bkts., Importers Commission Co., Macassar;
513 bkts., Order, Macassar; Damar,
50 cs., Catz Amer. Co., Batavia;
100 cs., Catz Amer. Co., Batavia;
100 cs., Catz Amer. Co., Batavia;
100 cs., Conder, Bombay; Tragacanth, 102 bgs.,
25 cs., Goschens & Cunliffe, Bombay; 11
cs., Persian Produce Co., Bombay; 186 bgs.,
18 cs., Order, Bombay

GUM RESIN SOLUTION—45 bkts., Franklin Imp. & Exp. Co., Hamburg HARTSHORN SALT—45 cks., Kuttroff Pick-hardt & Co., Hamburg HELIOTROPIN—3 cs., Order, Hamburg





IRON OXIDE—77 cks., L. H. Butcher & Co., Liverpool; 4 cks., C. B. Chrystal & Co. Liverpool; 4 cks., C. B. Chrystal & Co. Liverpool
LEAVES—11 bgs., Nichols Rowland Co., Marseilles; Arabatus, 360 bgs., Order, Alicante; Patchouli, 38 bls., Brown Bros. & Co., Singapore; 96 bls., Order, Singapore; 35 bls., D. L. Silverman, Singapore; Sage, 14 bgs., Order, Bordeaux
LEECHES—7 tubs, C. Tenneriello, Naples; 7 tubs, C. Jacobellis, Naples
LITHOPONE—100 cks., Reichard Coulston, Inc., Rotterdam; 790 cks., Brown & Roese, Rotterdam; 40 cks., Benjamin Moore & Co., Rotterdam; 20 cks., E. M. & F. Waldo, Antwerp

Co., Rotterdam; 200 char, Hamburg
Antwerp
LYCOPODIUM—2 cs., Order, Hamburg
MENTHOL—5 cs., East River Nat. Bk.,
S uthampton; 50 cs., S. W. Bridges & Co.,
Kobe; 10 cs., I. Nonomiya, Kobe
MINERAL WHITE—1,200 bgs., Hammill &
Gillespie, Hull; 300 bgs., C. B. Chrystal &
Co., Hull; 200 bgs., Whittaker Clark &
Daniels, Hull
MUNDORALANS—11,693 pkts., Nat. City Bk.

MINERAL WHITE—1,200 bgs., Hammill & Gillespie, Hull; 300 bgs., C. B. Chrystal & Co., Hull; 200 bgs., Whittaker Clark & Daniels, Hull 200 bgs., Whittaker Clark & Daniels, Hull 200 bgs., Whittaker Clark & Daniels, Hull 400 bgs., Whittaker Clark & Daniels, Hull 400 bgs., Whittaker Clark & Calcutta; 266 bgs., Hammond & Carpenter Corp., Bombay; 1,985 bgs., Order, Genmbay; 2,000 pkts., Order, Calcutta NAPHTHALENE—1,895 bgs., Order, Antwerp; 78 bbls., E. M. Sergeant & Co., Glasgow NICKEL—Sulfate, 54 cks., Order, Swansea NUX VOMICA—Pickings, 160 bgs., Volkart Bros., Coconada OILS—Cod, 150 cks., Franklin Agencies, St. Johns, N. F.; 100 cks., Nat. Oil Prod. Co., St. Johns, N. F.; 100 cks., Nat. Oil Prod. Co., St. Johns, N. F.; Codliver, 50 cs., Schieffelin & Co., Christiania; 20 bbls., R. G. Seel, Christiania; 150 bbls., Order, Christiania; 10 cks., Mead Johnson & Co., St. Johns, N. F.; Haarlem, 2 cs., Lehn & Fink, Rotterdum; Linseed, 326 bbls., Nairn Lino Co., Hull; Olive, 100 cs., B. Bendin, Inc., Genoa; 150 cs., Yohalem & Diamand, Genoa; 75 cs., J. Petrocelli & Co., Genoa; 110 cs., A. Luccaro & Co., Genoa; 130 cs., Order, Genoa; Palm, 340 cks., African & Eastern

Trdg. Co., Hamburg; 160 cks., Order, Hamburg; 26 bbls., Order, Liverpool; Kernel, 400 bbls., Order, Chil; Rape, 450 bbls., Balfour Williamson & Co., Hull; 130 bbls., Bk. of Amer., Hull; 570 bbls., Order, Hull; Rosewood, 2 drs., Middleton & Co., St. Laurent; 6 drs., Order, St. Laurent; Sesame, 200 bbls., Bk. of Amer., Rotterdam; Wood, 260 tons, Balfour Williamson & Co., Hankow; 304 cks., G. W. S. Patterson, Hankow; 304 cks., G. W. S. Patterson, Hankow; 309 bbls., Suzuki & Co., Hankow; 300 bbls., Suzuki & Co., Horder, Mamburg; Angelica, 1 cse., Dodge & Olcott Co., Rotterdam; 1 drum, Richon & Mielin, Bordeaux; 3 cs., Order, Hamburg; Angelica, 1 cse., Dodge & Olcott Co., Rotterdam; Anise, 16 drs., Dodge & Olcott, Kobe; Caraway, 1 cse., A. A. Stilwell & Co., Rotterdam; Cassia, 10 drs., 1. R. Body & Co., Hongkong; Cifronella, 16 drs., Bk. of Amer., Colombo; 19 drs., Order, Colombo; Colra, 30 cks., Cook & Swann Co., Havre; Scks., Zinkersen & Co., Havre; Fennel, 2 cs., Huth Gillespie & Co., Dominica; Orange, 2 cs., Huth Gillespie & Co., Dominica; Petit Grain, 13 cs., Nat. Bk. of Commerce, Buenos Aires

Aires
OXIDE—Red. 105 cks., J. L. Smith, Hull
PARAPHENYLENE DIAMINE—11 cs.,
Franklin Imp. & Exp. Co., Hamburg
PHOSPHATE—1.250 bgs., Order, Antwerp
PLUMBAGO—154 bbls., Brown Bros. & Co.,
Colombo: 100 bbls., N. Y. Trust Co., Colombo
150 bbls., N. Y. Trust Co., Colombo
150 bbls., N. Y. Trust Co., Colombo
150 bbls., Order, Colombo

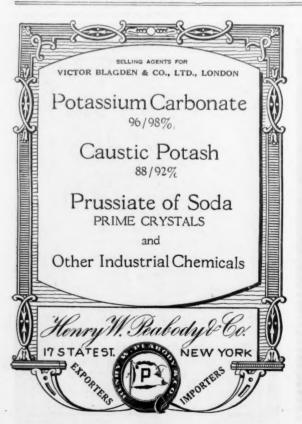
629 bbls., Order, Colombo
POTASSIUM SALTS—Carbonate, 28 cks. P.
H. Petrv'& Co., Bremen; Caustic, 75 drs.,
Peters White & Co., Hamburg; Chlorate,
1.000 bbls., Irving Bk., Hamburg; Muriate,
13.390 bgs., Societe Comm. Des Potasses
D'Alsace, Antwerp: Nitrate, 226 cks., Order,

Hamburg; Perchlorate, 113 bbls., Order, Swansea; Permanganate, 1 drum, Order, Liverpool; Prussiate, 15 cks., Innis Speiden & Co., Hamburg; Ferricyandie, 40 bbls., E. Suter & Co., Hamburg; OlickSLIVER—50 flasks, Order, Alicante; 312 flasks, Order, Genoa; OlickSLIVER—6 cs., R. W. Greeff & Co., Rotterdam; 50 cs., McKesson & Robbins, Rotterdam; 54 cs., F. B. Vandegrift & Co., Rotterdam; 54 cs., F. B. Vandegrift & Co., Rotterdam; 54 cs., F. B. Vandegrift & Co., Rotterdam; 54 cs., F. B. Vandegrift & Co.,

ROCHELLE SALTS-165 cks., Order, Rotter-

dam
ROOTS—Canagria, 39 bgs., F. B. Vandegrift
& Co., Tampico; 147 bgs., Order. Tampico;
Ipecac, 47 bls., Gaston & Co., Montevideo;
Jalap, 7 bgs., H. Triest & Co., Tampico;
Sarsaparilla, 20 bls., J. E. Kerr & Co.,
Kingston; Valerian, 20 bls., A. Chiris &
Co., Antwerp
SAFFRON—3 cs., Banque Beige Pour Picasagrafial cs., Order Alignoste.

Sarsaparilla, 20 bls., J. E. Kerr & Co., Kingston; Valerian, 20 bls., A. Chiris & Co., Antwerp
SAFFRON—3 cs., Banque Belge Pour l'Etranger, Alicante; 1 cse., Order, Alicante
SAFROL—1 drum, Order, Hamburg
SEED—150 sks., Order, Antwerp; 50 bgs., A. Stallman & Co., Hamburg; 38 bgs., S. D. Woodruff & Sons, Rotterdam; 214 bgs., W. Van Doorn, Rotterdam; 350 bgs., Baldwin Univ. Co., Hamburg; Annatto, 1 pkt., Order, Ponce; 18 bgs., J. E. Kerr & Co., Kingston; 1 bgs., Amer. Exch. Nat. Bk., Coconada; 100 bgs., Order, Batavia; Caraway, 109 bls., Standard Bk. of So. Africa, Rotterdam; 100 bgs., Spencer. Rotterdam; 100 bgs., C. E. Armstrong, Rotterdam; 75 bgs., Catz Amer. Co., Rotterdam; 300 bgs., Levy & Lewis Co., Rotterdam; Cardamom, 12 cs., C. L. Huisking, Inc., Central Amer. Ports; 31 cs., Order, Colomboy; 2,716 bgs., Order, Bombay; 5464 bgs., Volkart Bros., Coconada; 1,402 bgs., L. Dreyfus & Co., Coconada; Cumin, 100 bgs., Bk. of hem. Huntan Co., Bombay; 300 bgs., Bk. of Amer., Bombay; 165 bgs., Urleart Bros., Coconada; Cumin, 100 bgs., Bk. of hem., Bombay; 165 bgs., Order, Bombay; 90 bgs., Order, London; Fleze, St., 1012 bgs., 2,245,693 bgs., Order., Buenos Aires: Mus*ard, 100 bgs., J. Wertheimer & Sons, Rotterdam; 111



CLARENCE & COMPANY

Essential Oils Stearic Acids Italian Talcs Benzoic Acid Cream of Tartar Gum Tragacanth Vanilla Beans

French Vials Formaldehyde Benzoate of Soda Tartaric Acid **Gum Arabic** Gum Karaya Nutgalls

Industrial Chemicals of all kinds.

WIRE-WRITE or PHONE for our quotations

355 W.ONTARIO ST. SUPERIOR8870 bgs., Order, Hamburg; White, 100 bgs., Knickerbocker Mills Co., Rotterdam; 100 bgs., Wertheimer, Rotterdam; Poppy, 200 bgs., J. D. Nordlinger, Rotterdam; 100 bgs., 200 bls., French Kreme Co., Rotterdam; 300 bls., Sakol Co., Rotterdam; 200 bgs., E. H. Leggett & Co., Rotterdam; 100 bgs., F. H. Leggett & Co., Rotterdam; 100 bgs., E. Golding, Rotterdam; 300 bgs., 600 bls., W. Van Doorn, Rotterdam; 100 bgs., B. Golding. Rotterdam; 100 bgs., B. Golding. Rotterdam; 100 bgs., Crder, Rotterdam; Rape, 250 bls., Karr Ellis & Co., Rotterdam; 150 bgs., Amer. Exp. Co., Rotterdam

Co., Rotterdam; 150 bgs., Calcutta; 50 Rotterdam
SHELLAC-3,706 bgs., Order, Calcutta; 50 bgs., London & Braz. Bk., Calcutta; 100 bgs., Brit. Bk. of S. A., Calcutta; 350 bgs., Brown Bros. & Co., Calcutta; 300 bgs.,

First Nat. Bk. Boston, Calcutta; Garnet Lac, 65 bgs., Irving Bkc., Hamburg; 40 bgs., Kasebier Chatfield Shellac Co., Hamburg; 250 bgs., First Nat. Bk. Boston, Calcutta; 150 bgs., Brown Bros. & Co., Calcutta; 160 bgs., Brown Bros. & Co., Calcutta; 160 bgs., Order, Calcutta; Seedlac, 261 bgs., Order, Calcutta; Stick Lac, 74 bgs., N. Y. Trust Co., Havre Lac, 74 bgs., N. Y. Trust Co., Havre Lac, 74 lbgs., N. Y. Trust Co., Havre Lac, 74 lbgs., N. Y. Stiffde Ac. Coldentit, & Co. So.

SILVER-Sulfide, 4 cs., Goldsmith & Co., So.

SODIUM SALTS—Nitrate, 50 cks., Order, Hamburg; 11,144 bgs., du Pont de Nemours Co., Taltal; Prussiate, 23 cs., Order, Liverpool; Sulfite, 120 drs., R. F. Downing & Co., Bristol; 233 drs., C. S. Grant & Co., Hamburg

Inc., Rotterdam

THYMOL—Crystals, 6 cs., Order, Hamburg

UMBER-65 cks., L. H. Butcher & Co.,

WAX-9 bgs., Heilbronn Wolff & Co., So. Pac. Ports; 99 bgs., Order, Antwerp ZINC-Oxide, 54 cks., L. H. Butcher & Co., Liverpool; White, 20 cks., G. Euler & Co., Havre

Officers of the Chemical Section, National Safety Council, were elected as follows at the Safety Congress, Buffalo, N. Y., on Oct. 5: Chairman, A. L. Watson, Hooker Electrochemical Co., Niagara Falls, N. Y.; vicechairman, M. F. Crass, Grasselli Chemical Co., Cleveland, O.; secretary, I. D. McNaul, DuPont Fibre Silk Co., Buffalo.

C. W. Hill Chemical Co., Los Angeles, Cal., has changed its name to Los Angeles Chemical Co. No change has occurred in personnel. A. P. Hill is president, J. J. Haprov, vice president, H. N. Cory, secretary, and G. A. Nicholson, treasurer.

Several plants in Hudson and Bergen counties, N. J., have closed down, owing to shortage of water, but General Chemical Co., Maywood Chemical Co., and Corn Products Refining Co. are still operating.

Chemicals of Cyaco Chemical Co., damaged Oct. 16 at Kirwin Bros. storage warehouse, 32 Stone st., New York, were insured for \$6,500.

Two machines for the manufacture of liquid hydrogen have been installed in the University of California, Berkeley, at a cost of \$10,000. There are only five of these machines in the world and one other in the United States, at the Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C.

Canadian production of asbestos for the first six months of 1923 is officially reported to be 1,482,102 tons of which 1,297,243 tons were milled. Sales totaled 99.042 tons valued at \$3,574,762 against 56,846 tons valued at \$1,894,232 in 1922.

Frank Bornn, president of Bornn Distilling Co., New York, importers of bay rum, recently purchased the property of Francis D. Jackson at Plandome, L. I. for \$65,000.

H. G. Park has opened offices at 785 Market st., San Francisco, to deal in chemicals.

M. Demattia, Chemicals, New York, has changed the name to Sherlow Chemicals Co.

Blue Ridge Park Mica Co, will locate in Winston-Salem, N. C.

W. F. GEORGE CHEMICALS, INC.

General Offices: 42 Broadway, New York City Telephone Broad 5428

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BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

SELLING AGENCY and Importing House established seven years handling fine drugs and chemicals wishes to increase its line. If you are not represented in New York we can help market your goods. Correspondence invited. Box 471, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

PROFITABLE INVESTMENT—A going concern making fine chemicals requires \$10,000 additional capital to enlarge line. Will bear closest investigation of dividend records and management. Box 477, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SMALL CHEMICAL PLANT on railroad within twenty miles of New York wanted. Box 446, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SELLING AGENTS desiring to get in touch with manufacturers and manufacturers desiring to get in touch with selling agents—try a want ad on these pages. DRUG & CHEM-ICAL MARKETS is read all over the world.

SOUTH AMERICAN TRADE—American salesman who has had thorough experience in pharmaceutical, proprietary and toilet goods lines in various Central and South American countries will sail for Rio next month for an extended business trip to all leading cities of Brazil, Argentina and Chili, and will carry on straight commission basis high grade non-competing, goods in these fields. This is an opportunity to secure more than ordinary sales service in the rich South American export field. Box 483, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

PARTNER—Soap Manufacturer in New York City with a complete equipment plant seeks partnership with capital to invest. A big opportunity for a man interested in the soap manufacturing line. Box 459, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

CHEMICAL MANUFACTURER producing in own plant, which is owned free and clear several medicinal chemical specialties, will make goods for another firm or enter into partnership with firm without adequate plant facilities. Additional work for well equipped plant is sought; reasonable sum of additional eapital available to develop business. Box 468, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

AGENCIES WANTED—Local distributor of industrial chemicals will add two or three more manufacturers products to his list. Have established trade in New England and trained salesmen calling on trade. Box 481, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

ARTISTS FOR MANUFACTURERS—Clever layouts, snappy designs, photo retouching for advertisements, booklets, catalogues. JACOB STEIN STUDIO, 432 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.

WANT TO BUY a going chemical specialty or proprietary manufacturing business. No brokers, full particulars in confidence. Box 449, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SITUATIONS WANTED

CHEMICAL SALES MANAGER

Experienced, reliable, resourceful, with a proven record as a producer of business and manager of men will be open for a new connection January 1st. Box 476, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER—Graduate of M. I. T. with nine years practical experience seeks a position of responsibility with opportunities for advancement. Able to assume full charge of plant making coal-tar products. Box 479, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

PHARMACEUTICAL detail man of wide acquaintance, good address and experience is open for engagement. Box 484, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SECRETARY who has for five years been active assistant to large executives in the chemical industry, is familiar with the names and able to take rapid chemical dictation, seeks a position where such training will be valuable. Box 444, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

CHEMIST—Desires a position with a manufacturer or as assistant in a consulting, analytical and research laboratory. Has had ten years experience and holds degrees from American and German uni-ersities. Particularly well qualified in ferth zer, naval stores and vegetable oil work. Prefers to locate in the East or South. Box 440, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SALESMAN, has had several years experience with a large paint manufacturer and can show a consistent and successful sales record, is anxious to better his position and is open for an engagement as a branch or territory manager in this field. Thoroughly familiar with all details of administration and possesses exceptional ability to handle men effectively. At present employed and must give six week notice. Box 442, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SITUATIONS WANTED

CHEMIST—Recent graduate Berlin University seeks position as chemist or assistant in or out of New York City, or vicinity. American references and credentials of higher character. Box 485, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

A MAN who controls the job you want is most apt to be a regular reader of this column. For real positions in the chemical, drug, dye, oil and allied fields no medium brings better results than these Wants and Offers—5c a word.

B. S. CHEMICAL ENGINEER, 26, single, two years plant experience electrolytic Chlorine, one year sales same line; desires connection sales and technical service to consumers Alkali and Bleach. Box 473, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

COLLEGE GRADUATE just finishing with three years work in chemistry desires a connection in the sales or executive office of established firm in chemical industry. Good address, not afraid of work, has done some selling during vacations. Box 436, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SALES PROMOTION—Let me help make your sales letters, price lists, and advertising copy more productive of results. I know the echnical problems of chemical and dye selling, and have a successful record as an advertising adviser. Box 452, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

CHEMIST-Ph.D. degree and 15 years practical industrial experience particularly in fertilizer field, now engaged, but desires to make new connection where sound technique, good judgment, and executive ability has an opportunity to assume responsibility. Box 457, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

HELP WANTED

OIL IMPORTER wants salesman with experience in soap and margarine industries to take charge of new department. Box 435, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

MANAGER of Export Department wanted at once by a proprietary and toilet preparation house of highest standing. Familiarity with South and Central American conditions a prime requisite. Salary and share of department profits. Box 433, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

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HELP WANTED

CHEMICAL ENGINEER—An established chemical corporation requires the services of a high grade chemical engineer to take control of production in large plant in the Metropolitan district. Applications from thoroughly experienced men of proved competency only will be considered, and knowledge of industrial processes supported by forceful personality and executive ability is required. Salary commensurate. Box 478, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SALESMAN—Leading dye dealer wants an experienced man on salary and commission. Box 462, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

WANTED—Salesman, experienced in aromatic chemical and synthetic flower oils field, to sell, for an established manufacturing concern, a well advertised line of very fine products. Opportunity to assume charge of sales department. Box 472, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SHIPPING and ORDER CLERK wanted to take charge of New York warehouse. Write fully on experience and salary. Box 480, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

NOT WANTED—Order-takers; but we need two real salesmen with training in dye field, and are willing to pay well for men who can really develop business. Box 475, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

HELP WANTED

BUYER for a large manufacturer of toilet preparations. Must be familiar with both essential and fixed oils. Kindly give full particulars as to experience. Box 482, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

BRANCH MANAGER—A capable man experienced in wholesale drug business is wanted to take complete charge of branch office of an old jobbing house. Box 460, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

DRUGS & CHEMICALS

HAVE FOR DISPOSAL 150 tons Monohydrate of Soda, original production. Average analysis 74% Na₂CO₃, 6% NaCl. sample will be furnished. Request offers whole or part. Box 474, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

PLANT EQUIPMENT

WANTED three filter presses 30 x 30. Must not have been used for oils. Box 439, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

WANTED—Empty Carboys and drums any quantity, about 10,000 gallon steel tanks. Surplus chemicals. Globe Chemical Company, St. Bernard, Cincinnati, Ohio.

PLANT EQUIPMENT

FOR SALE—One Worthington pump 6 x 4 x 6. Also several storage tanks. Box 441, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

FOR SALE-500 gallon cedar tanks practically new in the Newark district. Dealers need not apply. Box 447, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

FOR SALE—Steel tanks capacity 500-1,000 gallons in good condition for storage purposes. Box 443, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

FOR SALE—Bradford type mill 28" stone made by Owille Simpson, in A-1 condition. Box 467, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

WANTED TO BUY-Laboratory apparatus, scales, platinum. Box 464, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

MISCELLANEOUS

ASK THE Bureau of Employment of the Chemists' Club (Agency) 52 East 41st Street, New York City. If you need a chemist (man or woman) for the laboratory or works. If you wish a position for the practice of your profession. No charge to employers Moderate fee to applicants. Prof. Herbert R. Moody, Chairman Club Committee.

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Buyers' Guide

For full particulars as to products and addresses see Index of Advertisers on the page following.

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Chilean Nitrate Committee
Church & Dwight
The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co.
Chas. Cooper & Co.
Diamond Alkali Co.
The Dow Chemical Co.
E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.
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E. I. du Pont de Co.
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Wm. S. Gray & Co.
Chas. Hardy & Ruperti, Inc.
Harshaw, Fuller & Goodwin Co.
Hans Hinrichs Chem. Corp.
Edward Hill's Son & Co.
T. C. Hoelzer Co.
Industrial Chemical Co.
International Salt Co.
Jayne & Sidebottom, Inc.

A. Klipstein & Co.
Chas. Lennig & Co., Inc.
Meteor Products Co.
Mathieson Alkali Works, Inc.
The Miner-Edgar Co.
Monsanto Chemical Works,
Clarence Morgan & Co.
The New Brunswick Chem. Co.
Orelite Co., Inc.
Henry W. Peabody & Co.
Nichols Copper Co.
Pialtz & Bauer
Roessler & Hasslacher Chem.
Seaboard Chemical Co.
Semet Solvay Co.
E. M. Sergeant Co.
Solvay Process Co.
Thorkildsen Mather Co.
Victor Chemical Works
The Warner Chemical Co.
Sinch Sergeant Co.
Solvay Process Co.
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Victor Chemical Works
The Warner Chemical Co.
Wishnick-Tumpeer Chemical Co.
Jacques Wolf & Co.

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Baird & McGuire
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Co.
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Antoine Chiris Co.
Commonwealth Chemical Corp.
Charles Cooper & Co.
Darco Sales Corp.
J. E. Dockendorff & Co.
The Dow Chemical Co.
Eastman Kodak Co.
Electro Bleaching Gas Co.
B. G. Feinberg
E. Fougera & Co.
The Fries & Fries Co.
William S. Gray & Co.
Chas. Hardy & Ruperti, Inc.
Harshaw, Fuller & Goodwin Co.
Hans Hinricha Chem. Corp.
T. C. Hoelzer Co.
Hoffman-La Roche Chem. Wks.
Industrial Chemical Co.
Jayne & Sidebottom, Inc.
A. Klipstein & Co.
Magnus, Mabee & Reynard, Inc.

Mallinckrodt Chemical Works
Mathicson Alkali Wks., Inc.
May & Baker
Meteor Products Co.
H. A. Metz & Co.
The Miner-Edgar Co.
Monsanto Chemical Works
Clarence Morgan & Co.
N. Y. Quinine & Chem. Works
The Norvell Chemical Corp.
Perth Amboy Chem. Wks.
Pfaltz & Bauer
Powers-Weightman-Rosengarten
B. Presman Company
Roessler & Hasslacher Chem. Co.
Rhodia Chem. Co.
C. P. Schlicke
Shima Trading Co., Ltd.
Thorkildsen-Mather Co.
Geo. Uhe
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U. S. Industrial Chemical Co.
Victor Chemical Works
Wilckes-Martin-Wilckes Co.
Wishnick-Tumpeer Chemical Co.

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Dow Chemical Co.
Dow Chemical Co.
Dye Products & Chem. Co.
E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.
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A. Klipstein & Co.
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The Heller & Merz Co.
H. A. Metz & Co.
National Aniline & Chemical Co.
The New Brunswick Chem. Co.
Newport Chemical Works
Pharma-Chemical Cop.
Southern Dyestuffs Co.
Wishnick-Tumpeer Chemical Co.
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Baird & McGuire
The Barrett Co.
Calco Chemical Co.
John Campbell & Co.
Dovan Chemical Co.
E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.
Dye Products & Chem. Co.
The Heller & Merz Co.

Jordan Coal Tar Products Co.
A. Klipstein & Co.
H. A. Metz & Company
Monsanto Chemical Works
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M. L. Barrett & Co.
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Hoffman-La Roche Chem. Wks.
H. R. Lathrop & Co.

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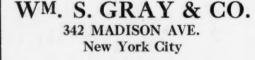
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